Die 7 martii
S. THOMÆ DE AQUINO
Conf. et Eccl. Doct.
Duplex
Commune vide (132)

Ad Matutinum

Lectio iii

T homas Aquínas, nobílibus paréntibus natus, iam aduléscens, invítis matre et frátribus, Ordinem Prædicatórum suscépit et Lutétiam Parisiórum missus est. Verum fratres, in itinere eum aggréssi, in arcem castri sancti Joánnis perdúcunt, ubi angélicus iúvenis mulíerem, quæ ad labefactándam eius castitátem introdúcta fúerat, titióne fugávit. Patrísiis philosophíæ ac theologíæ ita óperam dedit, ut vix vigínti quinque annos natus, públice philósophos ac theólogos summa cum laude interpretátus sit. Nunquam se lectióni aut scriptióni dedit, nisi post oratiónem. Cum aliquándo hanc Iesu crucifíxi vocem audísset: Bene scripsísti de me, Thoma, quam ergo mercédem accípies? amandtíssime respóndit: Non áliam, Dómine, nisi teípsum. Nullum fuit scriptórum genus, in quo non eset diligentíssime versátus. Ab Urbáno quarto Romam vocátus, eius iussu lucubrávit Officium pro solemnitáte Córporis Christi. Missus a beáto Gregório décimo ad concílium Lugdunénse, in monastério Fossæ Novæ in morbum íncidit, et ibi ægrótus Cántica canticórum explanávit. Ibídem óbiit quiquageMarch 7th
ST. THOMAS AQUINAS
Confessor and Doctor
Double
see the Common (132)

Matins

Lesson iii

T homas Aquinas, born of no-ble parents, entered the Order of Preachers while he was still quite young, against the will of his mother and brothers, He was sent to Paris; but his brothers waylaid him on the journey and abducted him to the castle of San Giovanni. There the angelic youth put to flight with a firebrand a woman who had been brought in to cause him to lose his chastity. At Paris, he devoted himself to the study of philosophy and theology with such success that, when he was scarcely twenty-five years old, he gained the highest praise for his public commentaries on the works of the philosophers and the theologians. He never started to read or write without first having prayed. Once he heard: these words from Jesus crucified: "You have written well about Me. Thomas. What reward would you like to receive?" And he lovingly answered, "None but Yourself, Lord." There was no kind of writing in which he was not thoroughly versed. Summoned to Rome by Urban IV, at his command he composed the Office for the feast of Corpus Christi. On

nárius, anno millésimo ducentésimo septuagésimo quarto, Nonis mártii. Ipsum Leo décimus tértius cæléstem patrónum scholárum ómnium catholicárum declarávit in instítuit.

Te Deum laudámus 7*.

his way to the Council of Lyons, to which he had been sent by St. Gregory X, he was taken ill at the monastery of Fossa Nuova and, as he lay sick, he interpreted the Canticle of Canticles. He died there at the age of fifty years, on March 7, 1274. Leo XIII proclaimed and appointed him the heavenly patron of all Catholic schools.

Te Deum is said 7*.

This part demonstrates that the parallel columns can be interupted. I know some bilingual texts keep rubrics only in English. Not my preference but possible. Some modifications could also make this text black if single language commentary only was desired.

Ad Laudes

V. Iustum deduxit Dóminus per vias rectas. R. Et osténdit illi regnum Dei. Dei Osténdit Dei Osténdit. Dei Osténdit hætérnum. Dei Osténdit Dei Osténdit. Dei Osténdit hætérnum. Lorum ipsum.

Ad Laudes

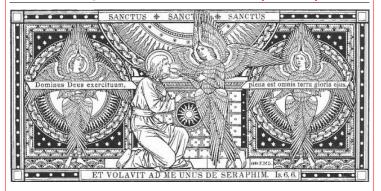
V. Iustum deduxit Dóminus per vias rectas. R. Et osténdit illi regnum Dei.

Lauds

V. English English English versicle versicle time. R. keeps blocks aligned even if one has less text

Lauds

V. English English English versicle. R. English English response. Verum fratres, in it'inere eum aggr'essi, in arcem castri sancti Jo'annis perd'ucunt, ubi ang'elicus i'uvenis mul'ierem, qu'ae ad labefact'andam eius castit'atem introd'ucta f'uerat, titi'one fug'avit. Patr'isiis philosoph'i"ae ac theolog'i"ae ita 'operam dedit, ut vix vig'inti quinque annos natus, p'ublice phil'osophos ac the'ologos summa cum laude interpret'atus sit. Nunquam se.



FERIA QUINTA IN CŒNA DOMINI

MAUNDY THURSDAY OF THE LORD'S SUPPER

Duplex I classis - Double of the First Class

Ad Matutinum

Lectio iii

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Matins

Lesson iii

Thomas Aquinas, born of noble parents, entered the Order of Preachers while he was still quite young, against the will of his mother and brothers, He was sent to Paris; but his brothers waylaid him on the journey and abducted him to the castle of San Giovanni. There the angelic youth put to flight with a firebrand a woman who had been brought in to cause him to lose his chastity. At Paris, he devoted himself to the study of philosophy and theology with such success that, when he was scarcely twenty-five years old, he gained the highest praise for his pubaliquándo hanc Iesu crucifíxi vocem audísset: Bene scripsísti de me, Thoma, quam ergo mercédem accípies? amandtíssime respóndit: Non áliam, Dómine, nisi teípsum. Nullum fuit scriptórum genus, in quo non eset diligentíssime versátus. Ab Urbáno quarto Romam vocátus, eius iussu lucubrávit Officium pro solemnitáte Córporis Christi. Missus a beáto Gregório décimo ad concílium Lugdunénse, in monastério Fossæ Novæ in morbum íncidit, et ibi ægrótus Cántica canticórum explanávit. Ibídem óbiit quiquagenárius, anno millésimo ducentésimo septuagésimo quarto, Nonis mártii. Ipsum Leo décimus tértius cæléstem patrónum scholárum ómnium catholicárum declarávit in instituit.

Te Deum laudámus 7*.

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Te Deum is said 7*.