

# WENLIANG LI

Ph.D. Candidate

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## RESEARCH INTERESTS

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Structural Change, Productivity Growth, Regional Development, Trade, Industrial Dynamics, Income Inequality

## REFERENCES

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### Gilles SAINT-PAUL

Chaired Professor  
Paris School of Economics (PSE)  
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### Lise PATUREAU

Professor  
Université Paris Dauphine - PSL  
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## EDUCATION

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### Université Paris Dauphine - PSL

Ph.D. in Economics  
Supervisors: Gilles Saint-Paul & Lise Patureau

Oct. 2018 — Oct. 2024  
(expected)

### Université Paris Dauphine - PSL

Master (M2) in International Economics and Development

Sep. 2017 — Jun. 2018

### Université Paris 1 Panthéon - Sorbonne

Magistère (M1) in Applied Economics

Sep. 2016 — Jun. 2017

### Peking University

Bachelor in Economics & Bachelor in French Literature

Sep. 2012 — Jun. 2016

### Université de Lausanne

International Exchange Program

Feb. 2015 — Jun. 2015

## PUBLICATION

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“Structural Change, Labour Reallocation and Productivity Growth in Post-reform China” (2024), *Oxford Economic Papers*, <https://doi.org/10.1093/oep/gpae008>

## WORKING PAPERS

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[1] “Comparative Advantage, Endowment Structure and Regional Specialization in China” (submitted to *China Economic Review*)

This paper quantifies the roles of the classical trade determinants in driving the industrial specialization pattern across Chinese provinces. The paper constructs an original database at the province-sector level, tracing the industrial dynamics across 25 industrial sectors and 31 provinces from 1990 to 2016. Empirical measures of specialization and trade determinants are explicitly grounded on a theoretical framework of partial equilibrium model, allowing to explain the provincial specialization across multi-sectors by both Ricardian and Heckscher-Ohlin (HO) predictions. The empirical results show that the provincial specialization is jointly determined by Ricardian comparative advantage revealed in TFP and HO endowment condition, with determinants of new trade theories being controlled for. The Ricardian determinant is more powerful and persistent than HO determinant. Besides, industrial dynamics is more impacted by classical trade determinants than by its own inertia, implying that China’s regional specialization is self-adjusting rather than path-dependent.

[2] “Structural Change and Regional Income Inequality: Evidence from China” (in progress, with Lise Patureau)

## CONFERENCE PRESENTATIONS

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- 2024 Workshop “Innovation and Productivity Growth in China” (Manchester China Institute)
- 2023 European Trades Studies Group Conference (ETSG); Chinese Economists Society North America Conference (CES)
- 2022 Asian Economic Development Conference (ADB); French Association on Economic Science Congress (AFSE)
- 2021 Globalization and Development Conference (GlaD)
- 2020 European Economic Association Congress (EEA)

## TEACHING EXPERIENCE

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### Université Paris Dauphine - PSL

- Open-Economy Macroeconomics (432h as lecturer) Spring 2018 — Spring 2024
- Introduction to Microeconomics (6h as teaching assistant) Fall 2019
- Economics of Uncertainty (36h as teaching assistant) Fall 2018

## PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

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### Université Paris Dauphine - PSL

- Temporary Teaching and Research Fellow (ATER) 2021 — 2023

### China Center for Economic Research (CCER), Beijing

- Research Assistant (Intern) 2016

## NON-ACADEMIC EXPERIENCE

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### UNESCO, Paris

- External Language Specialist 2016 — 2021

## LANGUAGES AND SKILLS

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English (proficient), French (proficient), Chinese (native)

STATA, SAS, GAMS, LATEX, Python, C++ Programming