

PUNJAB FOOD DEPARTMENT PAPERS

MODEL PAPER 148

FOOD SAFETY OFFICER (BPS-17) Punjab Food Department - 2016

- Which one of the following forts was built by Emperor Zahir-ud-Din Babar?
(A) Balahissar Fort (B) Derwaer Fort
(C) Rohtas Fort (D) Attack Fort
- By education Mahatma Gandhi was a:
(A) Doctor (B) Sociologist
(C) Engineer (D) Lawyer
- Identify the correct spellings:
(A) Biscut (B) Biscuit
(C) Bescuit (D) Bescut
- Which one of the following is not a search engine?
(A) Google (B) MSN
(C) Windows (D) Yahoo
- Identify the correct sentence:
(A) I am sick by your lies
(B) I am sick from your lies
(C) I am sick of your lies
(D) I am sick to your lies
- Who invented a system of reading and writing for the blind?
(A) Hale Keller
(B) Sir Humphrey Davey
(C) Louis Braille
(D) Louis Pasteur
- Recently a British citizen of Pakistani origin won the elections for Mayor of London What is his name?
(A) Sadiq Khan
(B) Nazeer Ahmad
(C) Muhammad Pervez
(D) Sadiq Qureshi
- Who presided over the Simla Conference in 1945?
(A) Lord Minto (B) Lord Wavell
(C) Lord Irwin (D) Lord Mountbatten
- In April 2014 a terrorist group kidnapped nearly 280 school girls in Nigeria. Name the group
(A) Al-Shabab (B) Al-Qaeda
(C) Boko Haram (D) Daesh (ISIS)
- What is the synonym of ABRIDGE?
(A) To cross a bridge (B) To build a bridge
(C) To shorten (D) To discover
- Which one of the following is the title of Hazrat Musa (A.S)?
(A) Roohullah (B) Safiullah
(C) Khalilullah (D) Kalemullah
- Who was the first Muslim personality to be awarded the Nobel Prize?
(A) Yasser Araft (B) Dr. Abdul Salam
(C) Nebib Mahfouz (D) Anwar Sadat
- Who was the first President of Pakistan?
(A) Ayub Khan
(B) Liaquat Ali Khan
(C) Ghulam Muhammad
(D) Iskandar Mirza
- FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization) of the United Nations, has its headquarter in
(A) Rome, Italy
(B) New York, USA
(C) Geneva, Switzerland
(D) Vienna, Austria
- Name the Minister of Education of Punjab?
(A) Rana Mashood Ahmad Khan
(B) Khwaja Salman Rafiq
(C) Raja Ashfaq Sarwar
(D) Khizar Hayat Gondal
- What is the antonym of DWARF?
(A) Small (B) Short
(C) Giant (D) Dangerous

17. From which university did Allama Iqbal obtain his Ph.D degree?
 (A) Oxford (B) Cambridge
 (C) Munich (D) Heidelberg
18. In the field of information technology what does URL stand for?
 (A) Uniform Resource Locator
 (B) Universal Resource Locator
 (C) Uniform Resource Link
 (D) United Resource Link
19. To 'clip the wind' means to
 (A) Put pressure (B) Remove limits
 (C) Reduce Length (D) Put limits
20. 'Synagogue' is a place of worship for the
 (A) Buddhists (B) Zoroastrians
 (C) Jews (D) Roman Catholics
21. Identify the correct sentence
 (A) His silence tantamount to refusal
 (B) His silence is tantamount to refusal
 (C) His silence is tantmouting to refusal
 (D) His silence tantamounted to refusal
22. The famous Badshai Mosque located in Lahore was built by
 (A) Jahangir (B) Shahjahan
 (C) Akbar (D) Aurangzeb
23. Who is the current Chief of Air Staff of Pakistan?
 (A) Air Chief Marshal Sohail Aman
 (B) Air Chief Marshal Tahir Rafiq Butt
 (C) Air Chief Marshal Kaleem Saddat
 (D) Air Chief Marshal Rao Qamar Suleman
(Incumbent Chief of Air Staff of Pakistan is Air Chief Marshal Zaheer Ahmad Babar, since 19 March 2021)
24. Who became the Governor of Pakistan after Khwaja Nazimuddin?
 (A) Liaquat Ali Khan
 (B) Ghulam Muhammad
 (C) Muhammad Ali Bogra
 (D) Ch. Muhammad Ali
25. Name the pamphlet issued by Chaudhry Rehmat Ali in which the name Pakistan was used for the first time
 (A) Do or Die
 (B) Independent Homeland
 (C) Freedom or Death
 (D) Now or Never
26. Who was the world's first female Prime Minister of a country?
 (A) Margaret Thatcher
 (B) Sriamvo Bandaranaike
 (C) Golda Meir
 (D) Indira Gandhi
27. What does LED stand for?
 (A) Low Emission Diode
 (B) Light Emitting Diode
 (C) Low Energy Device
 (D) Laser Energy Display
28. Myopia can be corrected by using which kind of lens?
 (A) Convex (B) Concave
 (C) Diverging (D) None of these
29. What is the significance of 17 August 1988 in Pakistan's history?
 (A) Prime Minister Junejo's Government was dismissed
 (B) Gen.; Zia-ul-Haq died in a plane crash
 (C) No confidence motion against Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto was moved
 (D) Parliament was dissolved by General Zia-ul-Haq
30. Recently Pakistani born British boxer, Amir Khan lost a boxing bout against Saul Canelo Alvarez. To which country does Canelo Alvarez belong?
 (A) USA (B) UK
 (C) Brazil (D) Mexico
31. Which sea did Hazrat Musa (A.S) cross by miraculously parting the water?
 (A) Red Sea (B) Mediterranean Sea
 (C) Caspian Sea (D) Bering Sea
32. Identify the correct spellings
 (A) Beginning (B) Begnning
 (C) Biginning (D) Beggining
33. Aung San Suu Kyi is a prominent political leader of which country?
 (A) Philippines (B) Myanmar
 (C) Laos (D) Vietnam
34. Which punctuation mark is used after strong emotional words?
 (A) Hyphen (B) Exclamation
 (C) Mark Colon (D) Apostrophe
35. What is the antonym of FRAIL?
 (A) Strong (B) Weak
 (C) Secure (D) Frivolous
36. When was Hajj declared as obligatory (Farz)?
 (A) 7 Hijri (B) 8 Hijri
 (C) 9 Hijri (D) 10 Hijri
37. Which part of the human body is affected by Hepatitis C?
 (A) Kidneys (B) Spleen
 (C) Pancreas (D) Liver
38. Which country would host the next (19th) SAARC Summit Conference?
 (A) Bangladesh (B) Sri Lanka
 (C) Pakistan (D) Maldives
39. On the following which one is not an input device?
 (A) Keyboard (B) Mouse
 (C) Joystick (D) Monitor
40. A person whose attitude is 'Eat, drink and be merry' is called a/an
 (A) Cynic (B) Stoic
 (C) Epicurean (D) Capitalist
41. The sun is a
 (A) Planet (B) Meteor

- (C) Star (D) Asteroid
42. What was the significance of the annual session of All India Muslim League held in December 1930?
 (A) Quaid-e-Azam presented his fourteen points
 (B) Allama Iqbal delivered Allahad address
 (C) Lahore Resolution was drafted
 (D) Quaid-e-Azam elected as permanent President of Muslim League
43. Of the following plays, which play has not been written by William Shakespeare?
 (A) As you like it
 (B) King Lear
 (C) Comedy of Errors
 (D) Arms and the Man
44. In June 2014, King Juan Carlos I abdicated in favour of his son Felipe VI. To which country did King Juan Carlos belong?
 (A) Spain (B) Belgium
 (C) The Netherlands (D) Monaco
45. Hazrat Hamza (R.A) was martyred in the battle of
 (A) Khandaq (B) Uhad
 (C) Badr (D) Tobuk
46. From the following personalities indicate the one who represented Pakistan at the United Nations as permanent Representative
 (A) Dr. Waheed Qureshi
 (B) Patras Bukhan
 (C) Faiz Ahmad Faiz
47. What is the synonym of DITTO?
 (A) Fake (B) Genuine
 (C) The same (D) The opposite
48. 'Reconstruction of Religious Thought in Islam' was written by
 (A) Syed Ameer Ali
 (B) Allama Iqbal
 (C) Maulana Maudoudi
 (D) Dr. M. M. Shareef
49. Panama Canal connects
 (A) Red Sea and Mediterranean Sea
 (B) Indian Ocean and Pacific Ocean
 (C) Atlantic Ocean and Pacific Ocean
 (D) Dead Sea and Caspian Sea
50. The terrorists attack on Army Public School, Peshawar, took place on
 (A) 11 December, 2014
 (B) 16 December, 2014
 (C) 20 December, 2014
 (D) 8 December, 2014
51. Who was the commander of the infidels in the Battle of Uhad?
 (A) Abu Lahab (B) Abu Sufyan
 (C) Abu Jahl (D) Utba
52. Plutocracy is a form of Government run by
 (A) Technocrats
 (B) Dictators
 (C) The Wealthy
 (D) Elected Representatives
53. The recently concluded T-20 Cricket World Cup was won by
 (A) India (B) West Indies
 (C) Australia (D) New Zealand
54. The first Noble Prize to be awarded to a South Asian was awarded to
 (A) Rabindranath Tagore
 (B) Sir C.V. Raman
 (C) Dr. Abdul Salam
 (D) Dr. Amartya Sen
55. Identify the plural of Thief
 (A) Thiefs (B) Thieves
 (C) Thiefes (D) Theeves
56. Islam was explicitly declared as the State religion of Pakistan under the constitution of
 (A) 1958
 (B) 1962
 (C) 1973
 (D) Constituent Assembly
57. To which country did the autocratic leader, Ferdinand Marcos, belong?
 (A) Philippines (B) Indonesia
 (C) Cambodia (D) Fiji
58. The plural of sheep is
 (A) Sheeps (B) Sheepes
 (C) Sheeves (D) Sheep
59. The Mausoleum of Khawja Ghulam Farid is located in
 (A) Pakpattan (B) Mithankot
 (C) Bahawalpur (D) Multan
60. 'To hit the road' means to
 (A) Finnish Journey (B) Start Journey
 (C) Dismantle a road (D) Repair a road
61. Sir Richard Burton¹ was a famous
 (A) Scientist (B) Poet
 (C) Politician (D) Actor
62. Which one of the following countries opposed Pakistan's membership of the United Nations Organization?
 (A) India (B) Israel
 (C) Mauritius (D) Afghanistan
63. Identify the correct spellings:

¹ Sir Richard Francis Burton KCMG FRGS (19 March 1821 – 20 October 1890) was an English explorer, geographer, translator, writer, soldier, orientalist, cartographer, ethnologist, spy, linguist, poet, fencer, and diplomat. He was famed for his travels and explorations in Asia, Africa and the Americas, as well as his extraordinary knowledge of languages and cultures. According to one count, he spoke 29 European, Asian and African languages. He was the first European to discover Lake Tanganyika and to penetrate hitherto-forbidden Muslim cities. He published 43 volumes on his explorations and almost 30 volumes of translations, including an unexpurgated translation of The Arabian Nights.

- (A) Bureucracy (B) Bureaucracy
(C) Beaucracy (D) Boreauracy
64. In a computer what does OS stand for?
(A) Optical Sensibility
(B) Order of Significance
(C) Operating System
(D) Organized Software
65. What was Cleopatra?
(A) A Greek goddess
(B) A Roman Empress
(C) A Queen of ancient Iran
(D) A Queen of ancient Egypt
66. Who among the Pious Caliphs (Khulfa-e-Rasheen) died a natural death?
(A) Hazrat Abu Bakr (R.A)
(B) Hazrat Umar (R.A)
(C) Hazrat Usman (R.A)
(D) Hazrat Ali (R.A)
67. What is the capital of Kazakhstan?
(A) Bishkek (B) Almaty
(C) Tashkent (D) Astana
68. What is the antonym of CONFESS?
(A) Refuse (B) Contest
(C) Contend (D) Deny
69. 'Genoa' is a seaport of
(A) Switzerland (B) Sweden
(C) France (D) Italy
70. Who wrote the important scientific book "The Origin of Species"?
(A) Albert Einstein (B) Charles Darwin
(C) Sir Isaac Newton (D) Bertrand Russel
71. Prince Dara Shikoh, son of Emperor Shahjahan, was a disciple of
(A) Shah Abdul Latif Bhital
(B) Shah Waliullah Muhaddith
(C) Mullah Shah
(D) Khwaja Ghulam Farid
72. 'Ornithology' is the scientific study of
(A) Reptiles (B) Birds
(C) Amphibians (D) Organic Fertilizers
73. Where is Hazrat Nizmuddin Aulia buried?
(A) Ajmer Sharif (B) Dehli
(C) Agra (D) Multan
74. What is the synonym of INDOLENT?
(A) Lazy (B) Diligent
(C) Busy (D) Hardworking
75. Which political office does Joe Biden hold in the USA?
(A) Secretary of Defence
(B) Attorney General
(C) National Security Advisor
(D) Vice president
76. 'To flex ones muscles' means to
(A) Show interest
(B) Punish
(C) Show Weakness
(D) Show Strength/Authority
77. The Objectives Resolution was adopted by the _____ in 1949?
(A) National Assembly
(B) Senate
(C) Constituent Assembly
(D) Federal Cabinet
78. Which Surah in the Holy Quran gives a list of category of person eligible to receive Zakat?
(A) Al Baqarah (B) Al Maida
(C) Tauba (D) Al Nissa
79. In the marathon race athletes have to cover a distance of _____ miles
(A) 15 (B) 19
(C) 26 (D) 28
80. When did Pakistan join NAM (Non Aligned Movement) as full member?
(A) 1961 (B) 1972
(C) 1979 (D) 1987
81. Wakhan Corridor is located to the _____ of Pakistan
(A) West (B) East
(C) North (D) South-West
82. What represents the shortest pause in a sentence?
(A) Comma (B) Hyphen
(C) Semicolon (D) Colon
83. Where is Baba Bulleh Shah buried?
(A) Uch (B) Multan
(C) Kasur (D) Pakpattan
84. What is the opposite of UTOPIA?
(A) Reality (B) Conceptual
(C) Nebulous (D) Ancient
85. What does RAM in a computer stand for?
(A) Read and Memorize
(B) Random Access Memory
(C) Random Access Module
(D) Random Access Modern
86. Maulana Muahammad Ali Jauhar in 1911 started publishing newspaper "Comrade" from
(A) Delhi (B) Bombay
(C) Calcutta (D) Lahore
87. Watergate Scandal led to the downfall of which president of the United States?
(A) Jimmy Carter
(B) Theodore Rossevelt
(C) Richard Nixon
(D) Lydon Johnson
88. In which city is the famous Al Azhar University located?
(A) Damascus (B) Cairo
(C) Amman (D) Jeddah
89. Ayat Al Kursi is part of which Surah in the Holy Quran?
(A) Al Imran (B) Al Baqarah
(C) Al Anfal (D) Al Nissa
90. Which is the outermost planet in our solar system?
(A) Pluto (B) Uranus

- (C) Mercury (D) Saturn
91. آواز دوست کس کی تصنیف ہے؟
 (A) سردار اسلم سکھیرا (B) مسعود مفتی
 (C) مختار مسعود (D) مستنصر حسین تارڑ
92. ڈرامہ انارکلی کس نے لکھا؟
 (A) امتیاز علی تاج (B) آغا حشر
 (C) ضیاع الحق قاسمی (D) امجد نیازی
93. شیشے میں اتارنا، اس محاورے کا کیا مطلب ہے؟
 (A) گریدہ کر لینا (B) دشمن بنانا
 (C) بے وقوف بنانا (D) مہمان بنانا
94. اقبال کی فارسی نظم ”اسرار خودی“ کا انگریزی ترجمہ کرنے کا کیا؟
 (A) پروفیسر براون (B) پروفیسر نکلسن
 (C) پطرس بخاری (D) پروفیسر آرنلڈ
95. یادوں کی بارات کس کی سوانح حیات ہے؟
 (A) پروین شاکر (B) جوش ملیح آبادی

- (C) احسان دانش (D) احمد ندیم قاسمی
96. تجاہل عارفانہ سے کیا مراد ہے؟
 (A) صوف بزرگ (B) جاہل آدمی
 (C) غفلت سے کام لینا (D) جان بوجھ کر انجان بننا
97. حسن کوزہ مگر کس کی نظم ہے؟
 (A) ناصر کاظمی (B) ن-م-راشد
 (C) امجد اسلام امجد (D) مجید امجد
98. اداس نسلیں کس کا ناول ہے؟
 (A) اشفاق احمد (B) ممتاز مفتی
 (C) مختار مسعود (D) عبداللہ حسین
99. ”برگ نے“ کس کا شعری مجموعہ ہے؟
 (A) ن-م-راشد (B) فیض احمد فیض
 (C) مجید احمد (D) ناصر کاظمی
100. ہارٹ ایک کس شاعر کی نظم ہے؟
 (A) ن-م-راشد (B) میراجی
 (C) ناصر کاظمی (D) فیض احمد فیض

Answer Key

1. A	14. A	27. B	40. C	53. B	66. A	79. C	92. A
2. D	15. A	28. B	41. C	54. A	67. D	80. C	93. A
3. B	16. C	29. B	42. B	55. B	68. D	81. C	94. B
4. C	17. C	30. D	43. D	56. C	69. D	82. A	95. B
5. C	18. A	31. A	44. A	57. A	70. B	83. C	96. D
6. C	19. D	32. A	45. B	58. D	71. C	84. A	97. B
7. A	20. C	33. B	46. B	59. B	72. B	85. B	98. D
8. B	21. B	34. B	47. C	60. B	73. B	86. C	99. D
9. C	22. D	35. A	48. B	61. B	74. A	87. C	100. D
10. C	23. A	36. C	49. C	62. D	75. D	88. B	
11. D	24. B	37. D	50. B	63. B	76. D	89. B	
12. D	25. D	38. C	51. B	64. C	77. C	90. A	
13. D	26. B	39. D	52. C	65. D	78. C	91. C	



MODEL PAPER 149

ASSISTANT FOOD CONTROLLER (BPS-15) in the Punjab Food Department (2014)

1. At the time of Independence (1947), which was the biggest city of Pakistan (Population wise)?
 (A) Dacca (B) Karachi
 (C) Lahore (D) Rawalpindi
2. The 1st head of the State who visited Pakistan

- after the independence was:
 (A) King Saud of Saudi Arabia
 (B) President Soekarno of Indonesia
 (C) President Truman of the U.S
 (D) Reza Shah Pahlavi-the Shah of Iran
3. The founder of "Khaksar Tehrik" was:

- (A) Syed Abu-ala-Maududi
(B) Allama Anayat Ullah Mashraqi
(C) Maulana Abu-al-Kalam Azad
(D) Syed Atta-Ullah Shah Bukhari
4. To whom Lord Mountbatten succeeded as Governor General of India?
(A) Lord Wavell (B) Lord Curzon
(C) Lord Cornwallis (D) Lord Mayo
5. The only Vice President in the history of Pakistan was:
(A) Skindar Mirza
(B) Ghulam Muhammad
(C) Nur-ul-Amin
(D) Lord Mayo
6. Pakistan hosted the 2nd Islamic Summit in:
(A) 1969 (B) 1974
(C) 1979 (D) 1981
7. "Trillion" stands for:
(A) One hundred million
(B) One thousand million
(C) One hundred billion
(D) One thousand billion
8. "India Wins Freedom" was written by:
(A) Maulana Abu-al-Kalam Azad
(B) Jawahar Lal Nehru
(C) Rajendra Prasad
(D) Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar
9. Who was the first female Prime Minister:
(A) Benazir Bhutto of Pakistan
(B) Margret Thatcher of England
(C) Sirimavo Bandaranaike of Sri Lanka
(D) Golda Meir of Israel
10. "Majlis" is the Parliament of
(A) Saudia Arabia (B) UAE
(C) Kuwait (D) Iran
11. Abdullah Hussain is a famous Urdu
(A) Novelist
(B) Poet
(C) Short story writer
(D) Critic
12. In which year Pakistan won the T-20 Cricket World Cup?
(A) 2009 (B) 2010
(C) 2007 (D) 2012
13. "Heathrow International Airport" is in:
(A) New York (B) London
(C) Paris (D) Rome
14. Before the 1st World War; which country used to be called the "Sick Man of Europe"?
(A) Italy (B) Greece
(C) Turkey (D) Holland
15. Which of the following items is a source of "proteins"?
(A) Sugar (B) Butter
(C) Meat (D) All of them
16. Alexander invaded India in:
(A) 527 B.C. (B) 424 B.C.
(C) 326 B.C. (D) 261 B.C.
17. The Pakistan Poet who was awarded "Lenin Prize" by the USSR; was:
(A) Faiz Ahmad Faiz
(B) Muneer Niazi
(C) Habib Jalib
(D) Ahmed Faraz
18. Which is the highest forex-earner for Pakistan out of following commodities?
(A) Sugar (B) Wheat
(C) Cotton (D) Rice
19. The Capital of Morocco is:
(A) Khartoum (B) Rabat
(C) Alexander (D) Ismailia
20. Which is the National Flower of Pakistan?
(A) Tulip (B) Rose
(C) Jasmine (D) None of them
21. During Bush Junior's presidency; Dick Cheney was America's:
(A) Chairman
(B) Vice President
(C) Secretary of Defence
(D) Attorney General
22. "Davis Cup" is associated with:
(A) Lawn Tennis (B) Squash
(C) Badminton (D) Polo
23. "Shakira" is famous for:
(A) Singing (B) Acting
(C) Athelatics (D) TV hosting
24. Amercians have planned to exit from Afghanistan in;
(A) 2013 (B) 2014
(C) 2015 (D) 2016
25. "Myanmar" is the new name of:
(A) Chilli (B) Burma
(C) Niger (D) Tibet
26. "Think and Grow Rich" was written by:
(A) Dale Carnegie
(B) Stephen Covey
(C) Anthony Robbins
(D) Napoleon Hill
27. The H.Q. of the International Court of Justice is at:
(A) The Hague (B) Geneva
(C) Rome (D) London
28. Which of the following is a Human Rights Organization?
(A) Amnesty International
(B) The Arab League
(C) The Organization of African Unity
(D) Gulf Co-operation Council
29. Pakistan purchased Gawader from:
(A) Iran (B) UAE
(C) Qatar (D) Oman
30. Captain Cook² was a famous:

² Captain James Cook (7 November 1728 – 14 February 1779) was a **British explorer**, navigator, cartographer, and captain in the Royal Navy. Cook made detailed maps of Newfoundland prior to making three voyages to the Pacific Ocean, during which he achieved the first

- (A) Australian Navigator
(B) American Military Commander
(C) Italian Pilot
(D) English Scientist
31. "People's Republic of China" was founded in:
(A) 1947 (B) 1948
(C) 1949 (D) None of them
32. A movie on Qaid-e-Azam's life titled "JINNAH" was produced by:
(A) Ikram Sehgal (B) Faiz Ahmed Faiz
(C) Suhrab Moodi (D) Akbar S. Ahmed
33. "KGB" is the intelligence Agency of:
(A) Russia (B) France
(C) Germany (D) England
34. The "Bala Hissar" Fort is situated in which city:
(A) Quetta (B) Peshawar
(C) Multan (D) Delhi
35. "Homer" was a great poet of ancient:
(A) Rome (B) Persia
(C) Greece (D) Egypt
36. Who caused the Communist Revolution of Russia in 1917?
(A) Trotsky (B) Stalin
(C) Beria (D) Lenin
37. "Param Vir Chakra" is the highest military award of:
(A) Nepal (B) Thailand
(C) Burma (D) India
38. "Formosa" is the old name of:
(A) Tibet (B) Taiwan
(C) Brazil (D) Poland
39. The currency of Australia is:
(A) Dollar (B) Pound
(C) Schilling (D) France
40. "Accra" is the capital of:
(A) Uganda (B) Tanzania
(C) Zambia (D) Ghana
41. The "Law of Gravitation" was discovered by:
(A) Isaac Newton
(B) Thomas Alva Edison
(C) Hugo Chavez
(D) Guglielmo Marconi
42. "Meteorology" is the Science of:
(A) Earth quakes (B) Weather
(C) Space (D) Marine Life
43. Pakistan's largest Industry is:
(A) Sugar (B) Automobile
(C) Cement (D) Textile
44. "Hyde Park" London is renowned for:
(A) Being residence of England's Foreign Minister
(B) Beautiful red roses
(C) Liberty of speech
(D) Unique design
45. "Union Jack" is the flag of which country?
(A) France (B) England
(C) Netherland (D) Germany
46. The World's tallest building is:
(A) Empire State Building, New York
(B) Habib Banka Plaza, Karachi
(C) Burj-ul-Arab, Dubai
(D) Kaulalampur Tower, Malaysia
47. In sequence of American Presidents, Abraham Lincoln stands at which number?
(A) 10th (B) 16th
(C) 20th (D) 22nd
48. King Abdullah bin Hussain is the ruler of:
(A) Saudi Arabia (B) Morroco
(C) Jordan (D) All of them
49. In terms of population which is the biggest continent out of the following:
(A) Asia (B) Europe
(C) South America (D) North America
50. Last FIFA World Cup was won by:
(A) France (B) Germany
(C) Spain (D) Italy
51. General Abdul Fateh-al-Sisi is:
(A) A hero of Algerian war of Independence
(B) The new president of Sudan
(C) The head of UNO's peace keeping force in Africa
(D) The Military Chief of Egypt who lead the recent coup
52. Which country celebrated 60th anniversary of "War Victory" against the U.S on 27th July, 2013?
(A) Vietnam (B) South Africa
(C) Cuba (D) North Korea
53. Joe Biden³ is:
(A) America's Vice President
(B) Italy's Prime Minister
(C) Germany's Chancellor
(D) World Bank's President
54. The Punjab Govt and China Power International Holding (CPIH) have signed a MOU for setting up four coal power plants at:
(A) Nur Shah; Sahiwal
(B) Gadani; Baluchistan
(C) Kotli; Azad Kashmir
(D) Lyari; Karachi
55. Aung San Suu Kyi is:
(A) Myanmar's Political leader
(B) Japan's Modia person
(C) Korea's business tycoon
(D) Singapore's Foreign Minister

recorded European contact with the eastern coastline of Australia and the Hawaiian Islands, and the first recorded circumnavigation of New Zealand.

³ Joseph Robinette Biden Jr. (born November 20, 1942) is current president of the United States. Biden defeated president Donald Trump in the 2020 presidential election. A member of the Democratic Party, Biden served as the 47th vice president during the Obama administration from 2009 to 2017. He represented Delaware in the United States Senate from 1973 to 2009.

56. How many articles are essential to believe in for a Muslim?
 (A) 1 (B) 5
 (C) 11 (D) 7
57. "Usher" means:
 (A) One tenth (B) One fifth
 (C) One third (D) Noen out of them
58. Minimum Usherworthy production in case of well-irrigated land is:
 (A) 15 maunds (B) 24 maunds
 (C) 28 maunds (D) 21 maunds
59. "Zabur" (Psalms) was revealed upon:
 (A) Hazrat Dawood (B) Hazrat Ibrahim
 (C) Hazrat Ishaq (D) Hazrat Ismael
60. Which "Surah" was the first to be revealed upon Holy Prophet Muhammad?
 (A) Surah "al-Alaq" (B) Surah "al-Fataha"
 (C) Surah "al-Falak" (D) Surah "al-Nisa"
61. Which is the longest Surah in the Holy Quran?
 (A) Surah "al-Nas"
 (B) Surah "Yasin"
 (C) Surah al-Ikhlās"
 (D) Surah "al-Baqarah"
62. The Holy Quran was first translated in:
 (A) English (B) Latin
 (C) Persian (D) Greek
63. How many years of his life, the Holy Prophet Muhammad spent in Mecca?
 (A) 35 (B) 53
 (C) 63 (D) 55
64. As per Islamic vocabulary, "FIQHA" means:
 (A) Islamic Jurisprudence
 (B) Study of holy Prophet's life
 (C) Analysis of Islam's effects on Humanity
 (D) Social system of Islam
65. "INFAQ" is:
 (A) Fighting with enemies of Islam
 (B) Spending wealth for the cause of Islam
 (C) Travelling from Mecca to Medina
 (D) Delivering a speech against infidals
66. The highest number of "Ahadith" was narrated by:
 (A) Hazrat Zaid-bin Harris
 (B) Hazrat Bilal Habshi
 (C) Hazrat Abu Huraira
 (D) Hazrat Aysha Siddiqā
67. The last month of the Islamic Calendar is:
 (A) Safar (B) Shawal
 (C) Jamadi-ul-Awwal (D) Zilhaj
68. The Battle of Badr was fought in:
 (A) 624 A.D. (B) 625 A.D.
 (C) 623 A.D. (D) 627 A.D.
69. Al-Razi was a great:
 (A) Poet (B) Historian
 (C) Physician (D) Painter
70. The last Umayyad Caliph was:
 (A) Marwan-II (B) Suleman
 (C) Hasham (D) Walid
71. The constitution reforms introduced in British India in the year 1909 are generally referred as:
 (A) Minto-Morley Reforms
 (B) Montagu-Chemsford reforms
 (C) The Communal Award
 (D) None of them
72. How many Round Table Conferences were held in London to resolve the Hind-Muslim differences?
 (A) 3 (B) 2
 (C) 1 (D) 5
73. Mr. Jinnah presented his 14-Points in March 1929, in Muslim League's session held at:
 (A) Lucknow (B) Bombay
 (C) Lahore (D) Delhi
74. Since Independence, the first object of Pakistan's foreign policy have been:
 (A) Propagation of Islam
 (B) Economic uplift
 (C) Close relations with the U.S.
 (D) Integrity of the country
75. The first pact which Pakistan signed with America was:
 (A) CENTO (B) SEATO
 (C) Baghdad pact (D) Defence Pact
76. The Second Five-Year Plan was implemented during:
 (A) 1970 - 75 (B) 1955 - 60
 (C) 1965 - 70 (D) 1960 - 65
77. In 1960, which pact/treaty was signed by Pakistan?
 (A) RCD
 (B) Indus Water Treaty
 (C) CENTO
 (D) Taskant Agreement
78. The book titled "From Jinnah to Zia" was written by:
 (A) Gen. K. M Arif
 (B) Hasan Askari Rizvi
 (C) Justice Muneer Ahmed
 (D) Rafi Raza
79. Russia withdrew from the Afghanistan under the:
 (A) Moscow Agreement
 (B) Kabul Agreement
 (C) Islamabad Treaty
 (D) Geneva Accord
80. Which International dignity has recently offered mediation between Pakistan and India on Kashmir?
 (A) The Prime Minister of Russia
 (B) The King of Bhutan
 (C) The Secretary General of UNO
 (D) The Foreign Minister of the U.S
81. "Animosity" is most opposite to:
 (A) Love (B) Grudge
 (C) Enmity (D) Embarrassment
82. A person who looks at the brighter side of things is an/a:
 (A) Pessimist (B) Fatalist
 (C) Optimist (D) Philanthropist

83. Famous character "David Copperfield" was the creation of:
 (A) Charles Dickens
 (B) Arthur Conan Doyle
 (C) Jane Austen
 (D) Thomas Hardy
84. Which word is wrongly spelt in the following:
 (A) Medieval (B) Bureaucracy
 (C) Inhabitants (D) Infrastructure
85. To point the finger of scorn to someone is to treat him with:
 (A) Disdain (B) Kindness
 (C) Indifferentism (D) Respect
86. Charles Dicken's novel "Tale of the two Cities" has been written in the background of:
 (A) Renaissance
 (B) French Revolution
 (C) Age of reason
 (D) Communist Movement
87. "To carry the day" means:
 (A) To be extremely busy
 (B) To win a victory
 (C) To complete the assignment before the sunset
 (D) To enjoy a pleasant weather
88. Who is a "proletarian"?
 (A) A member of lowest class of community
 (B) A writer of exceptional skills
 (C) An obscure character of history
 (D) An obsessed lover
89. To be green-eyed means to be:
 (A) Mad (B) Sad
 (C) Jealous (D) Sick
90. The antonym of clear is:
 (A) Significant (B) Explicit
 (C) Conspicuous (D) Indisinct

91. مندرجہ ذیل میں سے ضرب المثل تلاش کریں۔

- (A) ہتھیلی پر سرسوں جمانا
 (B) ہاتھوں کے طوطے اڑانا
 (C) ناچ نہ جانے آنگن میڑھا
 (D) پاؤں زمین پر نہ لگنا

92. اردو کا پہلا صاحب دیوان شاعر کون تھا؟

- (A) قلی قطب شاہ (B) میر تقی میر
 (C) امیر خسرو (D) ابراہیم ذوق

93. مندرجہ ذیل میں سے کون سا مجموعہ کلام احمد فراز کا نہیں ہے؟

(A) مرے خواب ریزہ ریزہ

(B) مرے دل مرے مسافر

(C) ناینا شہر میں آئینہ

(D) بے آواز گلی کوچوں میں

94. مشہور جاسوسی ناول نگار ابن صفی کا اصل نام کیا تھا؟

(A) شیر محمد خان (B) حبیب اللہ

(C) اسرار احمد (D) غلام جعفر

95. علامہ اقبال کی شہرہ آفاق نظمیں، شکوہ اور جواب شکوہ ان کے کس مجموعہ کلام میں شامل ہیں۔

(A) بال جبریل (B) ضرب کلیم

(C) بانگ درا (D) ارمغان حجاز

96. اردو کی پہلی نثری کتاب کون سی ہے؟

(A) سب رس (B) تذکرہ

(C) فسانہ عجائب (D) مرآة العروس

97. اردو کا مشہور افسانہ نویس، ٹوبہ ٹیک سنگھ کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

(A) اشفاق احمد (B) سعادت حسن منٹو

(C) احمد ندیم قاسمی (D) غلام عباس

98. اردو زبان میں قرآن پاک کے پہلے مترجم کون تھے؟

(A) شاہ ولی اللہ (B) سید امیر علی

(C) شاہ عبدالقادر (D) سید احمد شہید

99. اردو شاعری کا کیش 'Keats' کسے کہا جاتا ہے؟

(A) احمد فراز (B) اختر شیرانی

(C) مجید امجد (D) میراجی

100. 'تہذیب الاخلاق' نامی رسالے کا اجراء کس نے کیا؟

(A) ڈپٹی نذیر احمد (B) علامہ شبلی نعمانی

(C) مولانا محمد حسن (D) سر سید احمد خان

Answer Key

- | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. A | 6. B | 11. A | 16. C | 21. B | 26. D | 31. C | 36. D |
| 2. D | 7. D | 12. B | 17. A | 22. A | 27. A | 32. D | 37. D |
| 3. B | 8. A | 13. B | 18. C | 23. A | 28. A | 33. A | 38. B |
| 4. A | 9. C | 14. C | 19. B | 24. B | 29. D | 34. B | 39. A |
| 5. C | 10. D | 15. C | 20. C | 25. B | 30. A | 35. C | 40. D |

them failed. What per cent of them passed?

- (A) 75% (B) 80%
(C) 84% (D) 85%

Solution:

$$\text{Student passed} = 25 - 4 = 21$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Percentage passed} &= \frac{\text{Student Passed}}{\text{Total Students}} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{21}{25} \times 100 \\ &= 84\% \end{aligned}$$

14. Calculate the perimeter of a rhombus with each side equal to 6 cm:

- (A) 18 cm (B) 24 cm
(C) 36 cm (D) 48 cm

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter of rhombus} &= 2(l + b) \\ &= 2(6 + 6) \\ &= 2(12) = 24 \end{aligned}$$

15. Which shape has four equal sides and right angles?

- (A) Rhombus (B) Square
(C) Rectangle (D) Parallelogram

16. The total area of Pakistan is :

- (A) 802,840 sq. km (B) 803,840 sq. km
(C) 796,096 sq. km (D) 801,940 sq. km

17. The Chinese province adjoining Pakistan is:

- (A) Minkiang (B) Sinkiang
(C) Shanghai (D) Ching Chee

18. Warsak Dam is situated on river:

- (A) Kabul (B) Swat
(C) Indus (D) Chenab

19. Khewera is famous for:

- (A) Salt mines (B) Shrines
(C) Tombs (D) Rock Carvings

20. Pakistan tested its nuclear device on:

- (A) 28th May 1998 (B) 28th June 1989
(C) 26th May 1997 (D) 27th July 1997

21. The name of Islamabad - Lahore motorway is:

- (A) M4 (B) M2
(C) M6 (D) M3

22. The Durand Line is boundary between

- (A) India and Pakistan
(B) China and Pakistan
(C) Pakistan and Afghanistan
(D) Pakistan and Iran

23. Qantas Airlines is the airline of:

- (A) Italy (B) Australia
(C) United Kingdom (D) Ireland

24. Muslim country with largest population:

- (A) Pakistan (B) Indonesia
(C) Malaysia (D) Bangladesh

25. Which of the following countries lies in two continents?

- (A) China (B) Brazil
(C) Turkey (D) Canada

26. Who stood as guarantor of Indus Water Treaty?

- (A) U.S.A
(B) World Bank
(C) European Union
(D) International Court of Justice

27. Who was the last Governor General of Pakistan?

- (A) Liaqat Ali Khan
(B) Quaid-e-Azam
(C) Ghulam Muhammad
(D) Skindar Mirza

28. What does IRSA stands for?

- (A) Internal Revenue Service of Australia
(B) International Relief Support Agency
(C) Integrated Rural Supply Agencies
(D) Indus River System Authority

29. Which of the following crops is most water-consuming?

- (A) Rice/Paddy (B) Cotton
(C) Wheat (D) Maize

30. Simla Delegation which called on the then viceroy in 1906 on behalf of Indian Muslims was led by:

- (A) Allama Muhamma Iqbal
(B) Sir Agha Khan
(C) M. A. Jinnah
(D) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

31. Khilafat Movement was launched by Indian Muslim in order to:

- (A) Set up Khilafat in India
(B) United Muslim Ummah under one Caliph
(C) Win freedom for holy lands
(D) Restore Ottoman Caliph

32. Who is called "The Shere-Bangal" among the following leaders?

- (A) A.K. Fazlul Haq
(B) Ch. Khaliquzzaman
(C) Skindar Hayat Khan
(D) Nawab Waqar-ul-Mulk

33. Quaid-e-Azam's 14 points was presented in response to:

- (A) Nehru Report (B) 3rd June Plan
(C) Rowlatt Act (D) Lucknow Pact

34. The Cabinet Mission came to India in:

- (A) 1940 (B) 1942
(C) 1944 (D) 1946

35. Which Dam is constructed on River Jhelum?

- (A) Warsak (B) Mangla
(C) Rawal (D) Simli

36. NATO⁴ consists of _____ member countries:

- (A) 28 (B) 29
(C) 30 (D) 31

⁴ The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), also called the North Atlantic Alliance, is an intergovernmental military alliance between 30 European and North American countries.

37. "The Pico" Island is located in:
 (A) Hong Kong (B) Portugal
 (C) China (D) Sri Lanka
38. Who is called the "Traveler of Islam" ?
 (A) Ibn-e-Khaldun (B) Ibn-e-Battuta
 (C) Musa Al-Mali (D) Al-Beruni
39. Halle city is located in which country:
 (A) France (B) India
 (C) Sri Lanka (D) Germany
40. Sher Shah Suri was a:
 (A) Pashtun (B) Tajik
 (C) Uzbik (D) Turk
41. In Which Province Of Pakistan, maximum languages are spoken:
 (A) Sindh (B) Balochistan
 (C) Punjab (D) KPK
42. "Buraq Air" is the airline of:
 (A) Hongkong (B) Libya
 (C) Egypt (D) Iraq
43. When did man step out on the moon?
 (A) 1969 (B) 1972
 (C) 1974 (D) 1978
44. Bastille Day is celebrated on:
 (A) 5 July (B) 10 July
 (C) 14 July (D) 17 July
45. Who is known as Man of Blood and Iron:
 (A) Napoleon (B) Hitler
 (C) Mandala (D) Bismarck
46. ILO (International Labour Organization) came into existence under the treaty of Versailles after World War 1 in:
 (A) 1918 (B) 1919
 (C) 1920 (D) 1921
47. Which sea is without a coastline?
 (A) Sargasso (B) Baltic
 (C) Caribbean (D) Mediterranean
48. How many pairs of ribs are there in Human Body:
 (A) 10 (B) 12
 (C) 13 (D) 14
49. Which is smallest state in Asia?
 (A) Maldives (B) Malta
 (C) Bahrain (D) Brunei
50. Who provided proof to suggest that the earth was spherical?
 (A) Encaston (B) Magellan
 (C) Columbus (D) Al-Beruni
51. "Myth of Independence" was written by:
 (A) General Ayub Khan
 (B) Zulifqar Ali Bhutto
 (C) Asghar Khan
 (D) Pervez Musharraf
52. Which city is called "City of Palaces":
 (A) Paris (B) Bombay
 (C) Mexico City (D) Washington
53. Fidel Castro was the president of:
 (A) Cuba (B) Spain
 (C) France (D) Canada
54. "Dampier" is the seaport of:
 (A) France (B) Australia
 (C) Malaysia (D) Switzerland
55. Which U.S President said, "I am not a crook."
 (A) Nixen (B) Clinton
 (C) Kennedy (D) Bush
56. When Cricket World Cup was started:
 (A) 1970 (B) 1972
 (C) 1975 (D) 1977
57. Hooker glacier is situated in:
 (A) Australia (B) Canada
 (C) New Zealand (D) France
58. Who gave the title "Quaid-e-Azam" to Muhammad Ali Jinnah?
 (A) Molana Johar (B) Molana Zaffar
 (C) Mazhar-u-din (D) Allama Iqbal
59. Who invented "Aspirin" in 1897:
 (A) Hoffman (B) Charles Drew
 (C) Banting (D) Fleming
60. Which country has no river:
 (A) Qatar (B) UAE
 (C) Saudia Arabia (D) all of these
61. Zoroastrian is a worship of:
 (A) Water (B) Sun
 (C) Fire (D) Moon
62. World's highest waterfall is in:
 (A) Venezuela (B) Canada
 (C) France (D) Malaysia
63. Where is famous "Natural Bridge" located?
 (A) Kabul (B) Ankara
 (C) Madrid (D) Virginia
64. When Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation was established?
 (A) 1989 (B) 1990
 (C) 1992 (D) 1999
65. "KHAD & RAMA" Secret agencies of:
 (A) Tajikistan
 (B) Afghanistan
 (C) Russia
 (D) Uzbekistan
66. Latakia and Tartus are Seaports of:
 (A) Syria (B) Egypt
 (C) Iran (D) Turkey
67. The lifespan of White Blood Cells is:
 (A) 1-5 days (B) 5-10 days
 (C) 10-20 days (D) 5-21 days
68. Urine is produced in:
 (A) Kidney (B) Pancreas
 (C) Spleen (D) Gallbladder
69. Yeast is a:
 (A) Fungus (B) Virus
 (C) Bacteria (D) Seed
70. For water purification, we use:
 (A) Silicon (B) Chroline
 (C) Fluorine (D) Oxygen

71. The hottest Planet of the Universe is:
(A) Neptune (B) Venus
(C) Uranus (D) Saturn
72. Blood is cleaned by:
(A) Liver (B) Lungs
(C) Kidney (D) Spleen
73. The bodyguard of the Earth is that save the Earth from many Comets and Asteroids?
(A) Mars (B) Saturn
(C) Jupiter (D) Uranus
74. A person of which of the following blood groups is called a universal donor?
(A) O (B) AB
(C) A (D) B
75. Which gland in the human body is called the master gland?
(A) Pancreas (B) Thyroid
(C) Pituitary (D) Spleen
76. How many bones are there in a newly born infant?
(A) 206 (B) 230
(C) 280 (D) 300
77. Which of the following have maximum calorific value?
(A) Carbohydrates (B) Fats
(C) Proteins (D) Vitamins
78. "Mesopotamia" was the old name of:
(A) Turkey (B) Azerbaijan
(C) Iraq (D) Afghanistan
79. Which country is known as "The Skyscraper":
(A) Washington (B) New York
(C) Virginia (D) Paris
80. "Seattle" is the seaport of:
(A) UK (B) Canada
(C) USA (D) Japan

81. اردو کا پہلا ناول نگار کون ہے؟

- (A) پریم چند (B) ڈپٹی نذیر احمد
(C) پنڈت رتن ناتھ (D) عبدالحلیم شرر

82. علامہ اقبال کا پہلا شعری مجموعہ کون سا ہے؟

- (A) بانگ درا (B) بال جبرائیل
(C) ضرب (D) زبور عجم

83. میرامن کی وجہ شہرت کیا ہے؟

- (A) شاعری (B) مضمون نگاری
(C) داستان گوئی (D) ڈرامہ نگاری

84. اردو ڈرامے کا "شکسپیر" کسے کہا جاتا ہے؟

- (A) مرزا ارب (B) امتیاز علی تاج

(C) منوبھائی (D) آغا حشر

85. ناول "امراؤ جان ادا" کے مصنف کا نام کیا ہے؟

- (A) مرزا ہادی رسوا (B) حیدر بخش حیدری
(C) رجب علی بیگ سرور (D) حسرت موہانی

86. انارکلی کس کی تخلیق ہے؟

- (A) احمد ندیم قاسمی (B) امتیاز علی تاج
(C) اصغر ندیم سید (D) آغا حشر

87. سر سید احمد خان نے کس صنف ادب کو اپنایا؟

- (A) شاعری (B) افسانہ نگاری
(C) مضمون نویسی (D) ناول نگاری

88. اردو شاعری کا بابائے آدم کسے کہا جاتا ہے؟

- (A) ولی دکنی (B) میر درد
(C) استاد ذوق (D) حسرت موہانی

89. میرانیس کی وجہ شہرت کیا ہے؟

- (A) نظم نگاری (B) مرثیہ نگاری
(C) غزل گوئی (D) قصیدہ نگاری

90. کونسا مغل بادشاہ اردو کا نامور شاعر تھا؟

- (A) اورنگ زب عالمگیر (B) بہادر شاہ ظفر
(C) ظہیر الدین بابر (D) نصیر الدین ہمایوں

91. ناقابل معافی گناہ کون سا ہے؟

- (A) نماز نہ پڑھنا (B) توبہ نہ کرنا
(C) غیبت (D) شرک

92. حضرت موسیٰ علیہ السلام کا لقب کیا تھا؟

- (A) خلیل اللہ (B) صفی اللہ
(C) کلیم اللہ (D) سخی اللہ

93. حضرت ابراہیم علیہ السلام کا لقب کیا تھا؟

- (A) خلیل اللہ (B) صفی اللہ
(C) کلیم اللہ (D) سخی اللہ

94. قرآن پاک کی زینت کون سی سورۃ ہے؟

- (A) سورۃ یسین (B) سورۃ رحمن

- (C) France and Germany
(D) All of the above
5. Which is the biggest continent?
(A) Africa (B) Asia
(C) North America (D) Europe
6. The largest contributor to the United Nation peacekeeping force is:
(A) Pakistan (B) Bangladesh
(C) Nigeria (D) Kenya
7. Which of the following categories of Nobel Prizes was not created by Swedish Scientist Alfred Nobel
(A) Peace (B) literature
(C) Economics (D) Medicine
8. Who is Silvio Berlusconi?
(A) Italian P.M
(B) Sweden Foreign Minister
(C) UN special representative to Middle East
(D) None of above
9. Which continent located on tropic of cancer Capricorn and Equator?
(A) Asia (B) Europe
(C) Africa (D) None above
10. Which of the following countries is not under an absolute monarchy:
(A) Norway (B) Kuwait
(C) Qatar (D) Oman
11. Queen Elizabeth of England is the sovereign head of:
(A) Australia (B) Canada
(C) New Zealand (D) All above.
12. Which of the following provinces of Afghanistan share border with Pakistan?
(A) Ningrahar, Paktia, Ghazni.
(B) Bamiyan, Farah, Herat
(C) Balkh, Samangan, Kunduz
(D) Takhar, Uruzgan, Ghur.
13. On which of the following areas, United Nations spends a lion's share of its budget
(A) Environmental protection programmes.
(B) Rehabilitation of refugees in the world
(C) Education and Health
(D) Peacekeeping activities
14. One of the following countries has joined the Commonwealth of Independent States of the former USSR:
(A) Belarus (B) Latvia
(C) Ukraine (D) Georgia
15. After USA, the largest defense budget is of.
(A) Russia (B) China
(C) Japan (D) India
16. Diego Garcia is a
(A) Capital city of Costa Rica
(B) Commercial centre of European Union
(C) US naval base in the Indian Ocean
(D) The world's largest glacier in Australia
17. December 3, (every year) is observed all over the world as
(A) International Literacy Day
(B) International Civil Aviation Day
(C) International Day of Disabled Persons
(D) International Day of Human Rights
18. 'Peso' is the currency of:
(A) Philippines (B) New Zealand
(C) Finland (D) All above
19. The World's tallest building is
(A) Empire State building (New York)
(B) Sears Tower (Chicago)
(C) Petronas Towers (Kuata Lumpur)
(D) Burj Al Khalifa
20. 'Zagreb' is the capital of
(A) Macedonia (B) Croatia
(C) Slovenia (D) Georgia
21. The world's largest subway system is in:
(A) Tokyo (B) Moscow
(C) Mexico city (D) Ntew York
22. The deepest place in the Indian Ocean is:
(A) Mariana Trench
(B) Puerto Rico Trench
(C) Sunda Trench
(D) Isle Trench
23. The highest waterfall of the world is:
(A) Victoria (B) Tugela
(C) Angel (D) Niagara
24. The longest mountain range in the world is:
(A) Karakoram (B) Alps
(C) Andes (D) Hindukush
25. Cyprus is an island in the
(A) Mediterranean sea
(B) South China Sea
(C) Red Sea
(D) Cariboean Sea
26. Pakistan became the member of UNO:
(A) 1948 (B) 1947
(C) 1950 (D) 1951
27. Which of the following South Asian countries is under worst foreign debt burden
(A) Sri Lanka (B) Pakistan
(C) Bangladesh (D) India
28. International organization "Shanghai Five" has been renamed as:
(A) Far Eastern Economic Forum
(B) Shanghai Cooperation Organization
(C) Asia Pacific Economic Forum
(D) Shanghai Seven Development Forum
29. Pakistan's standard time is ahead of Greenwich Time
(A) 3 hours (B) 4 Hours
(C) 5 hours (D) 6 hours
30. Archaeologists have recently revealed through a research that the Roman Empire was destroyed by the fatal disease of:
(A) Malaria (B) Plague
(C) Influenza (D) Cholera
31. Which one is the longest river:

- (A) Jhelum (B) Chenab
(C) Ravi (D) Sutlej
32. The world's oldest parliament is the:
(A) US-Congress (B) Japan-Diet
(C) Iceland-Althing (D) UK-Parliament
33. Which of the following is the smallest sea:
(A) South China Sea (B) Arabian Sea
(C) Sea of Marmara (D) Caribbean Sea
34. 'Philately' is a:
(A) Science of drugs
(B) Stamp collection
(C) The study of written record.
(D) The study of animal behaviour.
35. Which of the following American Presidents was assassinated?
(A) Abraham Lincoln (B) William Mckinley
(C) John F. Kennedy (D) All the above
36. "Kyodo" is the news agency of:
(A) South Korea (B) Japan
(C) Kazakhstan (D) Nepal
37. Under construction Gomal Zam Dam is located in:
(A) Gilgit (B) Lasbella
(C) North Waziristan (D) South Waziristan
38. The world's largest land frontier is between:
(A) America and Canada
(B) Russia and China
(C) Argentina and Brazil
(D) China and Mongolia
39. Mirani Dam is being constructed on:
(A) Hingol river (B) Dasht river
(C) Pishin river (D) Bolan river
40. The world's largest silver producing country is.
(A) Canada (B) Australia
(C) Russia (D) Mexico
41. The world's largest fish catching country is:
(A) Russia (B) China
(C) Japan (D) Australia
42. The deficiency of one of the following is cause of goiter:
(A) Calcium (B) Potassium
(C) Iron (D) Iodine
43. Which of the following is not rich in protein:
(A) Potatoes (B) Meat
(C) Fish (D) Eggs
44. Which of the following countries is called "Land of the Midnight Sun"
(A) Japan (B) South Korea
(C) Finland (D) Norway
45. Among the world's ten populous countries, the highest population growth rate is of:
(A) China
(B) India
(C) Southern Sudan
(D) Nigeria
46. National income is essentially composed of
(A) All wealth of a nation
(B) Annual income of the central government
(C) All income of the people in a year
(D) Income derived from taxes by the central government.
47. "Sabena" is a national airline of:
(A) Belgium (B) Saudi Arabia
(C) Sweden (D) Switzerland
48. Which of the following must be a result of Inflation?
(A) A rise in the exchange rate
(B) An increase in the value of money
(C) A reduction in the value of money
(D) Less money is printed
49. Friendship Bridge on river Oxus connects:
(A) Russia and China.
(B) China and Kazakhstan
(C) Tajikistan and Afghanistan
(D) Uzbekistan and Afghanistan
50. The world's longest railroad tunnel 'Seikan' is located in:
(A) England (B) Japan
(C) Switzerland (D) Russia.
51. 'Fleet Street', London is famous for:
(A) Banking and financial offices
(B) Offices of the cargo companies.
(C) Offices of the newspapers and press agencies
(D) Offices of the Royal Navy establishment
52. Which of the following is a Baltic State:
(A) Georgia (B) Armenia
(C) Ukraine (D) Estonia
53. Terbela dam is located on river
(A) Indus (B) Chenab
(C) Jehlum (D) Ravi
54. Which of the following were the world's first women President
(A) Isabel Peron of Argentina
(B) Megawatti Seokamoputri of Indonesia
(C) Chandnka Kumaratunga of Sri Lanka
(D) Glona Macapagal Arroyo of Philippines
55. Which of the following Asian countries is landlocked
(A) Myanmar (B) Mongolia
(C) Vietnam (D) North Korea
56. 'Baht' is the currency of:
(A) Myanmar (B) Brazil
(C) Thailand (D) Malaysia
57. Which of the following lines divide Turkish and Greek Cyprus communities:
(A) Yellow Line (B) Green Line
(C) Curzon Line (D) Maginot Line
58. Which of the following countries is called "Land of Milk and Honey":
(A) Switzerland (B) Norway
(C) Bahrain (D) Lebanon
59. The world's smallest state by population is:
(A) San Marino (B) Monaco
(C) Vatican (D) Nauru

60. The world's largest fresh water lake is:
 (A) Caspian sea (B) Great Bear
 (C) Baikal (D) Superior
61. Johor Strait separates:
 (A) Malaysia and Singapore
 (B) Cuba and Florida
 (C) Italy and Sicily
 (D) England and France
62. 'Ad-Dammam' is an important seaport of:
 (A) Qatar (B) Saudi Arabia
 (C) Bahrain (D) Egypt
63. Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) service is related to:
 (A) Computers for connecting with World Wide Web
 (B) Mobile phones to connect with Internet
 (C) Hotlines for secret coding
 (D) Fax machines for transmitting messages
64. Alexander the Great (356-323 BC) was the King of:
 (A) Egypt (B) Portugal
 (C) Macedonia (D) Greece
65. Indus water Basin Treaty was signed in:
 (A) 1955 (B) 1960
 (C) 1971 (D) 1985
66. Kara-kum desert is located in:
 (A) China (B) Mongolia
 (C) Kazakhstan (D) Turkmenistan
67. Salang Tunnel in Afghanistan linked Kabul with:
 (A) Jalalabad (B) Mazar-I-Sharif
 (C) Kandahar (D) Tora Bora
68. The playground for playing 'Golf' is called:
 (A) Court (B) Field
 (C) Lawn (D) Course
69. Pakistan is the world's second largest importer of:
 (A) Cooking Oil (B) Paper
 (C) Tea (D) Dry milk
70. The headquarters of World Trade Organization is in:
 (A) Geneva (B) New York
 (C) London (D) Paris
71. Which of the following games is also called "Ping Pong":
 (A) Boxing (B) Table Tennis
 (C) Badminton (D) Water Polo
72. Pakistan has recently launched Badr-B satellite from:
 (A) Sonmiani (B) Xichang
 (C) Baikonur (D) Cape Canaveral
73. What did Burma change its name to in 1989?
 (A) Myanmar (B) Rangoon
 (C) Brazil (D) Naypyidaw
74. The only vitamin which the human body can manufacture is:
 (A) Vitamin C (B) Vitamin D
 (C) Vitamin K (D) None above
75. "Acupuncture" medical treatment was found in:
 (A) China (B) Egypt
 (C) Iran (D) India.
76. The most favourite game of Quaid-e-Azam was:
 (A) Cricket (B) Tennis
 (C) Chess (D) Billiard
77. Headquarter of FATF (Financial Action Task Force)
 (A) London (B) Paris
 (C) Vienna (D) None of above
78. D-Day is:
 (A) a day on which something important is due to happen
 (B) a day of victory
 (C) a day of defeat
 (D) a day of disaster and destruction
79. Italy paid tribute to its scientist whose invention completed 100 years of existence on December 12, 2001 the scientist and its inventions was:
 (A) Lewis Waterman—Fountain Pen
 (B) Rudolf Diesel—Diesel Engine
 (C) Galileo Galilei—Thermometer
 (D) Guglielmo Marconi—Radio
80. Diamir Bhasa dam is being constructed in:
 (A) Gilgit (B) Kashmir
 (C) Sawat (D) Chitral
81. The currency of Bangladesh is:
 (A) Lira (B) Rupee
 (C) Dinar (D) Takka
82. April 22, each year is international observed as:
 (A) Health Day
 (B) Telecommunication Day
 (C) Earth Day
 (D) Press Freedom Day
83. Headquarters of Commonwealth:
 (A) New York (B) Paris
 (C) London (D) Geneva
84. Yellow Sea lies between:
 (A) Singapore and Malaysia
 (B) China and Japan
 (C) Vietnam and Philippine
 (D) Australia and New Zealand.
85. 10 Downing Street is residence of:
 (A) royal Queen of England
 (B) British P.M
 (C) P.M France
 (D) P.M Germany
86. Where rain fall is deficient
 (A) Humid Area (B) Arid Area
 (C) Semi Arid (D) None these
87. Which of the following space shuttles was first launched by the US:
 (A) Colombia (B) Discovery

- (B) Lord Wavell
(C) Lord Mountbatten
(D) Lord Radcliffe
3. Who became the Governor General of Pakistan after the death of Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah?
(A) Liaqat Ali Khan
(B) Khawaja Nazimuddin
(C) Ghulam Muhammad
(D) Muhammad Ali Bogra
4. Muhammadan Anglo Oritnetal College was founded by:
(A) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
(B) Muhammad Ali Jauhar
(C) Allama Iqbal
(D) Ch. Rehmat Ali
5. Where did Allama Iqbal made his first public proposal for a Separate State for Muslims?
(A) Lahore (B) Allahbad
(C) Dehli (D) Simla
6. The Objective Resolution was passed in:
(A) 1947 (B) 1948
(C) 1949 (D) 1950
7. The First President of Muslim League⁵ was:
(A) Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk
(B) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
(C) Allama Iqbal
(D) Maulana Fazal-ul-Haq
8. To reconcile Hindus and Muslims a new religion Din-i-Ilahi was introduced by:
(A) Babur (B) Humayun
(C) Jehangir (D) Akbar
9. Who was leader of Quit India Movement?
(A) Muhammad Ali Jinnah
(B) Jawahar Lal Nehru
(C) Mahatma Gandhi
(D) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
10. The last Mughal King Bahadur Shah Zafar died in:
(A) Delhi (B) Agra
(C) Rangoon (D) Colombo
11. Which name is associated with Khilafat Movement?
(A) Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah
(B) Allama Muhammad Iqbal
(C) Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar
(D) Ch. Rehmat Ali
12. Quaid-e-Azam's 14 Points were presented in response to:

⁵ On 30th December 1906 Sir Agha Khan was appointed as President of All India Muslim League and Syed Hassan Balgrami was appointed as secretary, while Nawab Mohsim-ul-Mulk and Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk were made joint secretaries with six Vice-Presidents, a Central Committee with forty Members was also constituted. Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk presided over the inaugural session of Muslim League

- (A) 3rd June Plan
(B) Rowlett Act
(C) Nehru Report
(D) Lucknow Pact
13. The famous pamphlet "Now or Never" was written by:
(A) Allama Muhammad Iqbal
(B) Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar
(C) Ch. Rehmat Ali
(D) Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah
14. Which country is located on the North of Pakistan?
(A) China (B) Iran
(C) India (D) Afghanistan
15. Natural Gas was discovered at Sui in:
(A) 1950 (B) 1952
(C) 1954 (D) 1958
16. Islamabad was officially made capital of Pakistan in:
(A) 1961 (B) 1964
(C) 1966 (D) 1967
17. The system of Basic Democracies was introduced by:
(A) Iskandar Mirza
(B) Muhammad Ali Bogra
(C) Ayub Khan
(D) Zia-ul-Haq
18. The famous Khyber Pass links Peshawar with:
(A) Quetta (B) Kandahar
(C) Kabul (D) Chaman
19. Which of the following is a Rabi Crop?
(A) Rice (B) Wheat
(C) Cotton (D) Miaze
20. Gwadar is located in:
(A) Punjab
(B) Sindh
(C) Khyber Pakhtoon Khawa
(D) Balochistan
21. The Major Source of Water in Pakistan is:
(A) Rain (B) Snow
(C) Rivers (D) Lakes
22. The total number of seats of Senate in Pakistan is:
(A) 104 (B) 120
(C) 130 (D) 150
23. The dominant source of employment in Pakistan is:
(A) Trade (B) Agriculture
(C) Service Sector (D) Manufacturing
24. I.M.F. stands for:
(A) Investment Management Fund
(B) International Management Fund
(C) International Monetary Fund
(D) None of these
25. Seats in the National Assembly are allocated to each province on the basis of:
(A) Area
(B) Population

- (B) Lord Wavell
(C) Lord Mountbatten
(D) Lord Radcliffe
3. Who became the Governor General of Pakistan after the death of Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah?
(A) Liaqat Ali Khan
(B) Khawaja Nazimuddin
(C) Ghulam Muhammad
(D) Muhammad Ali Bogra
4. Muhammadan Anglo Oritnetal College was founded by:
(A) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
(B) Muhammad Ali Jauhar
(C) Allama Iqbal
(D) Ch. Rehmat Ali
5. Where did Allama Iqbal made his first public proposal for a Separate State for Muslims?
(A) Lahore (B) Allahbad
(C) Dehli (D) Simla
6. The Objective Resolution was passed in:
(A) 1947 (B) 1948
(C) 1949 (D) 1950
7. The First President of Muslim League⁵ was:
(A) Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk
(B) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
(C) Allama Iqbal
(D) Maulana Fazal-ul-Haq
8. To reconcile Hindus and Muslims a new religion Din-i-Ilahi was introduced by:
(A) Babur (B) Humayun
(C) Jehangir (D) Akbar
9. Who was leader of Quit India Movement?
(A) Muhammad Ali Jinnah
(B) Jawahar Lal Nehru
(C) Mahatma Gandhi
(D) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
10. The last Mughal King Bahadur Shah Zafar died in:
(A) Delhi (B) Agra
(C) Rangoon (D) Colombo
11. Which name is associated with Khilafat Movement?
(A) Quaid-i-Azam Muhamamd Ali Jinnah
(B) Allama Muhammad Iqbal
(C) Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar
(D) Ch. Rehmat Ali
12. Quaid-e-Azam's 14 Points were presented in response to:

- (A) 3rd June Plan
(B) Rowlett Act
(C) Nehru Report
(D) Lucknow Pact
13. The famous pamphlet "Now or Never" was written by:
(A) Allama Muhammad Iqbal
(B) Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar
(C) Ch. Rehmat Ali
(D) Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah
14. Which country is located on the North of Pakistan?
(A) China (B) Iran
(C) India (D) Afghanistan
15. Natural Gas was discovered at Sui in:
(A) 1950 (B) 1952
(C) 1954 (D) 1958
16. Islamabad was officially made capital of Pakistan in:
(A) 1961 (B) 1964
(C) 1966 (D) 1967
17. The system of Basic Democracies was introduced by:
(A) Iskandar Mirza
(B) Muhammad Ali Bogra
(C) Ayub Khan
(D) Zia-ul-Haq
18. The famous Khyber Pass links Peshawar with:
(A) Quetta (B) Kandahar
(C) Kabul (D) Chaman
19. Which of the following is a Rabi Crop?
(A) Rice (B) Wheat
(C) Cotton (D) Miaze
20. Gwadar is located in:
(A) Punjab
(B) Sindh
(C) Khyber Pakhtoon Khawa
(D) Balochistan
21. The Major Source of Water in Pakistan is:
(A) Rain (B) Snow
(C) Rivers (D) Lakes
22. The total number of seats of Senate in Pakistan is:
(A) 104 (B) 120
(C) 130 (D) 150
23. The dominant source of employment in Pakistan is:
(A) Trade (B) Agriculture
(C) Service Sector (D) Manufacturing
24. I.M.F. stands for:
(A) Investment Management Fund
(B) International Management Fund
(C) International Monetary Fund
(D) None of these
25. Seats in the National Assembly are allocated to each province on the basis of:
(A) Area
(B) Population

⁵ On 30th December 1906 Sir Agha Khan was appointed as President of All India Muslim League and Syed Hassan Balgrami was appointed as secretary, while Nawab Mohsim-ul-Mulk and Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk were made joint secretaries with six Vice-Presidents, a Central Committee with forty Members was also constituted. Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk presided over the inaugural session of Muslim League

- (C) Development
(D) None of these
26. The first country to recognize Pakistan's Independence was:
(A) Saudi Arabia (B) China
(C) Iran (D) Turkey
27. The Khewra Salt Mines are located in:
(A) Mianwali (B) Sargodha
(C) Chakwal (D) Jehlum
28. The Biggest barrage in Pakistan is:
(A) Sukkar Barrage
(B) Kotri Barrage
(C) Guddu Barrage
(D) Taunsa Barrage
29. Which is Pakistan's Major Export?
(A) Sugar (B) Wheat
(C) Rice (D) Cotton
30. Jerusalem is the Holy City of:
(A) Jews (B) Christians
(C) Muslims (D) All of these
31. "Reuters" is a world known:
(A) Sport Club
(B) Welfare Organization
(C) News Agency
(D) Transport System
32. Gaza City is in:
(A) Palestine (B) Israel
(C) Lebanon (D) Jordan
33. Capital of Australia is:
(A) Sydney (B) Melbourne
(C) Canberra (D) Brisbane
34. Capital of Turkey is:
(A) Istanbul (B) Ankara
(C) Izmir (D) Koniya
35. The International Islamic University is in:
(A) Lahore (B) Karachi
(C) Islamabad (D) Peshawar
36. Who resides at 10 Downing Street?
(A) Queen of England
(B) British Prime Minister
(C) French President
(D) American President
37. The number of reserved seats for women in the National Assembly is:
(A) 60 (B) 70
(C) 65 (D) 75
38. The first Prime Minister of Pakistan was:
(A) Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah
(B) Khawaja Nazimuddin
(C) Liaqat Ali Khan
(D) Muhammad Ali Bogra
39. The present Hijri year is:
(A) 1432 (B) 1434
(C) 1435 (D) 1437
40. The appointment of Chief Justice of Pakistan is made by:
(A) The Prime Minister
(B) The President
(C) Supreme Judicial Council
(D) Computer Power Unit
41. The mostly widely used internet search engine in the world is:
(A) Yahoo (B) Google
(C) MSN (D) Youtube
42. CPU stands for:
(A) Central Processing Unit
(B) Control Panel Unit
(C) Central Programming Unit
(D) Computer Power Unit
43. 2016 Olympics will be held at:
(A) Sydney (B) Madrid
(C) Chicago (D) Rio de Janeiro
44. The Governor of Punjab is:
(A) Muhammad Sarwar
(B) Latif Khosa
(C) Khalid Maqbool
(D) Rana Iqbal Khan
45. Mamnoon Hussain is (was) the President of Pakistan:
(A) 8th (B) 10th
(C) 12th (D) 14th
46. The present US Secretary of State is:
(A) Joe Biden (B) John Kerry
(C) Hillary Clinton (D) Ban ki-moon
(Antony Blinken is current US Secretary of State)
47. Wimbledon Tennis Grounds are in:
(A) England (B) France
(C) Germany (D) Australia
48. The biggest Desert in the world is:
(A) Shara desert
(B) Cholistan desert
(C) Gobi desert
(D) Kalahari desert
49. Ottawa is the Capital of:
(A) Cambodia (B) Canada
(C) Cuba (D) Monaco
50. Jakarta is the Capital of:
(A) Malaysia (B) Singapore
(C) Indonesia (D) Philippines
51. The largest country in land size is:
(A) Russia (B) China
(C) India (D) Canada
52. The currency of Nepal is:
(A) Rupee (B) Ruble
(C) Peso (D) Krona
53. The currency of Ireland is:
(A) Dollar (B) France
(C) Euro (D) Lira
54. National Anthem of Pakistan was played for the first time in front of:
(A) Raza Shah Pahlwai of Iran
(B) Quaid-e-Azam
(C) Queen Elizabeth
(D) Liaquat Ali Khan

Which word is wrongly spelt in the following?

55. (A) nursery (B) secondary
(C) library (D) primary
56. (A) honest (B) perfect
(C) loyal (D) popular
57. (A) nightmare (B) scary
(C) blackout (D) haunted

Select the word which is opposite in meaning.

58. Gloomy (A) lively (B) nervous
(C) active (D) slow
59. Spend Thrift (A) mean (B) bold
(C) miser (D) cautious
60. Guilty (A) innocent (B) humble
(C) clever (D) proud

Find the word similar in meaning.

61. Satire (A) uneasiness (B) doubt
(C) mockery (D) Italy
62. Barbaric (A) cruel (B) friendly
(C) confused (D) silky
63. Benevolent (A) beneficial (B) careless
(C) diligent (D) generous
64. Anonymous (A) gracious (B) nameless
(C) friendly (D) foreign

Identify the correct spellings.

65. (A) affection (B) affaction
(C) afection (D) effection
66. (A) recieved (B) received
(C) received (D) reeveved
67. (A) deceitful (B) decietful
(C) deicietful (D) deceetiful

Fill the blanks with appropriate words.

68. He was _____ of all valuable possessions.
(A) robbed (B) stolen
(C) pinched (D) established
69. I am _____ forward to our picnic scheduled in next month.
(A) looking (B) planning
(C) seeing (D) going
70. The presence of armed guards _____ us from doing anything disruptive.
(A) defeated (B) excited
(C) irritated (D) prevented
71. Potato was the _____ food of Ireland in the 50's:
(A) major (B) main
(C) delicious (D) staple
72. My uncle Ahmed is wiser than my siblings because he is _____ than them.
(A) elder (B) eldest

- (C) older (D) oldest
73. The words in the summary are so _____ to understand easily
(A) short (B) diligent
(C) true (D) ambiguous
74. He showed me how to fix a car and _____ a wheel
(A) change (B) displace
(C) place (D) fix
75. The snake was killed _____ the farmer.
(A) by (B) off
(C) on (D) for
76. Amina went _____ bicycle to meet Saira.
(A) on (B) by
(C) with (D) onto
77. It is delightful to hear her speak, as she speaks _____
(A) slowly (B) rhythmically
(C) softly (D) melodiously
78. He ran as _____ as he could.
(A) cleverly (B) fastly
(C) fast (D) solemnly
79. Please do _____ as you are directed.
(A) same (B) exact
(C) exact (D) whatever
80. Our flight was _____ from Lahore to Islamabad.
(A) diverted (B) deflected
(C) reflected (D) shifted

81. درج ذیل شعر کس کا ہے؟

قوت عشق سے ہر پست کو بالا کر دے
دہر میں اسم محمد سے اجالا
کر دے

- (A) علامہ اقبال (B) مولانا الطاف حسین حالی
(C) حفیظ جالندھری (D) میر انیس

82. علامہ اقبال کے علاوہ کس شاعر کا تعلق سیالکوٹ سے ہے؟

- (A) فیض احمد فیض (B) ناصر کاظمی
(C) احمد ندیم قاسمی (D) احسان دانش

83. "ماں جی" کس ادیب کی کہانیوں کا مجموعہ ہے؟

- (A) ممتاز مشتق (B) قدرت اللہ شہاب
(C) عطا الحق قاسمی (D) امتیاز علی تاج

84. علامہ اقبال نے پی ایچ ڈی کی ڈگری کہاں سے لی؟

- (A) برطانیہ (B) فرانس
(C) اٹلی (D) جرمنی

85. "اردو" کس زبان کا لفظ ہے؟

(A) ترکی
(B) انگریزی
(C) فارسی
(D) سنسکرت

86. درج ذیل شعر کس کا ہے؟

کی میرے نقل کے بعد اس نے جفا سے توبہ

ہائے اس زود پشیمان کا پشیمان ہونا

(A) میر تقی میر
(B) مومن خان
(C) مرزا غالب
(D) میر درد

87. "مسابقت" کا مطلب ہے۔

(A) مقابلہ
(B) کمی بیشی
(C) برابری
(D) سختی

88. مندرجہ ذیل میں سے کون سے شاعر مرثیہ نگاری کے لیے مشہور ہیں؟

(A) میر تقی میر
(B) میر انیس
(C) نظیر اکبر آبادی
(D) داغ دہلوی

89. "ڈوبتے کو تھکنے کا سہارا" قواعد کی رو سے کیا ہے؟

(A) ضرب المثل
(B) محاورہ
(C) کہاوٹ
(D) قول

90. "طاق نیساں پر رکھنا" کا مطلب ہے؟

(A) قطع تعلق کرنا
(B) بھول جانا
(C) سجاوٹ کرنا
(D) حفاظت کرنا

91. مسدس حالی کا اصل نام کیا ہے؟

(A) مدو جزر اسلام
(B) شاہ نامہ اسلام
(C) ضرب کلیم
(D) ارمغان حجاز

92. مسجد نبوی کی تعمیر کس سن ہجری میں ہوئی؟

(A) ایک ہجری
(B) دو ہجری
(C) تین ہجری
(D) چار ہجری

93. حضرت محمد ﷺ نے "سیف اللہ" کا خطاب کس صحابی کو دیا؟
(A) حضرت علی
(B) خالد بن ولید
(C) زید بن حارثہ
(D) حضرت سلمان فارسی

94. مولانا جمال الدین رومی کا مزار کس ملک میں ہے؟
(A) ایران
(B) عراق
(C) ترکی
(D) افغانستان

95. دو کون سا آخری معرکہ تھا جس میں حضرت محمد ﷺ نے شرکت کی؟
(A) غزوہ موت
(B) غزوہ حنین
(C) غزوہ تبوک
(D) فتح مکہ

96. اللہ تعالیٰ کے صفاتی نام کتنے ہیں؟
(A) 97
(B) 98
(C) 99
(D) 100

97. خلافت راشدہ کا کل عرصہ کتنا ہے؟
(A) 23 سال
(B) 25 سال
(C) 30 سال
(D) 35 سال

98. حضرت محمد ﷺ کا وصال کس سن ہجری میں ہوا؟
(A) پانچ ہجری
(B) آٹھ ہجری
(C) گیارہ ہجری
(D) تیرہ ہجری

99. اسلامی معیشت میں ریڑھ کی ہڈی کسے کہا جاتا ہے؟
(A) زکوٰۃ
(B) عشر
(C) جزیہ
(D) صدقہ

100. غار کنف کس ملک میں واقع ہے؟
(A) شام
(B) عراق
(C) مصر
(D) سعودی عرب

Answer Key

1. C	10. C	19. B	28. A	37. A	46. B	55. C	64. B
2. D	11. C	20. D	29. D	38. C	47. A	56. B	65. A
3. B	12. C	21. C	30. D	39. B	48. A	57. A	66. B
4. A	13. C	22. A	31. C	40. B	49. B	58. A	67. A
5. B	14. A	23. B	32. A	41. B	50. C	59. C	68. A
6. C	15. B	24. C	33. C	42. A	51. A	60. A	69. A
7. A	16. D	25. B	34. B	43. D	52. A	61. C	70. D
8. D	17. C	26. C	35. C	44. A	53. C	62. A	71. D
9. C	18. C	27. D	36. B	45. C	54. A	63. D	72. C

24. The headquarters of Pakistan Navy is at:
 (A) Karachi (B) Quetta
 (C) Rawalpindi (D) Islamabad
25. After the creation of Pakistan, the first Radio Station was established at:
 (A) Lahore (B) Karachi
 (C) Peshawar (D) Hyderabad
26. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan established an institution in 1864, with the objective to translate books from English to Urdu and Persian, known as:
 (A) Aligarh Institute
 (B) The Scientific Society
 (C) Muhammadan Educational Conference
 (D) Ghazipur Educational Society
27. The real founder of the Dar-ul-Islam "Deoband" was:
 (A) Maulana Shabbir Ahmad Usmani
 (B) Maulana Mahmud-ul-Hasan
 (C) Maulana Muhammad Qasim Nanautvi
 (D) None of these
28. The 'Central Muhammadan Association' was founded in 1877 by:
 (A) Chaudhri Rehmat Ali
 (B) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
 (C) Syed Ameer Ali
 (D) Mohsin-ul-Mulk
29. Quaid-i-Azam was convinced to join the All India Muslim League by:
 (A) Sir Agha Khan
 (B) Nawab Waqar-ul-Mulk
 (C) Hakim Ajmal Khan
 (D) Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar
30. Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar started publishing his famous English newspaper "Comrade" in 1911 from:
 (A) Delhi (B) Bombay
 (C) Calcutta (D) Lahore
31. Which of the following leaders helped Quaid-i-Azam in the preparation of his Fourteen Points in 1929:
 (A) Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar
 (B) Maulana Shaukat Ali
 (C) Liaquat Ali Khan
 (D) Maulana Hasrat Mohani
32. The headquarters of Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) is located at:
 (A) Rome (B) Paris
 (C) New York (D) Geneva
33. PASSCO stands for:
 (A) Pakistan Agricultural Seed Storage Council
 (B) Pakistan Agricultural Services Supply Corporation
 (C) Pakistan Agricultural Storage & Services Corporation
 (D) Pakistan Agricultural Storage Services Council
34. Which of the following glaciers is located in Karakoram Range?
 (A) Siachin (B) Hispar
- (C) Biafo (D) All of these
35. The 'Babusar Pass' connects⁶:
 (A) Abbottabad and Gilgit
 (B) Chitral and Gilgit
 (C) Gilgit and Hunza
 (D) Swat and Dir
36. Which of the following districts of Balochistan contains huge deposits of copper?
 (A) Loralai (B) Sibbi
 (C) Khuzdar (D) Chaghi
37. Cawnpur Mosque tragedy had taken place in:
 (A) 1909 (B) 1910
 (C) 1913 (D) 1915
38. Identify the longest glacier of Pakistan:
 (A) Hispar (B) Baltoro
 (C) Batura (D) Siachen
39. The Soan and the Haro are the two rivers of:
 (A) Baluchistan Plateau
 (B) Potohar Plateau
 (C) Northern Areas
 (D) Azad Kashmir
40. "Warsak Dam" has been built on the river:
 (A) Indus (B) Korung
 (C) Kabul (D) Sutlej
41. The "Shandur Pass" at the height of 12,205 connects:
 (A) Chitral and Gilgit
 (B) Chitral and Bannu
 (C) Mardan and Malakand
 (D) Gilgit and Kashgar (China)
42. The area lying between river Beas and the Ravi is called:
 (A) Chaj Doab (B) Rachna Doab
 (C) Bari Doab (D) Saharwal Doab
43. Which of the following countries has the largest area in the world?
 (A) Canada (B) U.S.A
 (C) Russia (D) China
44. Which of the continents has the lowest population growth rate?
 (A) Europe (B) North America
 (C) Africa (D) Asia
45. "Dasht-e-Lut" desert is located in:
 (A) China (B) Libya
 (C) Iraq (D) Iran
46. Which of the following mountains separate Asia from Europe?
 (A) Ural Mountains
 (B) Hindukush Mountains
 (C) Alps Mountains
 (D) Atlas Mountains
47. Day and night changes due to:
 (A) Earth's revolution
 (B) Earth's rotation accompanied with its

⁶ Babusar is a mountain pass at the north of the 150 km. long Kaghan Valley connecting it via the Thak Naja with Chilas (a small town located in the Gilgit-Baltistan) on the Karakoram Highway (KKH).

- revolution
(C) Earth's rotation round its axis
(D) None of these
48. The energy generation in stars is due to:
(A) Fission of heavy nuclei
(B) Fusion of light nuclei
(C) Fusion of heavy nuclei
(D) None of these
49. Formosa is the old name of:
(A) Cambodia (B) Rhodesia
(C) Taiwan (D) Bangkok
50. London is situated on bank of river:
(A) Delaware River (B) Nile River
(C) Thames River (D) None of these
51. The largest ocean of the world is:
(A) Indian Ocean (B) Arctic Ocean
(C) Pacific Ocean (D) None of these
52. Which of the following Sea separates Asia from Africa?
(A) Arabic Sea (B) Yellow Sea
(C) Red Sea (D) None of these
53. Baglihar Dam is located in Doda district on river:
(A) Indus River (B) Jhelum River
(C) Chenab River (D) Ravi River
54. Smallest country in Central Asia is:
(A) Tajikistan (B) Kazakhstan
(C) Uzbekistan (D) None of these
55. Which of the following countries has the largest number of Airports?
(A) India (B) UK
(C) China (D) USA
56. The name United Nations was coined by:
(A) Stalin
(B) F.D Roosevelt
(C) Winston Churchill
(D) Austin Mills
57. Who is secretary general of OIC?
(A) Dr. Ekmeleddin Ihsanoglu
(B) Tinku Abdur Rehman
(C) Mahatir Muhammad
(D) Abdelouahed Belkeziz
(Yousef bin Ahmad Al-Othaimen is a Saudi Arabian politician who is the secretary-general of the Organisation of Islamic Cooperation (OIC), since November 2016, when Iyad bin Amin Madani stepped down for health reasons)
58. Who is (was) Nicolas Sarkozy?
(A) German Chancellor
(B) Canadian President
(C) French President
(D) President of Georgia
59. What position Hu Jintao⁷ holds in China?
- (A) General Secretary of Communist Party
(B) President of the country
(C) Both A & B
(D) Prime Minister of the country
60. Where is the Headquarter of the Amnesty International located?
(A) Geneva (B) London
(C) Paris (D) New York
61. Asian Development Bank (ADB) was established in:
(A) 1964 (B) 1966
(C) 1968 (D) None of these
62. The permanent Secretariat of SAARC is established at:
(A) Kathmandu (B) Dhaka
(C) Dehli (D) Islamabad
63. Archaeological site "Bhambore" is located in the district of:
(A) Khairpur (B) Dadu
(C) Larkana (D) Thatta
64. 'Vasco da Gama' was a:
(A) Portuguese explorer
(B) French mathematician
(C) English novelist
(D) Italian tourist
65. The first international organization was:
(A) United Nations
(B) Commonwealth Organization
(C) League of Nations
(D) None of these
66. Which of the following continents has no desert⁸?
(A) Australia
(B) North America
(C) South America
(D) Europe
67. The game of 'Hockey' originated from:
(A) Pakistan (B) England
(C) Australia (D) Greece
68. "Interfax" is a news agency of:
(A) Russia (B) Turkey
(C) France (D) USA
69. What do you understand by the disease "Insomnia"?
(A) Inability to sleep
(B) Colour blindness
(C) Depression
(D) None of these
70. The World's famous Madame Tussaud's museum is situated in:
(A) Paris (B) London
(C) Rome (D) New York

⁷ Hu Jintao is a Chinese politician, who was General Secretary of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) from 2002 to 2012, President of the People's Republic of China (PRC) from 2003 to 2013 and Chairman of the Central Military Commission (CMC) from 2004 to 2012.

He was a member of the CCP Politburo Standing Committee, China's de facto top decision-making body, from 1992 to 2012. Hu is considered the paramount leader of China from 2004 to 2012

⁸ Continent Europe is considered as "continent has no desert". However some semi-deserts are present there.

71. Who was Pakistan's first permanent representative in the United Nations?
 (A) Sir Zafarullah Khan
 (B) Patras Bokhari
 (C) M.A.H. Isphani
 (D) Begum Feroz Khan Noon
72. The first country which recognized Pakistan after its creation was:
 (A) Afghanistan (B) Iran
 (C) Saudi Arabia (D) Egypt

Choose the correct meaning of the following words in bold letters:

73. ACRIMONY
 (A) friendship (B) enmity
 (C) bitterness (D) energetic
74. SACROSANCT
 (A) sacred (B) wealthy
 (C) cleaver (D) humble
75. FRAIL
 (A) strong (B) weak
 (C) secured (D) lengthy
76. PERISH
 (A) open (B) single
 (C) die (D) unique
77. PRESERVE
 (A) painful (B) anxious
 (C) attack (D) protect

Pick the most suitable / appropriate prepositions.

78. He is knocking _____ the door.
 (A) on (B) of
 (C) over (D) at
79. Did you hear _____ the accident last night?
 (A) of (B) on
 (C) in (D) about
80. Smoking is injurious _____ health.
 (A) on (B) to
 (C) of (D) for

81. بانگ درا کا اولین دیباچہ لکھنے کا اعزاز کس نے حاصل کیا؟

- (A) مولانا حالی (B) سر اس مسعود
 (C) شیخ عبدالقادر (D) جاوید اقبال

82. علامہ اقبال کی پہلی نظم کا عنوان کیا ہے؟

- (A) ترانہ ہندی (B) بچے کی دعا
 (C) عقل و دل (D) ہمالہ

83. پھول کی پتی سے کٹ سکتا ہے ہیرے کا جگر

مرد ناداں پہ کلام نرم و نازک بے اثر

یہ شعر کس کا ہے؟

- (A) غالب (B) بھرتی ہری

(D) ظفر علی خاں

(C) علامہ اقبال

84. "قدم لینا" اردو کا محاورہ ہے مطلب بتائیے۔

- (A) آگے بڑھنا
 (B) پاؤں کا نشان بنانا
 (C) پاؤں چھونا
 (D) الوداع کہنا

85. "تیاک کا بال ہونا" معروف محاورہ ہے مطلب بتائیے۔

- (A) نازک ہونا
 (B) عزیز ہونا
 (C) خطرناک ہونا
 (D) معصوم ہونا

86. "ہون بھرنا" محاورہ کے معنی کیا ہیں؟

- (A) غیبت کرنا
 (B) بے وقوف بنانا
 (C) احساس دلانا
 (D) بدگمان کر دینا

87. "بے درد و الم شام غریباں نہیں گزری

دنیا میں کسی کی کبھی یکساں نہیں گزری

شام غریباں سے کیا مراد ہے؟

- (A) مجبوروں کی شام
 (B) پردیس مسافروں کی شام
 (C) سردیوں کی شام
 (D) غریب لوگوں کی شام

88. "اپنے بے خواب کواڑوں کو متقل کر لو

اب یہاں کوئی نہیں کوئی نہیں آئے گا"

کواڑوں کا کیا مطلب ہے؟

- (A) دروازے
 (B) صدر دروازہ
 (C) آنکھیں
 (D) شہر کے دروازے

89. "کس شہر کی آمد ہے کہ رن کانپ رہا ہے" رن سے کیا مراد ہے؟

- (A) پنجاب کی عورت
 (B) میدان جنگ
 (C) کھیل کا میدان
 (D) جوان عورت

90. احمد ندیم قاسمی کی پہچان ہے۔

- (A) قصیدہ
 (B) افسانہ
 (C) ناول
 (D) تنقید

91. قرآن پاک میں سب سے زیادہ مرتبہ کن پیغمبر کا ذکر آیا ہے؟

- (A) حضرت محمد ﷺ
 (B) حضرت آدم
 (C) حضرت موسیٰ
 (D) حضرت عیسیٰ

92. نماز سے پہلے اذان کی ابتدا کب ہوئی؟

(B) 1 ہجری

(A) 10 نبوی

(D) 5 ہجری

(C) 2 ہجری

93. الہامی کتاب "زبور" کن پیغمبر پر نازل ہوئی؟

(A) حضرت داؤد

(B) حضرت یعقوب

(C) حضرت موسیٰ

(D) حضرت ہارون

94. بارش برسانا اور روزی تقسیم کرنا کس فرشتے کی ذمہ داری ہے؟

(A) حضرت اسرافیل

(B) حضرت عزرائیل

(C) حضرت جبرائیل

(D) حضرت میکائیل

95. حج کس سن ہجری میں فرض ہوا؟

(A) 7 ہجری

(B) 8 ہجری

(C) 9 ہجری

(D) 10 ہجری

96. قرآن پاک کے مطابق مصارف زکوٰۃ کی تعداد کیا ہے؟

(A) پانچ

(B) سات

(D) نو

(C) آٹھ

97. "ظلیل اللہ" کن پیغمبر کا لقب ہے؟

(A) حضرت آدم

(B) حضرت ابراہیم

(C) حضرت اسماعیل

(D) حضرت ایوب

98. لفظ "جہاد" کے انوی معنی کیا ہیں؟

(A) کوشش کرنا

(B) جنگ کرنا

(C) پھیلانا

(D) تفریق کرنا

99. "ام الساکین" کن ام المومنین کا لقب تھا؟

(A) حضرت عائشہ

(B) حضرت زینب بنت خزیمہ

(C) حضرت ام سلمیٰ

(D) حضرت حفصہ

100. فاتح مصر کون صحابی رسول تھے؟

(A) حضرت خالد بن ولید

(B) حضرت ابو عبیدہ بن جراح

(C) حضرت طارق بن زیاد

(D) حضرت عمرو بن العاص

Answer Key

1. C	14. C	27. C	40. C	53. C	66. D	79. D	92. B
2. C	15. C	28. C	41. A	54. A	67. B	80. B	93. A
3. D	16. A	29. D	42. C	55. D	68. A	81. C	94. D
4. B	17. B	30. C	43. C	56. B	69. A	82. D	95. C
5. D	18. C	31. A	44. A	57. A	70. B	83. B	96. C
6. D	19. D	32. A	45. D	58. C	71. B	84. C	97. B
7. A	20. C	33. C	46. A	59. C	72. B	85. B	98. A
8. B	21. A	34. D	47. C	60. B	73. C	86. D	99. B
9. A	22. B	35. A	48. B	61. B	74. A	87. B	100. D
10. B	23. C	36. D	49. C	62. A	75. B	88. C	
11. C	24. D	37. C	50. C	63. D	76. C	89. B	
12. A	25. B	38. D	51. C	64. A	77. D	90. B	
13. D	26. B	39. B	52. C	65. C	78. D	91. C	

MODEL PAPER 154

PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
For the Post of FOOD INSPECTOR (BS-14) 2010

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. FBI stands for
(A) Federal Bureau of investigation
(B) Federal Board of investment
(C) Federal Bureau of Information
(D) None of these | (A) Football player
(B) Tennis player
(C) Actress
(D) None of these |
| 2. Which word is wrongly spelt in the following set of words?
(A) Fashion
(B) Occasion
(C) Indintion
(D) Situation | 4. When Pakistan adopted decimal system?
(A) 1960
(B) 1961
(C) 1963
(D) 1964 |
| 3. Andre Agassi is: | 5. Ban-ki-Moon was of
(A) US
(B) UK
(C) South Korea
(D) North Korea |
| | 6. The first session of UN General Assembly was held in: |

- (A) Paris (B) London
(C) New York (D) None of above
7. Hugo Chavez⁹ belongs to:
(A) Haiti (B) Venezuela
(C) West Indies (D) None of these
8. Election Commissioner appointed for the period of _____
(A) 3 years (B) 5 years
(C) 6 years (D) None of above
9. J.K Rowling is a famous
(A) U.K Dancer
(B) US Diplomat
(C) French Secretary of State
(D) None of above
10. Grameen Bank is associated to
(A) M. Ali
(B) Mulla Omar
(C) Yunus Aziz
(D) Muhammad Yunus
11. Total articles in the charter of UNO
(A) 111 (B) 115
(C) 120 (D) None of above
12. Paulo Coelho is
(A) Egyptian Novelist
(B) English Novelist
(C) French Novelist
(D) Brazilian Novelist
13. Seymour Hyresh is
(A) Diplomat (B) Tennis Player
(C) Journalist (D) All of Above
14. Who is P.M of Bangladesh
(A) Kalida Zia (B) Hussina Wajid
(C) Zia-ur-Rehman (D) None of above
15. Hu Jin Tao is
(A) President of China
(B) Prime Minister of China
(C) Foreign Minister of Korea
(D) President of North Korea
16. Water Distribution Accord among provinces was concluded in
(A) 1991 (B) 1992
(C) 1993 (D) 1994
17. Angela Merkel is
(A) President of German
(B) Prime Minister Austria
(C) Foreign Minister of France
(D) None of above
18. Yukia Amano is Head of
(A) IRC (B) IMF
(C) IAEA (D) None
19. Who is the first Governor General of Pakistan?
- (A) Ghulam Mohammad
(B) Iskinder Mirza
(C) Khawaja Nazim-uddm
(D) None of above
20. Chandka Medical College is in
(A) Larkana (B) Nawab Shah
(C) Karachi (D) None of these
21. Which of the following is land locked country?
(A) Afghanistan (B) Bangladesh
(C) India (D) None of above
22. Hitler belongs to
(A) Italy (B) Germany
(C) England (D) France
23. Gates Bill is:
(A) Microsoft founder
(B) Google Engineer
(C) You Tube
(D) None of above
24. Capitan Cook
(A) An Australian Navigator
(B) A Scientist
(C) Both A & B
(D) None of above
25. Charles de Gaulle belongs to
(A) England (B) US
(C) Russia (D) France
26. Columbus reached America
(A) 1491 (B) 1492
(C) 1498 (D) None of Above
27. Bismarck was an
(A) American (B) Italian
(C) Asian (D) German
28. Florence Nightingale was founder of
(A) Nursing
(B) Flower Making
(C) Water Treatment
(D) None of above
29. Voltaire was
(A) Scientist (B) Philosopher
(C) Engineer (D) None of above
30. Gamal Abdul Nassar belongs to
(A) Syria (B) France
(C) Egypt (D) None of above
31. Ibn Batuta came in India during the period of
(A) Muhammad Bin Tughlaq
(B) Babur
(C) Jahngir
(D) None of above
32. Leo Tolstoy was a
(A) Political Scientist (B) Scientist
(C) Engineer (D) None of above
33. The Last Supper is:
(A) Portrait (B) Building
(C) All of above (D) None of these
34. Julius Caesar belongs to
(A) Rome (B) France
(C) London (D) None of above

⁹ Hugo Rafael Chávez Frías (28 July 1954 – 5 March 2013) was a Venezuelan politician who was president of Venezuela from 1999 until his death in 2013, except for a brief period in April 2002.

35. Maria Montessori was an
 (A) French Educationist
 (B) Italian Educationist
 (C) German Educationist
 (D) English Scientist
36. Mirza Ghalab was born in
 (A) Delhi (B) Lahore
 (C) Kolkotta (D) Agra
37. Amir Timur invaded India in
 (A) 12th Century (B) 13th Century
 (C) 14th Century (D) None of above
38. Non-Party Elections held in Pakistan
 (A) 1985 (B) 1995
 (C) 2008 (D) None of above
39. Pedagogy is science of
 (A) Teaching (B) Speech
 (C) Psychology (D) None of above
40. Scout movement was started by
 (A) Lord Beden Powel
 (B) J. N. Durent
 (C) Someltt
 (D) None of above
41. Mahmud Abbas is Prime Minister of
 (A) Palestine (B) Iran
 (C) Israel (D) None of above
42. When of the following group are considered to be Universal donars
 (A) A+ (B) B+
 (C) AB+ (D) O-
43. Sensitive layer of the eye is
 (A) Choroids (B) Cornea
 (C) Retina (D) None of these
44. Which is the hardest
 (A) Carbon (B) Gold
 (C) Silver (D) None of these
45. Which of one is most elastic
 (A) Steel (B) Rubber
 (C) Glass (D) Diamond
46. Earthquakes are caused Dy
 (A) Tectonism (B) Denudation
 (C) The rotation (D) None of these
47. The Planet nearest to the Sun is
 (A) Mars (B) Mercury
 (C) Jupiter (D) Saturn
48. In Roman numerals C stands for
 (A) 100 (B) 20
 (C) 300 (D) 500
49. Metallurgy is Science of
 (A) Ores and Metals
 (B) Reading
 (C) Both a & b
 (D) None of these
50. Safety mechanism of blood works under
 (A) White Blood (B) Red Blood
 (C) Lymphatic (D) None of these
51. NFC award declares _____ share for 2010
 (A) 56.5 (B) 57.2
 (C) 56.7 (D) 60%
52. NRO was promulgated by
 (A) Asrf Ali Zardari
 (B) Parvez Mushraf
 (C) Rafique Tarar
 (D) Yousaf Raza Gillani
53. Which of the following General Secretary of the UNO had died in an airplane crash
 (A) Dag hammarskjold
 (B) Kurt Waldheim
 (C) Sthart
 (D) None of these
54. Sepp Blatter¹⁰ is president of
 (A) FIFA (B) Olympic
 (C) Nobel Prize (D) None of these
55. Liaquat-Nehru Pact signed in
 (A) 1950 (B) 1952
 (C) 1954 (D) 1956
56. The capacity of proposed C-3 is
 (A) 1200 MW (B) 800 MW
 (C) 700 MW (D) 325 MW
57. Who is current Prime minister of UK
 (A) John Mayor (B) Gordon Brown
 (C) Tony Blair (D) None of these
(Boris Johnson is the current Prime Minister of the United Kingdom)
58. CCP Stands for
 (A) College Council of Pakistan
 (B) Chemistry Council of Punjab
 (C) Competitions Commission of Pakistan
 (D) All of above
59. Indian Patriotic Association was formed by
 (A) Syed Amir Ali
 (B) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
 (C) Allama Iqbal
 (D) None of above
60. Hindi - Urdu Controversy started in 1867 from
 (A) Ali Garh (B) Benaris
 (C) Delhi (D) None of these
61. Brahmo Samaj was _____ by
 (A) Agmihotri
 (B) Raja Ram Mohan Rai
 (C) Taroq
 (D) None of above
62. Allahabad address desired cession of Indian territory from rest of India
 (A) South Western
 (B) North Western
 (C) Eastern zones
 (D) None of above

¹⁰ Joseph "Sepp" Blatter is a retired Swiss football administrator who was the eighth President of the FIFA (French: Fédération Internationale de Football Association) from 1998 to 2015. Gianni Infantino is the eighth President of the FIFA, since 26 February 2016.

63. What is the age of Holy Prophet (PBUH) at the time of fixing _____ Black stone
(A) 30 years (B) 35 years
(C) 36 years (D) 38 years
64. Which Prayer was last prayed by the Prophet (PBUH)
(A) Fajr (B) Zuhar
(C) Asr (D) Maghrib
65. OIC was formed in
(A) 1969 (B) 1970
(C) 1971 (D) 1973
66. Caspian _____ touches
(A) Iran (B) Turkey
(C) Syria (D) Egypt
67. Which is city of Mosques?
(A) Lahore (B) Madina
(C) Baghdad (D) Dhakka
68. Which Muslim country is known for cluster of Islands
(A) Indonesia (B) Malaysia
(C) Afghanistan (D) Bruni
69. Collateral Security is given to
(A) Bank
(B) Insurance Company
(C) To the Organizations you are employed
(D) None of above
70. Naxalites are working in
(A) Bangladesh (B) Nepal
(C) India (D) None of these
71. Which is biggest producer of Uranium
(A) Kazakhstan (B) Zaire
(C) Canada (D) U.K
72. How much percentage Carbon dioxide is in the air
(A) 20 % (B) 40 %
(C) 60 % (D) None of these
73. Quebec City is in
(A) Australia (B) Canada
(C) US (D) UK
74. The Imperial city is the title of
(A) London (B) Baghdad
(C) Rome (D) Mexico
75. A boy had twice as many sums wrong as right. If he had 24 sums in all how many of them were wrong
(A) 18 (B) 20
(C) 16 (D) 8
Ratio of wrong to right sums is 2:1
Sum of Ratio is = 2 + 1 = 3
Total sums 24 Ratio is 3 so $\frac{24}{3} = 8$
One ratio equals to 8
Then 2 ratios will be $8 \times 2 = 16$ wrong sums
Then 1 ratios will be $8 \times 1 = 8$ right sums
24 total sums
76. A monkey ascends a greased pole 21 in high. in the first minute he ascends 6 in and in the next minute he descends 5 in if he continues

- this process, in how many minutes will he reach the top
(A) 17 Minutes (B) 105 Minutes
(C) 20 Minutes (D) 21 Minutes
77. Day and night are equal on
(A) 21st March (B) 21st September
(C) 1st October (D) 21st December
78. Big Bang theory pertains to
(A) Origin of universe (B) Origin of species
(C) Atom bomb (D) Rock music
79. Braille system is meant to teach:
(A) deaf (B) blind
(C) cripple (D) foolish
80. Hippocratic oath is taken by:
(A) medicine doctors (B) doctors of law
(C) greek sculptors (D) None of above
81. Bears and Bulls
(A) jangle code (B) stock rise and fall
(C) price rise and fall (D) None of above
82. In Camera meeting means:
(A) open meeting
(B) meeting in the chamber of judge
(C) not meant for public
(D) None of above
83. Who is Uncle Sam
(A) France (B) Australian
(C) UK (D) USA
84. Dr Mohammad Yunis belongs to:
(A) Iran (B) Bangladesh
(C) Syria (D) Turkey
85. Sine die means
(A) death (B) indefinite period
(C) limited period (D) None of above
86. Premium is paid by
(A) Prisoner
(B) Customer
(C) Company on amount of money to paid to get insurance
(D) None of above
87. Casting vote means
(A) deciding vote (B) vote in form of tie
(C) Both a & b (D) None of above
88. Protocol means.
(A) a system of rules
(B) a formal international agreement
(C) specialized computer language
(D) All of above
89. Name the capital of syria:
(A) Damscus (B) Baghdad
(C) Cairo (D) Oman
90. Agenda means
(A) list of matters discussed in meeting
(B) list of future possible agreement
(C) Both a & b
(D) None of above
91. Which country is located on the north boarder of Pakistan?
(A) Iran (B) Afghanistan

- (C) China (D) India
92. Area wise the largest province of Pakistan is
 (A) Punjab (B) Sindh
 (C) NWFP (D) Balochistan
93. The Number of Federally Administrated areas in Pakistan is
 (A) Two (B) Three
 (C) Four (D) Five
94. Most of the electricity in Pakistan is produced by:
 (A) Hydal Power (B) Nuclear Power
 (C) Solar Power (D) Thermal Power
95. Warsak Dam has been constructed on:
 (A) Kabul River (B) Indus River
 (C) Chenab River (D) Swat River
96. Natural Gas was discovered at Sui in
 (A) 1950 (B) 1952
 (C) 1954 (D) 1958
97. The system of Basic Democracies was introduced by:

- (A) Iskander Mina
 (B) Muhammad Ali Bogra
 (C) Ayub Khan
 (D) Zia-ul-Haq
98. Islamabad was officially made the capital of Pakistan in:
 (A) 1961 (B) 1964
 (C) 1966 (D) 1967
99. Who was the Prime Minister of India at the time of Simla Agreement in 1972?
 (A) Lal Bahadur Shastri
 (B) Indira Gandhi
 (C) Jawanharial Nehru
 (D) Morarji Desai
100. Who was the British Prime Minister at the time of Pakistan's independence in 1947:
 (A) Lord Mount Batten
 (B) Winston Churchill
 (C) Clement Attlee
 (D) Lord Irwin

Answer Key

1. A	14. B	27. D	40. A	53. A	66. A	79. B	92. D
2. C	15. A	28. A	41. D	54. A	67. D	80. A	93. B
3. B	16. A	29. B	42. D	55. A	68. A	81. B	94. D
4. B	17. D	30. C	43. C	56. D	69. A	82. B	95. A
5. C	18. C	31. A	44. A	57. B	70. C	83. D	96. B
6. B	19. D	32. D	45. A	58. C	71. A	84. B	97. C
7. B	20. A	33. A	46. A	59. B	72. D	85. B	98. D
8. B	21. A	34. A	47. B	60. B	73. B	86. C	99. B
9. D	22. B	35. B	48. A	61. B	74. C	87. A	100. C
10. D	23. A	36. D	49. A	62. B	75. C	88. D	
11. A	24. D	37. C	50. A	63. B	76. A	89. A	
12. D	25. D	38. A	51. A	64. A	77. A	90. A	
13. C	26. B	39. A	52. B	65. A	78. A	91. C	



MODEL PAPER 155

**FOOD GRAINS SUPERVISORS (BPS-09)
 in the Punjab Food Department**

1. Which Province of Pakistan has the largest area?
 (A) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
 (B) Punjab
 (C) Sindh
 (D) Baluchistan
2. The border between Pakistan and Afghanistan is known as:
 (A) Khyber Pass
 (B) Shahrah-e-Resham
 (C) Durand Line
 (D) Boland Pass
3. In which year NWFP was named Khyber Pakhtunkhwa?
 (A) 2008 (B) 2009
4. The Mohammad Educational Conference was founded in:
 (A) 1884 (B) 1886
 (C) 1890 (D) 1891
5. The Jallianwala Bagh incident took place on 13th April:
 (A) 1913 (B) 1915
 (C) 1917 (D) 1919
6. The pamphlet "Now or Never" was written by:
 (A) Allama Iqbal
 (B) Chaudhry Rehmat Ali
 (C) Quaid-e-Azam
 (D) Sir Syed
7. Which of the following is not a member of

- Economic Cooperation Organisation (ECO):
 (A) Pakistan (B) Afghanistan
 (C) Chechnya (D) Kazakhstan
8. Percentage of women in the Population of Pakistan is:
 (A) 54% (B) 51%
 (C) 49% (D) None of these
9. Rank of Pakistan according to Population Size in the world is:
 (A) 6th (B) 8th
 (C) 9th (D) None of these
10. The national flower of Pakistan is:
 (A) Tulip (B) Rose
 (C) Jasmine (D) Sunflower
11. Boundary Line between China and India is called:
 (A) Red Line (B) McMahon Line
 (C) Package Line (D) None of these
12. During British rule in India, in 1905, Bengal was partitioned by:
 (A) Lord Minto (B) Lord Simla
 (C) Radcliffe (D) Lord Curzon
13. Simla Deputation (October 1906) consisted of _____ Muslim leaders?
 (A) 18 (B) 35
 (C) 40 (D) 50
14. The demand for 'Separate Electorate' in India by the Muslims was accepted in?
 (A) 1906 (B) 1909
 (C) 1919 (D) 1935
15. India's Partition plan was announced on?
 (A) June 3, 1947 (B) July 3, 1947
 (C) July 18, 1947 (D) August 14, 1947
16. Which Indian Muslim leader was buried in Jerusalem?
 (A) Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar
 (B) Nawab Viqarul Mulk
 (C) Sir Sayyed Ahmad Khan
 (D) Maulvi Fazlul Haq
17. Who was the last Viceroy of India?
 (A) Lord Wavell (B) Lord Mountbatten
 (C) Lord Linlithgow (D) Lord Cripps
18. Who was the last Governor General of Pakistan?
 (A) Quaid-i-Azam
 (B) Ghulam Muhammad
 (C) Iskandar Mirza
 (D) Ayub Khan
19. Objectives Resolution was passed in?
 (A) 1940 (B) 1949
 (C) 1974 (D) 1985
20. Who was the Indian Prime Minister to sign Tashkent Declaration with Pakistan?
 (A) Jawahar Lal Nehru
 (B) Lal Bahadur Shastri
 (C) Indira Ghandi
 (D) Atal Behari Vajpai
21. Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah joined Muslim League in?
 (A) 1906 (B) 1911
 (C) 1913 (D) 1916
22. Allahabad Address by Allama Iqbal was delivered in?
 (A) 1906 (B) 1930
 (C) 1930 (D) 1938
23. Which Indian Muslim leader moved the Pakistan Resolution at the All India Muslim League Session held in Lahore in 1940?
 (A) Maulvi Fazal ul Haq
 (B) Maulana Bashani
 (C) Maulana Fazal-ur-Rehman
 (D) Maulana Shibli Naumani
24. The 1st Prime Minister of Pakistan, Liaqat Ali Khan, was assassinated on?
 (A) December 16, 1951
 (B) October 16, 1951
 (C) September 16, 1951
 (D) November 16, 1951
25. Simla Agreement between India and Pakistan was signed in?
 (A) 1960 (B) 1966
 (C) 1972 (D) 1988
26. Hazrat Sheikh Ali Bin Usman Hajweri (Data Ganj Bukhsh) came to India during the time of
 (A) Mughals (B) Khiljis
 (C) Tughluq (D) Ghaznavi
27. The normal temperature of the human body is:
 (A) 98.4 °F (B) 96.4 °F
 (C) 93.4 °F (D) 100 °F
28. Capital of Myanmar¹¹ is:
 (A) Yangoon (B) Rangoon
 (C) Colombo (D) Khulna
29. World Population Day is celebrated on:
 (A) 11th July (B) 11th June
 (C) 11th May (D) None of these
30. World Water Day is celebrated on:
 (A) 22nd March (B) 22nd June
 (C) 22nd July (D) None of these
31. World Literacy Day is celebrated on:
 (A) 5th September (B) 6th September
 (C) 8th September (D) None of these
32. Greenwich mean time passes through
 (A) Ireland (B) Morocco
 (C) Mali (D) None of these
33. _____ is the nearest planet to Earth:
 (A) Venus (B) Mars
 (C) Jupiter (D) None of these
34. Distance between the Earth and Sun during

¹¹ Yangon; also known as Rangoon, literally: "End of Strife") is a former capital of Burma (Myanmar) and the capital of Yangon Region. Yangon is the country's largest city and is the most important commercial centre, although the military government officially relocated the capital to Naypyidaw in March 2006.

- winter:
 (A) Increases (B) decreases
 (C) remains the same (D) fluctuates
35. Which country has the largest Muslim population in the world?
 (A) Iran (B) India
 (C) Indonesia (D) Saudi Arabia
36. Which city was once known as Constantinople?
 (A) Cairo (B) Qum
 (C) Istanbul (D) California
37. What is the common name for sodium chloride?
 (A) Acid (B) Qalmi Shora
 (C) Gandhak (D) Salt
38. What is chlorophyll's colour?
 (A) Green (B) Yellow
 (C) Red (D) Black
39. In which European City are the Headquarters of the Red Cross?
 (A) New York (B) Belgium
 (C) Holland (D) Geneva
40. Which city is capital of Sri Lanka¹²?
 (A) Colombo (B) Chittagong
 (C) Khatmandu (D) Rajshahi
41. Who erected the Taj Mahal in memory of his wife?
 (A) Jahangir (B) Shah Jahan
 (C) Akbar (D) Humayun
42. Who is the founder of modern Republic of Turkey?
 (A) Caliph Abdul Majeed
 (B) Tariq Bin Ziyad
 (C) Mustafa Kamal
 (D) Babrak
43. What is the boiling point of water?
 (A) 60 °C (B) 80 °C
 (C) 100 °C (D) 120 °C
44. Which continent is called a Dark Continent?
 (A) Africa (B) Europe
 (C) Asia (D) America
45. Who wrote "Heer Ranjha"?
 (A) Waris Shah
 (B) Bulleh Shah
 (C) Sultan Bahu
 (D) Mian Muhammad Bux
46. Faiz Ahmad Faiz¹³ was:

- (A) A Poet
 (B) A Journalist
 (C) An army personnel
 (D) All the above
47. Holy Prophet (PBUH) was born in _____?
 (A) 568 A.D (B) 569 A.D
 (C) 570 A.D (D) 571 A.D
48. In "Azaan", how many times the word "Allah-o-Akbar" is recited?
 (A) 4 (B) 5
 (C) 6 (D) 7
49. Which Surah of Holy Quran was the first to be revealed?
 (A) Al Hamd (B) Al Baqrah
 (C) Al Alaq (D) Al Rahman
50. Who for the first time started the construction of Holy Kaaba?
 (A) Hazrat Nuh (B) Hazrat Ismail
 (C) Hazrat Ibrahim (D) Hazrat Adam
51. According to Treaty of Hudaibiya, a truce (peace) was declared between Muslims and Quraish for _____ years.
 (A) 5 (B) 7
 (C) 10 (D) 12
52. Torat was revealed on the prophet:
 (A) Hazrat Musa
 (B) Hazrat Isa
 (C) Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)
 (D) Hazrat Daud
53. The longest Surah in Holy Quran is:
 (A) Al-Imran (B) Al Nisa
 (C) Al-Baqrah (D) Al Maida
54. When Hajj was made obligatory?
 (A) 2 A.H (B) 5 A.H
 (C) 7 A.H (D) 9 A.H

¹² Colombo is the executive judicial & commercial capital, and largest city of Sri Lanka. It is located on the west coast of the island and adjacent to Sri Jayawardenepura Kotte, the legislative capital of Sri Lanka. Colombo is often referred to as the capital since Sri Jayawardenepura Kotte is within the urban area of, and a satellite city of, Colombo. It is the official capital city of Sri Lanka.

¹³ On 11 May 1942, Faiz was commissioned in the British Indian Army as a second lieutenant in the 18th

Royal Garhwal Rifles. Initially assigned as a public relations officer in the General Staff Branch, Faiz received rapid promotions in succession to acting captain on 18 July 1942, war-substantive lieutenant and temporary captain on 1 November 1942, acting major on 19 November 1943 and to temporary major and war-substantive captain on 19 February 1944. On 30 December 1944, he received a desk assignment as an assistant director of public relations on the staff of the North-Western Army, with the local rank of lieutenant-colonel. For his service, he was appointed a Member of the Order of the British Empire, Military Division (MBE) in the 1945 New Year Honours list. Faiz served with a unit led by Akbar Khan, a left-wing officer and future Pakistan Army general. He remained in the army for a short period after the war, receiving promotion to acting lieutenant-colonel in 1945 and to war-substantive major and temporary lieutenant-colonel on 19 February 1946. In 1947, Faiz opted for the newly established State of Pakistan. However, after witnessing the 1947 Kashmir war with India, Faiz decided to leave the army and submitted his resignation in 1947.

55. Which Surah does not start with Bismillah?
 (A) Al Tauba (B) Al Nas
 (C) Al Noor (D) Al Naml
56. In which Surah Bismillah has occurred twice?
 (A) Nahal (B) Al Tauba
 (C) Al Nas (D) Al Naml
57. The name of the fifth Kalimah is:
 (A) Kalima Tauheed (B) Kalima Shahdat
 (C) Kalima Istighfar (D) Kalima Tamjeed
58. Which is the 12th month of the Islamic Year?
 (A) Muharam (B) Rajab
 (C) Shawal (D) Zilhaj
59. Identify the last Ghazwa in which the Prophet Hazrat (PBUH) participated.
 (A) Mutah (B) Tabuk
 (C) Hunain (D) Ahzab
60. Hazrat Yousuf was the son of:
 (A) Hazrat ishaq (B) Hazrat Yaqoob
 (C) Hazrat Ismail (D) Hazrat Loot
61. Which surah of the Holy Quran is called the heart of the Quran
 (A) Surah Al-Ikhlis (B) Surah Ya Sin
 (C) Surah Al-Baqra (D) Sura Ar-Rehman
62. In which language Injeel was revealed?
 (A) Hebrew (B) Arabic
 (C) Latin (D) Greek
63. In which Surah of the Holy Quran, the word "Khatimum Nabiiyeen" is mentioned?
 (A) Al Falq (B) Al Fateha
 (C) Al Tauba (D) Al Ahzab
64. How many are the most exalted angels?
 (A) One (B) Two
 (C) Three (D) Four
65. Which two prayers have no Azaan?
 (A) Janaza, Eid (B) Fajr, Zuhr
 (C) Zuhr, Asr (D) Asr, Maghrib
66. The Salaat Witr is a part of _____
 (A) Fajr (B) Zuhr
 (C) Isha (D) Asr
67. How many times the word 'Zakat' occurs in Holy Quran?
 (A) 30 (B) 32
 (C) 34 (D) 36
68. The commandment for observing Fast has been stipulated in the Surah _____
 (A) Al Nisa (B) Al Imran
 (C) Al Maida (D) Al Baqra
69. In which Surah Hajj has been commanded?
 (A) Al Bagrah (B) Al Imran
 (C) Al Nisa (D) Muhammad
70. Which was the tribe of Hazrat Abu Bakr?
 (A) Ban Khizraj (B) Banu Aus
 (C) Banu Tamim (D) Banu Hashim
71. For how many years, the caliphate of Hazrat Abu Bakr lasted¹⁴?
 (A) Three years (B) Two years
 (C) Four years (D) Five years
72. Pick the correct word:
 (A) Formdible (B) Formidable
 (C) Firmdable (D) Pharmidable
73. He died of a serious:
 (A) Decease (B) disease
 (C) demise (D) death
74. Mark the synonym of "chair":
 (A) Pedestal (B) Boasting
 (C) Seat (D) Pride
75. Choose the correct sentence:
 (A) She resmebles to her mother
 (B) She resembles with her sister
 (C) She resembles her cousin
 (D) The two brothers resemble on each other
76. Which one is the antonym of Fugitive?
 (A) Immigrant (B) Refugee
 (C) Absconder (D) Captive
77. In a sentence "no sooner is always followed by:
 (A) That (B) As
 (C) Than (D) Then
78. One who is capable of dealing with many subjects is called:
 (A) Genius (B) Intellectual
 (C) Versatile (D) Vulnerable
79. What is the one word substitution for a person who is unable to pay his debt:
 (A) Poor (B) Vegabond
 (C) Solvent (D) Insolvent
80. His silence _____ to refusal
 (A) Tantamounts (B) is tantamount
 (C) Is tantamounting (D) tantamounted
81. Pick the wrong word:
 (A) Transpyre (B) Transfer
 (C) Tranquil (D) Tranquility
82. The husband ruled by his wife is called:
 (A) Penpricked (B) Henpecked
 (C) Indebted (D) Liquidator
83. The workman may seek indulgence _____ the Labour Court for his guaranteed rights:
 (A) of (B) to
 (C) in (D) for
84. Which is the correct sentence:
 (A) I am sick by your lies
 (B) I am sick from your lies
 (C) I am sick of your lies
 (D) I am sick to your lies
85. Which is the correct sentence:
 (A) He brushed on my argument
 (B) He brushed aside my argument
 (C) He brushed to my argument

¹⁴ Hazrat Abu Bakar's (ra) Caliphate lasted for 27 months

