

Does your car have racing in its blood?

What's the first name you think of when you think of motorsport? Ferrari? Porsche? Lotus?

Where does Ford come on your list? In recent years Ford and Fordpowered cars have taken part in practically every major category, and quite a few of the smaller ones too.



Sometimes winning, sometimes losing, but always learning.

Few companies have shown such devotion to the sport, or had as much success.

Come back twenty years with us and see how much you can remember of the triumphs and tragedies, men and machines that are motor racing. And along the way we'll try and explain what makes us run...

Although Ford cars were racing long before (a Zephyr won the Monte Carlo Rally way back in '53). we'll start this story in the '60s. because that was a golden era.

Wherever you looked, Fords and Ford-powered cars were competing, just as they have been ever since.



all conquering Jaguars had been dethroned by our rumbling Galaxies and the amazing Lotus Cortina had made its debut. Those were the days when Grand Prix stars regularly drove saloons as well. Who will ever forget the sight of Jim Clark two wheeling his Cortina to victory in the British saloon car championship?

Ford GT40 first went to Le Mans. And we learned that you didn't take on Ferrari and win at your first attempt!

There was some consolation though. The Ford-powered Cobras finally broke Ferrari's hold on the GT Category, beating the equally glorious GTOs. There's nostalgia for you.

Meanwhile, on the rally front, a Cortina won the Safari with Peter Hughes at the wheel. It was the second of five Ford wins in one of the world's most gruelling events.

Across the Atlantic, a quiet Scotsman did the unthinkable. Jim Clark beat the Yankees at Indy. Not only that, but he did it in a Fordnowered Lotus. The rear engined revolution had arrived in America.

1965

And back we went to Le Mans. This year the

battle was so fierce that the entire Ford and Ferrari

private Ferrari, the American-

entered 250LM driven by Rindt and

Gregory, won. But we were learning, and that after all, is why we go racing.

works teams blew them-

selves up. In the end a

Ford GT40 MkIIs, by now sporting 7 litre engines, producing 485 bhp and topping 200 mph on the Mulsanne straight, finished first, second and third. Remember the scene? Denny Hulme and Bruce McLaren tried to stage a dead-heat. But the organisers gave the race to

Bruce because his car had started behind on the grid and therefore covered the greater distance.

GT40s also won the World Championship of Makes. And a Lotus Cortina driven by Bengt Soderstrom took the RAC Rally. You may think of the Cortina as just It's third time lucky at Le Mans. a family car. But it's had its fair share of excitement.

> Back at the Brickvard, it was Graham Hill's turn to blow off the locals, with Clark second and a young Jackie Stewart sixth. All in Ford-powered cars. At the finish Jimmy thought that he'd won the race and mounted the rostrum, but

as Graham pointed out, he'd already drunk the victor's milk!

Graham Hill, Indy. 1966.

Jim Clark winning Dutch Grand Prix 1967.

1967

Another historic year for Ford. Jim Clark (who else?) took the new Cosworth Ford Grand Prix engine to victory at its first attempt. The car was a Lotus and the race was the Dutch Grand Prix. The engine went on to win three other GP's that year - the British, the American and the Mexican.

Back at Le Mans we witnessed the last of the great Ford - Ferrari battles. Three Fords were eliminated during the night in a single accident in the Esses. But luckily the engineers had found the reliability they needed and the leading Ford Mark IV with its 500 bhp engine managed to stay ahead of the second place Ferrari P4.

1968

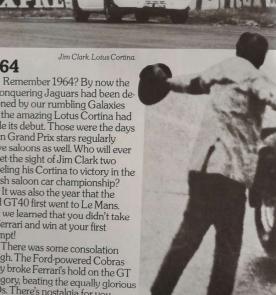
A year overshadowed by the death of Clark in an unexplained accident at Hockenheim.

Graham Hill won the World Drivers' Championship. It was his second but the Ford engine's first.

At Le Mans the regulations had changed and the race was held in Autumn. But Ford won again, this time with a GT40 entered by John Wver and driven by Rodriguez and Bianchi.

Meanwhile, a slightly humbler Ford had taken to the fray. The first of the Escorts. It would soon be winning virtually every rally in sight.





GT40 Mk IIs Le Mans 1966.



Racing in the blood (continued)

1969

1969 was Jackie Stewart's year. He took the World Championship in a Matra powered by Ford. It was also the first year in which Ford engined cars won every race on the G.P. calendar. They did it again in 1973.

And the GT40 won Le Mans for the fourth and final time. On this

occasion it undoubtedly owed its victory to Jacky Ickx who by now ageing car just ahead of a new the line by a mere 30 yards.

managed to keep the

1970



crowned a meteoric rise from

won by a non-African driver.

Formula 3, by winning the World

Championship in a Lotus. As ever,

he had a Ford engine behind him.

other historic events. It was the first

Remember who? Hannu Mikkola.

1972

Earlier in the year, Ford entered a team of Escorts in the longest rally ever staged. The World Cup from London to Mexico. One of them was driven by a young Hannu Mikkola. who drove so fast in the early stages that his co-driver threatened to get out, convinced that the Escort would never last the pace. It did though. and won. To celebrate, we brought out a special edition of the Escort called the Mexico. Today a Mexico is something of a collector's piece, but slightly cheaper than a GT40!

One of racing's most successful partnerships was developing. Jackie Stewart and Ken Tyrrell. The blue car, with its Cosworth Ford engine, dominated the Grand Prix season, giving Stewart his second World Championship.

1971

Meanwhile, in Europe, Ford went saloon car racing with a vengeance. The feature of the season was the epic struggle between our German entered Capris and the winged BMWs. From an engineering point of view, saloon car racing Porsche, beating it to is especially important to us since the cars are that much closer to the ones that we sell. Who would lap Le Mans faster than the fabulous Ferrari Dautona.



Clark and Mason celebrate RAC victory 1972.

The car? An Escort.

It was also the first year for 12 years that a British driver won the RAC Rally. Roger "Albert" Clark did Jackie Stewart. World believe that a Ford Capri could be it in an Escort. The Escort would go on developed to the point that it could it in an Escort. The Escort would go on to win the RAC eight years running. proving (as if proof were needed)

that it's as tough as they come. As

and his Escort remained the domi-Now it was Colin Chapman's nant force in British rallying, cleaning turn to throw his cap in the air. His up the British Rally Championship in new driver, Emerson Fittipaldi,



catch him. For the next 4 years he



1973

Jackie Stewart was back in control. In this, his final season, he clocked up his 27th Grand Prix win beating Clark's and Fangio's records. 25 of those wins were powered by Ford. The other two were at the wheel of a BRM.

On the rally scene, that original Flying Finn, Timo Makinen, was driving Ford Escorts as they had never been driven before. (Apparently they handled rather better than the timber trucks he used to pilot round his native forests!) This year he was to score the first of a hat-trick of victories in the RAC rally, a feat no-one has equalled since.

1974

A sleeping giant was waking up. After several years of having been outclassed by Ford powered cars, Ferrari was back in contention, with Niki Lauda and Clay Regazzoni driving. But the Cosworth Ford engine wasn't ready to lie down yet. Fittipaldi driving a



The flat 12 Ferrari engine finally gained the upper hand and a non-Ford-powered car won the World Championship for the first time since 1967. When it first appeared, the Ford engine developed around 350 bhp. By now it was producing closer to 450. And the pressure was on for still more.

Back at Le Mans, though, it proved that it still had more than enough, plus the reliability it takes to run flat out for 24 hours. This time it was mounted in the blue and orange Gulf Mirages entered by John Wyer, one of sports car racing's most experienced team managers. (He master-minded Aston Martin's win back in 1959, then several Ford wins.) This year he did it again. The drivers? Derek Bell and Jacky Ickx. They covered 2,847.7 miles.

1976

A dramatic year in Grand Prix.

and then staged an amazing comeback. But James Hunt in a Fordpowered McLaren came from behind to clinch the title in the famous wet race at Mount Fuji, Japan.

Talking of James reminds us of the grass roots of motor racing. Like so many champions before him, his career had started in Formula Ford, where they use only slightly modified Ford engines. Isn't it amazing that basically the same engines that powered Ford Cortinas are so effective in racing? It says a great deal for the original design.

1977

Ferrari's year again, and the pundits were predicting that the Ford engine had finally had its day. That didn't stop a Ford-powered Wolf driven by Jody Scheckter. winning at Monaco though, and chalking up our 100th Grand Prix Niki Lauda crashed at the Nurburgring win. As history would relate, there were many more to come though the competition was getting tougher

all the time. We welcomed that competition. After all, it's far more satisfying when you

beat Ferrari, Alfa Romeo and Renault engined cars than it is just racing against yourself. Rallying was getting tougher too. To win the 1977 Safari we had to beat works entries from Lancia. Fiat, Peugeot and Datsun.

100th GP win for Ford Cosworth engine. Scheckter. Monaco 1977.



Racing in the blood (continued)

1978

The genius who invented the monocoque Grand Prix car now started another revolution. Colin Chapman taught us all a lesson in aerodynamics with the beautiful Lotus 79, and the words on everyone's lips were "ground effect." Soon everyone was building "wing cars," but for 1978 the two black Lotus of Andretti and Peterson left everyone behind, challenged only by Bernie's outlawed "fan car." (Motor racing is still the hot house for new engineering ideas.) "ground effect" gave the Ford engines a new lease of life and Andretti a clear cut championship, but the year ended tragically when Ronnie Peterson, affectionately known as "Superswede," and one of the fastest drivers ever seen. was killed at Monza.



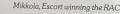
Gordon Spice Racing Capris, Five times class winners in British Saloon Car Championship.

1979

This was to be our last year of rallying with our old warhorse, the Escort. But what a year it turned out when 160 horsepower was applied to be. After years of continuous development the two litre engine was producing a reliable 240 bhp and the us all by coming second in its car had five bar link rear suspension. class in the Monte Carlo Rally. It took its eighth consecutive win in the RAC Rally, and after a season long battle, defeated Fiat for the World Rally Championship, winning front wheel drive Escort, later the Portuguese Rally, the Acropolis and in New Zealand and Quebec.

Meanwhile we had started experimenting with a Rally Fiesta. This was purely a development exercise to see what would happen to front wheel drive transmissions. The development car surprised The lessons we learned were fed into the system. One car that benefited was the new to become Car of the Year, 1981.

In saloon car racing a Ford



Capri won the Spa 24 hours race, a test of stamina and endurance. And Capri driver, Gordon Spice won his class in the British Saloon Car Championship for the fourth year running. He was to make it five

In Formula 1 our engine was still winning races. Alan Jones and his Williams won 4 Grands Prix but our old rivals Ferrari took the title.

1980

The Ford engine soon came back, powering Alan Jones and his Williams to a popular win. By now our V8 was developing close to 500





It also beat the cream of the world's sports cars in a French Rondeau at Le Mans. And a turbocharged Ford engine took Indianapolis. Our tenth win in the last 15 years.



efficient, a little more reliable and a

fuel economy regulations.

The new C100 long distance racer for Le Mans 1982.

And beyond ...

By now you might be asking, haven't we done enough to prove our point?

Not a bit of it. Because motor If ever you needed proof that racing provides more than just publicity. Today's racing and rally cars our engineers and designers and supplies them with a wealth of knowledge they wouldn't otherwise have.

developing another mobile test bed, the C100 long distance racer. It's a car that will have to

little more exciting to drive than other makes, it's partly because they have racing in their blood. If, as a result, the Ford cars you

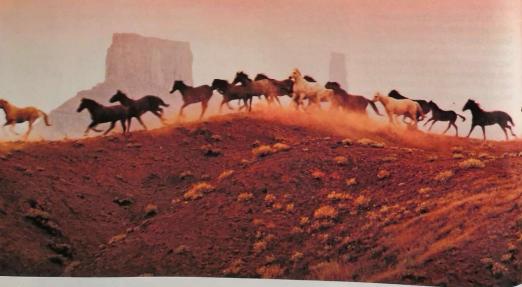
We'd like to pay tribute to all the can buy for the road are a little more drivers and technicians who have brought us so much success and leave you with this message.

The race goes on.





Marlboro



LOW TO MIDDLE TAR As defined by H.M. Govt. DANGER. H.M. Govt. Health Departments' WARNING: CIGARETTES CAN SERIOUSLY DAMAGE YOUR HEALTH

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FAVOUR WITH THE FANS

A demonstration like this race was beyond the wildest imaginings even of Forghieri, Villeneuve and Pironi. Together with Piquet, they were the heroes of the San Marino GP and the darlings of "tifosi" in the grandstands

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The weekend round-up of what's new in F1

The Formula One magazine is published 10 days after each Grand Prix.

GRAND PRIX PUBLICATIONS Ltd., Group Print House, 24/32 Pottery Lane, London W 11. Tel.: 01-727-2734, 01-221-1721/5454. Telex: 21882 Busbro. PUBLISHING DIRECTOR: Michel A. Konig, MANAGING DIRECTOR: Graham J. Rogers. INTERNATIONAL CO-ORDINATION: Doreen Rogers. ADVERTISEMENT: Stewart St Clair-Pearce, EDITORIAL: CHIEF EDITOR: Eric Bhat. EMGLISH EDITOR: Mike Doodson. ASSISTANT: 80b Constanduras. COOTRIBUTORS: Gorgio Piola, Mario Luini, Michele Dubose, Keith Bostsford, CUUMINISTS: Alan Jones, Alaim Prost. ARTISTIC DIRECTOR: Mario Established Colorism States (1998). A state of the Colorism Stat

The paddock in Imola



AVON'S QUIET ARRIVAL

At Imola, for the first time since the championship season opened at Long Beach in March, there was some tyre opposition to Michelin The big white truck with "Avon written on its side looked unfan iar in the paddock, but most of the ball caps had been seen before it

Their boss is Jean-François Mos-nier, born in Michelin's home town of Clermont-Ferrand. Now a naturalised British subject, Mosnier is Managing Director of International Racing Tyre Services, the company Pirelli and Avon racing tyres from mpressive headquarters near Lon

enormous amount of effort which has gome into setting up a completely new racing tyre manufacturing facility at the Avon factory west of London in rural Wiltshire. "We've when we found a minor problem in the production process we had

Only one team had decided to com mit itself to Avon at Imola. "I heard

Michelin is expected to continue supplying Formula 1 teams with tyres this year, but for the remainde of the season only the French com-pany's four contracted teams Re-nault, Ferrari, Alfa Romeo and Talbot - have guaranteed supplies of free rubber (and some British teams will be assisted). Although a price of 500 per set of tyres has been mentioned by Avon, Warr wants to ensure that his team i veloping better and faster tyres.

Nevertheless, Mosnier was at in personnel and to the press that ceptable cost. We're in this busi

The weather on Sunday afternoon was destined to make Avon's mo Rosberg, the only Fittipaldi driver to qualify for the San Marino GP, had found during the Sunday mor-ning warm-up that the soft Avon ain tyres were not sufficiently duable to be relied upon for a full 60 laps, so he took the gamble of star-ting on slicks. His race ended after

e next few days for the settlenent of some minor details. As a esult, we will be represented on very kind of chassis fitted with all different engine configura-That's the basis we're looking closely with the front runy teams. We want to be with the

The absence of Brabham from Dupasquier's list is at first sight surpri-sing. It could well be, however, that he "sixth team" to which the trenchman alluded. Lotus is also elieved to have been in the run-ing for Michelin support, but the e Norfolk team would appear to

"To same extent our decisions have in the hands of Ferrari and Renault," admits Dupasquier. "They are our privileged custores to their current level. We have to consult them."

In fact, neither Ferrari nor Renault would want to exercise their veto rights: "Renault is well aware of the benefits which would follow from any collaboration between Michelin and Williams," says Du mentary source of valuable information. There is also the possibility



MICHELIN : SIX TEAMS ONLY?

With Avon tyres appearing at Imola chelin no longer has the monopoly on racing rubber that has existed

Responding on behalf of Michelin's competition department, engineer Pierre Dupasquier told GPI in Italy that "the ideal arrangement would he for us to look after five or six

"We are already contracted to four teams : Ferrari, Alfa Romeo, Talbot and Renault. We expect to sign Williams very shortly following further discussions during the course of

nzos are known to be close asso-

Looked at from a strictly sporting point of view, the current arrangements (under which Michelin supplies identical tyres to those teams requesting them) would appear to be the best. No doubt smaller eams like Ensign and Theodore would agree.

But Michelin's revised arrangements are more logical, "The ap pearance of rivals obliges us to pearance of rivils obliges us to make appropriate preparations for the future." Dupasquier points out. "We can't afford to rest on our fau-rels and continue supplying ever-ryone. That would mean risking the possibility of another tyre com-passibility of another tyre company catching us napping by ma





offering advantages to certain treat all our contracted teams on an equal basis, without favouring any

WHY LOTUS STAYED AT HOME

he most important absentee from season was Essex Lotus. The deciision of the Appeal Committee set up by FISA in Paris on April 23 to hear the arguments of rival consructors was final: the Essex-Lotus T88 did not meet the regulations and would not be allowed to race

The following morning, Colin-

Chapman flew himself home to Norfolk in his private plane. The Lotement to a press agency sugges-ting that he might withdraw from racing altogether. There was cer-tainly no question of Lotus racing at Imola, for quite apart from the difficulties raised by the arrest in Zurich and release of his sponsor Essex boss David Thicme, the old Lotus 81 chassis were badly in

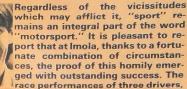
While Thieme was making an as-sessment of his financial affairs in Monaco and preparing a defense against the charges of financial misdeeds which had been made against him in Switzerland, Chap-man telexed FISA to announce that his cars would not be able to take part in the Imola race. FISA immeom its contractual obligations Chapman had been seriously

he week before Imola suggested hat his mind was by no means made up. One of the old Lotus 81s-nad been taken to Donington Park or atwo day test with Nigel Manell, and spectators who spotted ew bodywork shapes were invited et close enough to study the de

the pits at Impla, two other Lotus One was racing manager Peter Col-ins, in Italy to observe the latest iolitical moves. Asked about Lotus ilans, Collins insisted that he knew nothing of the rumoured Lotus 87, which is said to be an updated version of the 81 with a carbon fibre chassis. "There is only one man who knows what our racing plans fire for the future" said Collins, and that is Colin Chapman I know that he is extremely busy with meeings in London and Paris broughout the week, and I don't

Elsewhere in the pits, a much hap pier young man was Brazilian Ro berto Moreno, the "world" For centry signed to a three year contract with Lotus as a test driver. Having spent 19 hours in a train from England in the hope of seeing his friend and mentor Nelson Piquet win the GP, Moreno was understandably thrilled. Adding to his excitement was the promise that had been made to him that it will nula 1 car very soon

REBUILDING THE RUIN



most notably of Nelson Piquet but not forgetting Didier Pironi or Gilles Villeneuve, restored Formula 1 to its true status as a competition between drivers, returning it to its former glory. At the same time, Scuderia Ferrari must be saluted for demonstrating the rude health of its turbocharged V6 engine (still with only four races behind it), and for reminding us that Formula 1 continues to abound with exceptional engi-

The race, it must be said, came as a relief - thanks largely to the three drivers mentioned above. Their Imola prowess made it all the easier to set aside the memories of more recent unpleasantness, dating back to two days beforhand.

For a while during practice, as so many of those present where tempted to recall, there was a strong flavour of Jarama and the crisis which broke out at last year's Spanish GP. In fact, just as they had done at Jarama, the Brabham, McLaren and Williams mechanics started up a soccer match on the track in front of the pits. Meanwhile, the Formula 1 dignitaries were deliberating in the air conditioned luxury of their motorhomes.

It seemed once again that the Gordian knot was tightening. The hard technical line adopted by the scrutineers, while understandable, was handled maladroitly; and it was followed by a strike, more arguments and a delayed start to qualifying. At the heart of the problem are the subterfuges adopted by many of the constructors in order to exploit the lack of precision in the current rules. That argument has by no means been settled yet.

It is doubly unfortunate that there are strong points in favour of the arguments put forward by both sides: for although not everyone is right, certainly no one is wrong. When the truth has so many different facets, it's not difficult to pick out the one that reflects one's own case in the best light. As yet, it's difficult to see how a suita-

race, Nelson Piquet, did a lot of good for Formula 1 at Imola. In the 105 minutes of one race they were able restore the exceptional image of Formula 1 which it should never have been allowed to lose. It would be good to imagine that this is

ble compromise will be reached. Happily, Pironi, Villeneuve and the winner of the the start of a genuine revival. Eric BHAT



The paddock in Imola



WANTED!

The publishing group that produces Grand Prix International is looking for black and white and colour photographs covering Enzo Ferrari and all Ferrari cars,

plus any illustrations or cut-away drawings. Please write to Thierry Schimpff, 7 rue de Lille, 75007 Paris, France if you have any suitable material.

JARAMA REVISITED

Arriving at Imola shortly after ten on Finday morning, there was that werd feeling that things werent quite right. It was too quiet for there to be 30 cars trying to sort themselves out for the afternoon qualifying session. Sure enough, a quick peek at the track revealed that Formula 1 appeared to be split into two factions again: FISA and FOCA supporters. It was just like Jarama last year, only this time it was the FISA men who were out on the track, while the FOCA men kicked their heels in the nits.

Anyone with an ear to the ground knew that there was going to be trouble at Imola, and trouble there was. Grand Prix racing's latest development, hydro-pneumatic suspension, needed some sort of control or check. The local scrutineers took a tough line, and declared that only two teams had legal cars. Renault and Toleman. The others were illegal for the following reasons:

1) - flexible skirts: Williams, Brabham, Tyrrell, McLaren, ATS, Ensign, Fittipaldi, Alfa Romeo, Arrows, Osella and Theodore.

2) - flexible material between bodywork and rear wheels: Williams, McLaren, Brabham, ATS, Fittipaldi, Alfa Romeo, Ferrari, Arrows, Osella, Thedore and March.

 Ilexible material fitted to underside of nose fin end plates: Tyrrell Williams

4) - variable height suspension systems: Williams, Tyrrell, Brabham, Osella, Fittipaldi, Arrows and Ligier

The first three points were considered to be unacceptable following a precedent set in the FIA appeal tribunal of April 23 when it was considering the Lotus 88. Cars affected by point 4 would be judged when their systems were operating with the car at the lowest point.

Most teams had to put their cars right before they went out on the track. Even so, that strange quietness shortly after ten was because only Renault, Ferrari, Alfa Romeo.

Osella, March and Toleman were running their cars, and shortly afterwards, March joined their fellow FOCA supporters in the pits - on strike until things were sorted out.

The session was soon over, but the talking went on behind the scenes. While Gordon Murray and Jan Lammers tuned into their personal stereos and the Brabham mechanics challenged a combined Williams and McLaren team to a game of football on the track. Bernie Ecclestone pleaded with Jean-Marie Balestre to "help us try and find a solution he did. The variable height suspension systems were given the ok but "ffexible" skirts had to be replaced with "rigid" versions. In the strange but true department, Bernie Ecclestone and Max Mosley principals of FOCA, sang Balestre's praises: "if's thanks to him that we've sared this thing and the strange but the share to the strange but the department of the strange but the strange was stranged this thing and the strange of the



BORGUDD PICKS UP THE RHYTHM

If you'd asked anyone who, out of the 30, drivers at Imola, wasn't going to qualify for the San Marino Grand Prix, one of the first names they would have mentioned would have been Slim Borgudd's. It was unfortunate that while Slim was so looking forward to his first Grand Prix, all the so-called cognoscent had already marked him down as a non-qualifier. Thanks to a professional drumming career in his active Sweden, 34-year-old Tommy

Borgudd, nick-named Slim, had net the world's most successful pop group: ABBA. The band's name was written all over the ATS team's truck and motorhome, while Slim - being much less well known - was written off by the "experts" almost before he'd stepned into the car.

In fact Slim hadn't had things quite that easy. He began racing in 1970 at the age of 23. The following year he won 16 races in Formula Ford, and in 1972 he was Sweden's 2-litte sports car champion. The following he was the national Formula Ford champion, but then he ran out of money, and it wasn't until 1978 that he reappeared, this time in Formula 3. In 1979 he finished third in the European Formula 3. cham-



pionship, and Britain's Autosport magazine rated him second to Alain Prost. Last year he raced only occasionally, including outings in an F3 Ralt run by Roger Heavens who, ironically, joined him in the ATS team at Impla

It was basically thanks to his friend-ship with ABBA that he was able to make his Formula 1 debut. They're sponsoring me," he explained, "but I can tell you that it was much more difficult asking them, as friends, for money to go motor racing than asking a big unknown company to sponsor reme." Slim met the group when drumming in Sweden's recording studios. He has worked with them as well as other pop groups, but life hasn't been all that glamorous; at one point he had to sell his drums to support his motor racing.

He amazed all the pundits by qualifying for his first Grand Prix in what could be termed a bitza car. His main problem was keeping it on the road in a straight line. And AB-BA's name was seen on the ATS



throughout the race as Slim too, the car to 13th position. Wou the car to 13th position. Wou ABBA be cheering him on at lutur races? "Yes, they may come to or two, individually of course. So, meane may come to Monaco, said Slim. Meanwhile, he look forward to continuing a new caree which has certainly taken off well."

MICHELE ALBORETO: FROM THE ITALIAN SCHOOL

Michele Alboreto is a typical product of Italian racing, and there seem to be a lot of them in Grand Prix racing these days. He began racing in Formula Monza at the age of 19, then moved on to two years in Formula Italia. He made the obvious step into Formula 3 in 1979, with a March-Toyota entered by Euroracing.

Michele's first F3 season wasn't without its accidents, but at the end of the season, he took over tearmate Piercarlo Ghinzani's March-Alfa as the latter was assured of winning the Italian championship and went off to South America to do the F2 Temporada. Michele (pronounced "Mee-kay-lay") won the last two races of the championship so Euroracing offered him a seat in their European team for



1980, alongside Teo Fabi's younger borther Corrado. It was a very exet-ting F3 season, with the two Euroracing drivers consistently in contention and challenged by Martini driver Thierry Boutsen. In the end Alboreto won the championship from Boutsen and Fabi, even though the two Euroracing men tangled together at Zolder.

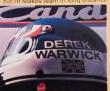
While Fabi replaced his brother in March's 1981 Formula 2 team, later to be joined by Boutsen, Alboreto spent a long time looking for a drive. He has personal sponsorship from Candy but nothing else. Eventually the Minardi team agreed to run him without sponsorship for a few races, and it was when these first four events were over and Alboreto eliberts.

the championship that the F1 drive of a Ceramiche Imola sponsored Tyrrell came up. He acquitted him-



teammate Eddie Cheever and running well before tangling with Gabbiani during the race.

Now this 26-year-old from Milan has to establish just what he's going to do with his career. His drive with Tyrrell was a one-off. His future in F2 is uncertain, so his only regular drive when he wants it will be in Lancia's World Championship of Makes team in long distance



races. After such a promisir Grand Prix debut, that seems

DEREK WARWICK'S F1 REWARD

A brief look through the record of Derek Wanwick's racing career would reveal nothing of the struggle which this 26 year old Hampshireman has had to go through on his way to the top. He started early in kart racing, at the age of 12, and five years later his hot rodding brought him the resounding title of "World Super Stock Champion".

Moving on to Formula Ford, Derek scored three victories in 1976 before putting himself firmly into the record book in 1976. That memorable season brought him no fewer than 31 race victories, the European FF championship and the encouragement of a Grovewood Award. His first year in Formula 3 was less successful, for although Derek took the British fittles sponsored by Vandervell and Toyota, the vital BP championship was carried off by his season-long rival and friend Nelson Piquet.

Throughout this time, ever since he had left school. Derek was closely involved in the family business at Alresford. Warwick Trailers manufactures a much sought-after range of light trailers, and in recognition of the support which his racing received from the business, Derek had spent long hours of physical work alongside his father Derry and his uncle Stan. While the well-developed biceps on Derek's arms may be a sign of strength, they also bear witness to the efforts of a man who has had to work for his racing. His first FS zeason, as a privateer in

1979, reflected this fact, for the budget was more than the company after could afford to pay Although there was some support from BP and from Midlands advertising man Jack Kallay, the two European championship points which Derek schord that year cost a considerable sum in bent suspensions

But the BP association bore fruit in 1980, when Derek was called up to support Brian Henton in the BP-sponsored Toleman team. They proved perfect team mates, as Henton raced away with the European title and Warwick took two victories on his way to the runner-up position.

When Warwick arrived at Imola, he had only one test session in the Candy-Toleman behind him, but he looked fitter than ever. "This is the opportunity I've been waiting for all my life," he confessed. "I can't wait to get my first start in a Grand

UPS AND DOWN

There were lots of new faces to be seen in the ATS team at Imola. Mexican-born Jo Ramirez, the longest-serving team manager that ATS has harf in its five year history, had resigned during the previous week together with three of the British mechanics, and ATS owner Gunter Schmid had signed up British sports car and F3 expert Roger Heavens to help look after a new crew which includes five Germans.

It is difficult to forecast what the future holds for ATS. The new chassis designed by ex-Ligier engineer Hervé Guilpin should be ready for Zolder, but Jan Lammers was understandable depressed not to have qualified at Imola, especially as the inexperienced Slim Borgudd outqualified in min the second ATS and went on to finish 13th in the race. Unlike Lammers, Borgudd



has been able to bring some spon sorship to ATS, whose motorhome looked very smart with the logo o the Swedish Abba singing group in large letters

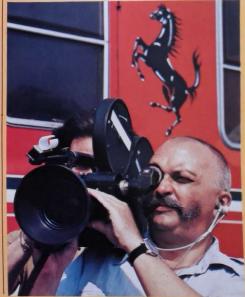
Schmid may find himself faced with having to make an unpleasing decision very soon, for if Lotus returns to racing at Zolder and Schmid wants to run two drivers, that will oblige the organisers to have some pre-qualifying is something that all the teams wish to avoid if oossible.



FIAT 131 SUPERMIRAFIORI

Grand Prix International's reporting team at Imola had the use of a Fiat 131 Supermirafiori in its latest version, as seen at the Geneva Show. The face-lifted 131 certainly attracted a great deal of interest and enquiries into the recent changes of specification. With its lively performance and excellent road holding (to which its Pirelli P6 tyres wer an important contribution), we found the 131 Supermiration a most attractive addition to the Fiat





12



THE POWER AND THE GLORY

Two consecutive wins have rocketed Nelson Piquet into second place behind Carlos Reutemann in the world championship. His brilliant Imola performance stilled some lingering doubts from Buenos Aires, and with fourth place from Hector Rebaque the Brabham team went home satisfied. With the celebrating behind them, they'll be getting down to work on their next project, for there's a BMW turbo in their future - and a brand new car to be tested.

_by Mike DOODSON

he GP of San Marino was run under the most difficult of weather conditions. The drivers had only the half hour Sunday morning warm-up session in which to get their cars set up for the wet, and during the race itself several showers of rain lubricated the track surface at the very moment when it looked as though it was about to dry. Throughout the 60 laps of the demanding Imola circuit, there was only a narrow dry line.

It was in these conditions that Nelson Piquet drove the best race of his career. Ninth on the first lap after being de layed at the start, he had taken his Parmalat Brabham past Jones, Watson and Laffite as they headed for the pits. But Patrese and Reutemann had been tougher opponents, for their cars were running well and he had to find a way past them on the wet part of the track. Once ahead of Patrese, however, he faced his most difficult rival, for he was now in 2nd place and the only remaining obstacle was a healthy Ferrari turbocar driven by a determined Frenchman called Pironi.

For more than 20 laps, the Brabham driver shadowed every move that the Ferrari made. Piquet found himself almost mesmerised by the sight of the Ferrari's two glowing KKK turbos. He could not relax for an instant, for he had to be ready to take advantage of any mistake on Pironi's part, yet at the back of his mind was the knowledge that a turbo engine can blow up violently at any moment. That, at least, had been his experience during tests with the turbo-BMW version of the Brabham during the winter...

Yet Piquet found a way past Pironi on lap 47, and he raced on to take the flag after almost two hours of racing. Standing quietly among the cheering Brabham mechanics on the finish line was the car's designer Gordon Murray.

"I wasn't at all worried about Nelson

being so close to the Ferrari," said Murray. "He has become a really good race driver, as we saw last year. I think he's now in the Lauda class: he doesn't make mistakes, not even in circumstances like today."

Murray was happy for Nelson and happy for his team. But there was a personal reason for his satisfaction, almost indeed an element of revenge. In the next door Williams pit, throughout the weekend, there had been a series of unseemly comments about the Brabham, its controversial flexi-skirts and even past results, "Three of the last six Brabham wins have been highly contentious," said team co-ordinator Charlie Crichton-Stewart with an untypical lack of grace. (A reference to Lauda's "fan car" victory in Sweden 1978; Lauda's Monza 1979 win after a protest against Andretti; and Piquet's recent Argentine walkover with the help of flexible skirts).

But there was nothing contentious about this win, as Murray explained. "Here at Imola, the officials forced us in my opinion incorrectly with regard to the rules - to take off the flexible skirts and put on rigid skirts. We weren't the only team picked out, either: even Ferrri were told to make some changes to their skirts!" It caused some good natured comments among the British teams after the race when it was revealed that Pironi had lost part of a skirt on a kerb, for the new rules - in which many observers feel that the Commendatore had a guiding hand - forbid any part of the bodywork from touching the track "at any moment...

The Brabhams of Piquet and Rebaque had arrived in Italy with a completely new system of hydro-pneumatic suspension. It caused immediate serious problems. "It wasn't working at all on the first day," said Murray, "so we had to make some of the parts overnight, but the car was better this morning and Nelson decided he liked it well enough to race it like that."





Nelson's winning car. This time there were no mistakes in the choise of tyres.

Murray refuses to give any more details of the transformation ("hopefully other teams are going to have the same problems that we did, so I'm not giving them any secrets!"), but at least it proved the truth of his arguments. "I always said that we would be able to keep our advantage by careful adjustment of the new skirts that we were forced to use. It's our suspension which gives us the edge over the other cars, not the skirts."

Many F1 designers are irritated with the constant changes which are still taking place in the rules, whether they come in the form of so-called "clarifications" from Paris, or because individual race organisers have made their own interpretation of the "six centimetres" folly. At Imola, the "hard line" adopted by the technical scrutineers on the day

before the race resulted in a semiboycott of the morning practice session by a majority of the teams.

"Some of the other teams," notes Murray, "appear to be using some form of valve in their hydro-pneumatic system which allows them to "drop" the car when they're out of the pits, instead of having to overcome the air pressure like we do with our system. If that's going to be allowed, we shall have to make something like it, and very soon."

It is certainly difficult for the highly trained F1 engineers like Murray to respect the current ruleg, especially the "six centimetre" requirement on ground clearance demandéd so punctiliously at Imola. It is almost as though a goalkeeper in a soccer match was allowed to alter the positions of his goalposts during a match, provided of

course that they were returned to the "regulation" position immediately after the whistle had blown. Murray is not alone in suggesting that the best way to settle the problems and to restore the designers' respect for the rulebook would be to allow moveable skirts again. At a meeting of the designers on the day before practice, even Ferrari's Mauro Forghieri conceded that his cars were now cornering just as fast without sliding skirts as they did last year with the skirts. But Ferrari will not agree to suggest the appropriate alteration in the rules: it would require the initiative to come from FISA, and that is as unthinkable as it is logical...

In the Brabham garage before the race, Nelson Piquet was sprawled on the floor with his back to the wall. His face was pale and there wasn't anything he wanted to say. Racing manager Alastair Caldwell tappel him on the shoulder and he rose to his feet. Time to go. On with the gloves, on with the balaclava and on with the helmet. His mechanics, Charlie and Joe, leaned over the cockpit to latch the seat belts and tighten them. The engine, already warmed up, broke into immediate life after one burst on the air starter.

In the middle of all this serious business, however, there was to be a moment of humour. Brabham boss Bernie Ecclestone vaulted the pit wall and marched on to the grid with a mysterious yellow plastic bag under his arm. As Nelson drove to his place on the third row of the grid after the warm-up laps, by driving through the pits), Bernie prepared to make a little presentation.

Back at the Brabham factory, after Nel-

son had thrown away victory at Rio by choosing the wrong tyres for the rain, someone had invented the patent Brabham Tyre Indicator. It was a small box with an arrow that could be turned to a big yellow sun or a big grey cloud. Turn the arrow to the cloud, and a little grooved rain tyre appeared through an orifice: turn the arrow to the sun, and a slick would emerge. "This is only the Mark 1 version," joked Bernie: "we're still trying to make it reliable."

Nelson received the gift with a nod and a big wink from inside his red and white Bell helmet. He looked at the sky and saw the clouds. He looked at his wheels: rain tyres. So far, so good.

Two hours later, Piquet was rapidly disappearing under a growing scrum of Italians outside his motorhome. He had won the race in a demonstration of fighting spirit that had put the polemics of the previous two days out of everyone's mind. He had sprayed the champagne, been clapped on the back by sponsors, and he had spoken to the world on Italian TV. All he wanted now was a shower and a quiet few seconds alone.

Not long afterwards, he appeared in the telex room with a big grin: the mountain for once had come to Mahommed... After a quick look at the story on the telex machine, he was ready for questions.

"Oh, it was a terrible start. Villeneuve stuck right in front of me and I could not go nowhere. I couldn't go to the right because there were so many cars, I couldn't go to the left because that would have put me on the grass. It seemed like everybody was overtaking me. That's why i was so far behind on the first Iao.

"I knew I would have to fight hard to get in front. The car was handling good, but we had troubles getting it right all through the last two days. There was also something wrong with the engine, maybe a fuel pump or something. This morning, when I saw the rain, I was worried. I don't like the wet. But I knew I would have to work hard.

"Pironi? He was not as much trouble as



Hector Rebaque: three points in Italy were just reward for the second place which slipped from his grasp in Argentina.

Tambay, who was one lap behind us. He was fighting as though he was trying to win the race too: he made it impossible for me to pass. Then the Ferrari was difficult. I was hoping Pironi would make a mistake or perhaps blow up, but he didn't. No mistakes at all.

"Going up the hill he was getting too slow, maybe his tyres started giving him trouble. I had tried everywhere else on the circuit to get past him, so I thought "why not here?" If I could find some traction, I could get up close behind him and go by in the wet, because it was the only place I had not tried yet. I

think he got a surprise when I was overtaking him!"

In his jeans and blue Parmalat jacket, the winner of the first (and only?) San Marino GP sauntered almost incognito out of the press room. Within three days, he would be back at the wheel of a racing car, at Silverstone, where he was due to test the BMW turboengined BT50 Brabham for the first time

For the Brabham team, the satisfaction that comes from a decisive win was complemented by the fourth place of Hector Rebaque in the second BT49. In the Brabham garage, preparing to join the mechanics on their long way home, Gordon Murray was enjoying the Mexican's three points almost as much as Nelson's nine, for the number 6 Brabham's manual brake adjuster had broken, making things very uncomfortable for Rebaque.

"I think there's a chance that he'll take his racing just a bit more seriously now. He tends to concentrate more on his business at home in Mexico than on racing. But I said to him last year that it was important for him if he got a good start to this season. I think Argentina was the result he needed, even though he retired when he was second, and this race here has reinforced it. It keeps the critics quiet, stops them repeating all that stuff about "rich kids". Don't forget that Hector's got a lot of experience, more than 30 GPs already. He's a good driver."

Like Piquet, Murray turns his thoughts to the coming test with the new BMW-engined car. "Oh yes, the day of the turbo is coming," he says. "Those Ferraris... they were impossible to pass on the straight, and they both finished. If that engine ever found its way into a reasonable chassis..." But his voice trails off. Gordon Murray isn't about to start making enemies again.



NIKI LAUDA: "I'LL COME BACK IF..."

uddenly, the story was out, in the week before Niki was unable to stifle a laugh. But Bernie was deadly se Imola, spreading across Europe at racing car speed: 'Twice World Champion Niki Lauda makes a Comeback to Formula 1," screamed the headlines. According to the Italian press, this "ritorno glamoroso" would actually be taking place at Imola, at the wheel of one of the new McLaren built Marlboro MP4s.

Of course, Niki Lauda was at Imola. And, of course, he came as a pilot in the aviation meaning of the word, for he arrived behind the controls of his Fokker F27, doing a charter for Lauda-Air with 44 GP fans on board. Needless to say, of the five retired world champions to be found in the pits (the others were Phil Hill, Fittipaldi, Stewart and Scheckter), he was by far the most sought after. "There must be something very wrong with the sport of motor racing," John Watson muttered, "if someone who hasn't raced for almost two years can get such fantastic publicity just because of a rumour that he's coming

As it happened, Marlboro-McLaren number one driver Watson was waiting for a new bed to be delivered to his recentlyacquired London flat when the important part of the business took place. Niki was in London on business and had planned to take a day off: "I called Bernie Ecclestone, who's boss of my old team," he explains with a completely straight face, "but I discovered that he was in New York. So what should I do? I went down to a discotheque, Tramps. And guess who I happened to run into there, purely by accident? Paddy McNally!

After a few drinks, Marlboro man McNally made a suggestion. "Why don't you come out to the McLaren factory with me tomorrow? We could eyeball our new carbon-fibre MP4 car...

Niki agreed, and off they went together next day accompanied by McLaren director Ron Dennis - who used to run Niki's BMW M1 Procar. Niki was obviously impressed. "The McLaren people wanted me to sit in it, just to get the feel of it,"he explains. "They told me I could have a test drive whenever I liked, and for as long as I liked."

But his answer was. "No". Apparently he turned down an interesting offer of as much as three million dollars for the rest of the season. It was the same amount of money that had been offered to him by Parmalat one year earlier for a come-back at

That same evening, every Italian paper had the sensational news on its front page. Parmalat's Sante Ghedini - in tears at Montreal on the day that Lauda had retired in 1979 - immediately telephoned Marlene Lauda in the middle of the night at the Lauda home at Hof, near Salzburg. Equally stunned, Marlene finally got through to Niki in France: "are you crazy?" demanded the champion's delightful wife. He did his best to calm her down. "Don't worry, Marlene... not yet, at least."

Meanwhile in New York, where he was doing racing business, Bernie Ecclestone was also surprised to hear the stories. He placed an instant call to Lauda's home, where Marlene again answered the phone. "It is really true?" asked Bernie, and Marlene could not resist having a joke with him. "Of course it is, Bernie," she replied. "Niki is going to drive for McLaren. Don't you think it's great?"

By now extremely alarmed, the Brabham owner was making calls to all his contacts in an attempt to get hold of Lauda. In the process, he discovered that the Munich office of BMW Racing Manager Dieter Stappert was having similar difficulties in reaching Stappert, another Austrian. When at last Ecclestone got Lauda on the phone, in Vienna, he demanded an assurance. "Swear to me, right now," he thundered, "that you're not trying to take the BMW turbo away from us to give it to this man was unacceptable...?"

rious: after all, the Marlboro-sponsored McLaren-BMW F1 project for 1980 had originally been planned around Niki

So what is the real truth behind the possibility of a Lauda come-back to racing in F1? In practical terms, it's out of the question for 1981. It's theoretically possible for 1982 "Minimum six months," says Lauda in his abrupt stye - but could it ever happen? "It might," he says: "I could make the decision overnight, just like I did when I pulled out in Canada in 1979. 'More precisely, he adds: "There are two things that must take priority. First, Lauda-Air will have to be capable of running as efficiently without me as it is right now, when I'm around all the time. I had 30,000 passengers last year. I'm going to carry 50,000 in 1981. I have two Fokker F27 turboprop planes operating at the moment and a third on the way. But my first obligation is to the 30 employees of the company.

Second, I must have 100 per cent enthusiasm for motor racing. Or, better still, 110 per cent. I can feel that I already have 50 per cent. But when I retired I had zero. None at all. Just let things develop... my decision will be an emotional one, nothing to do with money. If you like your job, then you're doing it well, and if you're doing well then you're obviously earning your money. And we all know how much money there is involved in big-time racing...

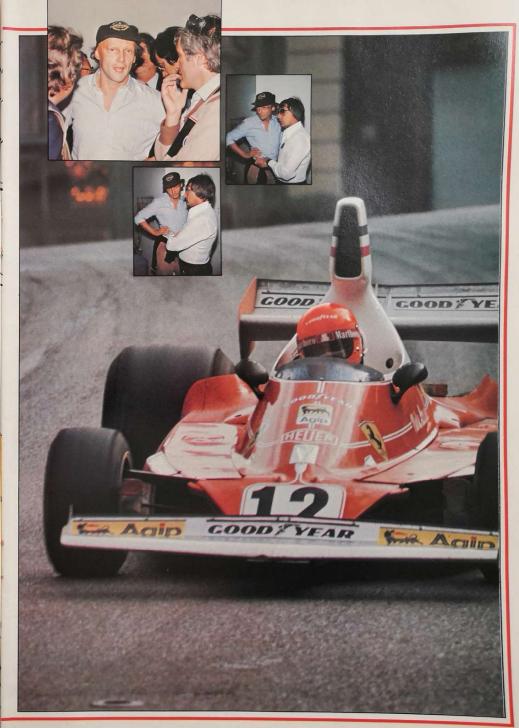
Basically, the appeal lies in the challenge. "It would be interesting for me to find out whether I could still compete with people like Piquet, Villeneuve, Prost and Pironi, It's something I would like to find out. There is a special question that I want to answer for myself: is it possible for a retired driver to come back at the age of 32 and build himself up to the same mental state as, let's say, a 22 year old who can only see the attractive things about motor racing and none of the others? Can he come back and compete against youngsters who are totally ambitious and ready to drive with a full heart, constantly on the limit or over it? This is something I would like to know.

Cars without skirts, of course, are more interesting for Niki "Now it's much more important again to play with the suspension, springs and dampers - that's the part of racing that I always enjoyed most." No wonder, therefore, that Niki spent a lot of time in the pits at Imola studying the sophisticated hydro-pneumatic suspension system fitted to the Brabhams, and he had a long conversation with Nelson Piquet, once his understudy in the team.

"When you have been a racing driver, you just can't forget this big part of your life. Sometimes it's more, sometimes less, but you always have this desire to get back into a car again" Not only is there the offer of the McLaren, but Ecclestone's offer to Lauda still stands of a Brabham drive "whenever and wherever he wants." Nor should it be overlooked that Daniele Audetto, the former Ferrari team manager, has told Lauda that he would have no difficulty in persuasing Ragno, with whom he is now associated, to double the budget of the Arrows team if there was a chance of getting Niki into one of their cars.

Piquet winning, Patrese 2nd, plus a very quick McLaren at Imola: there where lots of things to think about for Niki as he helped to commentate on the Imola race for Italian TV. Sharp, clever and humorous: all the old qualities were there on Saturday, when he had taken a helicopter ride from circuit to airport. "You are on the same flight as Jean-Marie Balestre," said Ecclestone, smiling, "so please don't fight for the same seat... and for God's sake be nice to each other

Niki smiled back as he left. "But didn't you always tell me that



EXTRA, EXTRA

ECONOMY CAN BE EXPENSIVE

t's almost three months since Peter Warr, manager of the Fittipaldi team, announced at Kyalami that Emerson Fittipaldi himself had clinched a major sponsorship deal which could be revealed "in the near future." Speculation and close questioning since then, however, has failed to extract the sponsor's identity either from Warr or the Fittipaldi brothers, and the virgin white bodywork of the promising honeycomb F8C chassis has only carried advertising on a race by race basis.

By the time the team's two cars got to Imola, the virgin white paint was beginning to get a bit grubby. White tape covered holes and damage in the body panels which would have encouraged wealthier teams to invest in new fibreglass. The promise which had been demonstrated by the 4th and 9th places of Rosberg and Serra in South Africa had not been followed up with positive results in later GPs.

In the qualifying sessions at Imola,

signs began to appear that the Brazilian owned team is having to take more serious short cuts with its budget. The undoubtedly talented Chico Serra was unable to qualify his car because it was being repaired during the final offical session. Engines which had been pressed back into service when they had already passed the recommended mileage before rebuild were proving understandably fragile.

Poor Keke Rosberg retired after only 14 laps. Although he had started the race on Avon slicks which offered virtually no grip at all on the rain sodden track, his engine (with 600 miles on it at the start) blew up, bringing the team's weekend tally of broken Ford-Cosworths up to three.

"It takes a minimum of £25,000 a month just to keep a Grand Prix team standing still, before you even think about going to the races," said a knowledgeable British observer. "Development adds even more to the financial demands on a team, and development is something which everyone must do in order to keep up with all the changes in the rules."





UNBROTHERLY LOVE

here seemed to be as many Italian drivers as French at Imola, six or seven if you included Italian-domiciled Eddie Cheever. They all come out of the same mould: hotblooded with a heavy right foot and an easy line of chat. But they're very competitive, and Cheever, who has raced among them for most of his racing career, reckons that they're as much interested in racing against one another as they are against the rest of the field. But Eddie who was proud of being an American in America, obviously feels very Italian in Italy. He was involved in one of the two accidents which reduced Italian numbers from seven to three.

To be serious, things didn't start out too well in Italy. Politics threatened to kill off the San Marino Grand Prix before it had even begun. De Cesaris said "I'd rather be at home on the beach."

Two days later, though, the Italians were in a different frame of mind. The

Ferraris had dominated the race, Patrese had had a superb battle to fiish second, and de Cesaris was a happy man with his very first world championship point.

While Andrea was ecstatic and excited, Riccardo was quiet and calm. The Arrows driver saw his second place at Imola as the logical reward for having had to retire when leading at Long Beach. "I had a very good start as

usual,"said Riccardo afterwards. "It's as bame that my rear tyres went off so badly because there was nothing I could do when Piquet overtook me. When he was held up behind Pironi, I thought I could catch him again, but when he got by Pironi, I realised that there was nothing I could do. Anyway, I'm happy. We've shown that, for the moment, only the Brabham is more competitive than the Arrows, and we're now slightly quicker than the Williams."

At the other end of the scale were Eddie Cheever and Bruno Giacomelli. The Alfa Romeo driver was obviously furious with Cheever, and was still swearing revenge long after the race was over as he went over the race again and again. "It was Eddie's fault. He overtook me as we went up the hill, at the same place where de Cesaris nearly knocked me off the road a couple of laps earlier. They make a good pair, those two! I don't know why, but Cheever's front wing hit the rear end of my

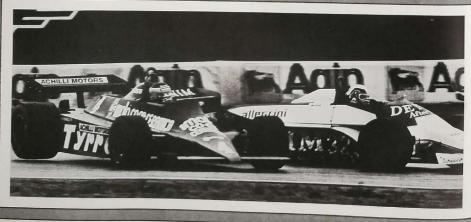
car,went out of control into the barrier at 120 mph. I could have been badly hurt, because I hit the Armco really hard."

Eddie Cheveer's version of the incident was somewhat different. "We were still 200 yards away from the corner, side by side. We were approaching a right hand corner, and before he turned right, he moved left, into me. I just couldn't believe it. It was a really stupid thing to do, just to throw away a good race like that."

After Alboreto and Gabbiani had had their coming together, there was a lot less hysteria. The new Tyrrell driver had been happy enough to get onto the grid, and wasn't about to blow up over the incident with Gabbiani. "Someone hit the back end of the car, I think it was Gabbiani," he explained quietly. "He locked his brakes and slid into the back of me, puncturing the left rear wheel. It was a shame because I was eighth at the time and was heading for a reasonable result."

Gabbiani's version was as follows: "I got a bit sideways, but I think Alboreto turned in rather early. One of my front tyres was punctured against his car."

G.I





THE FILM **OF THE** RACE

Gilles Villeneuve made full use of his pole position. When the lights turned to green he went straight into the lead, while teammate Didier Pironi was only a couple of lengths behind him. But Gilles made the mistake of stopping for slicks, leaving Didier in the lead. Meanwhile Piquet had been climbing through the field after a poor start. He picked off those ahead of him one by one, and slowly drew in the leading Ferrari after two thirds distance. Pironi, his tyres lacking grip, could do nothing about Piquet, and the Brazilian overtook the Frenchman to score his second Grand Prix win at Imola.



1 - The Ferraris both made excellent starts, unlike the Renaults. Behind the red cars are the two Williams ...



2 - ...but during the first lap, Jones hits Reutemann's 3 - The two Alfa Romeos and de Cesaris's McLaren car and damages his front wing.

formed a battling trio during the early laps.





imeca

4 - Piquet started badly, but he's caught up well. He takes fourth place from Reutemann on the 15th lap, at the same time as Villeneuve pits.

5 - A couple of laps later Piquet catches Patrese who he'll eventually overtake on the 22cnd lap. Meanwhile, it's raining again.

PRACTICE

t was the Renaults that dominated the first day of practice. René Arnoux set the fastest time and Prost was third quickest, even though he blew an engine. Villeneuve's Ferrari was the meat in the Renault sandwich with second fastest time. This was surely an historic moment: three turbo-engined cars setting the fastest three times. Reutemann was the first of the nonturbo powered drivers in fourth place in front of Pironi, Both Renaults and both Ferraris were in the fastest five cars. Jones was sixth fastest having used both spare and race car during practice. Patrese followed, then Piquet who had fuel feed and handling problems. Keke Rosberg was an excellent ninth quickest on Avon tyres, a typically gritty performance from the Finn for whom things weren't going entirely right. Both Tolemans were in trouble with the heat on their first official appearance, and they were at the back of the grid.

Next day it was Ferrari's turn to dominate, Gilles Villeneuve set a superb time to take pole position, and promptly returned to the pits with a cloud of smoke billowing from his car. Didier Pironi had broken a turbo so he had to use the spare car, with which he set fifth fastest time. The Renault drivers were unable to maintain their previous day's form. Arnoux's engine broke just when it had done its mileage, while Prost had a turbo break in his race car, and then the same happened when he took over the spare. But the times set the previous day meant that they would start from the second row of the grid. Apart from Villeneuve, the man who really shone in this session was Carlos Reutemann who drove a perfect lap to put himself on the front row of the grid. Jones had both engine and gearbox trouble so he was back on the fourth row,

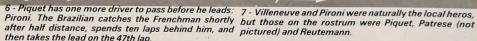
having been bumped off the third row by Nelson Piquet who shared it with Pironi.

The non-qualifiers were Stohr, Daiy, Lammers, Serra, Warwick and Henton, although the latter didn't take part in the second session because of engine trouble in the mor-

RACE

fter two sunny days of practice came Sunday's rain. Although it rained only occasionnally in the afternoon, everyone started on wet tyres except Rosberg, Tambay and Surer who gambled on dries. Both Ferraris made superb starts, Villeneuve going straight into the lead while Pironi shot through from the third row to second place behind his teammate. Neither Renault got off the line well. Prost knew that his gearbox was faulty and within four laps he had retired to the pits.





appeared to be drying. Villeneuve had an eight second lead over Reutemann when he

The two Ferraris led the first lap in front of the two Williams, but Jones's front wing was askew having damaged it against his teammate's car when trying to pass. He pitted to have it changed on third lap. So the order on the first lap was Villeneuve in front of Pironi, then Reutemann, Jones, Patrese, Arnoux, Watson, Laffite, Piquet (who'd had a bad start), and Rebague

The two Ferraris began to pull away from the rest at the rate of a second a lan, while there were a number of incidents behind them. Watson had his nosecone knocked off when Arnoux cut across in front of him, the McLaren pitting on the fifth lap to have a replacement fitted. Laffite and Arnoux banged wheels on the sixth lap which caused the Talbot's retirement with a broken front suspension link, and Arnoux's car never handled the same thereafter.

It hadn't rained for some time and the track

decided to stop for slicks on the 15th lap. But two laps later, down came the rain again and Gilles had to pit to change back to wet

Pironi was left with a comfortable lead and seemed to be untroubled, although he had damaged a skirt somewhere. A few laps later, Piquet lay in second place. Slowly, he began to catch the Ferrari. Pironi's rear tyres were going off. Eight laps after half distance, Piquet was right behind Pironi, and began to try and get past. But the Ferrari driver countered every move by Piquet, and although the Brabham was faster in the corners and under braking, the speed of the Ferrari down the straights made overtaking almost impossible. But on the 46th lap, the Brabham finally passed the Ferrari, and Piquet soon pulled away. But Pironi was in more trouble and first of all Patrese overtook him, then Reutemann (who complained of bad vibration throughout the race) and then Rebaque.

Piquet continued to take the chequered flag for the second time running, his greatest ever win, in front of Patrese, Reutemann, Rebaque, Pironi and de Cesaris. The latter passed Villeneuve in the closing laps and won his first World Championship point. Villeneuve had had to change tyres twice, but had fought back up to sixth place, only to suffer gear selection trouble in the last ten laps, and finally the clutch broke on the penultimate lap

Watson and Tambay both proved to be very quick on the track, the latter proving to be just as quick as the leaders, but both had had to pit. Watson just pipped Tambay for tenth place on their final lap.

Imola statistics

SAN MARINO GRAND PRIX

Date: May 3, 1981 Circuit length: 3.132 miles Race: 60 laps, 187,92 m Conditions: showery Attendance: 90,000 spectators



STARTING GRID

VILLENEUVE REUTEMANN Ferrari 126 C Williams FW07/B ARNOUX PROST Renault RE 20/B Renault RE 20/B PIQUET PIRONI Brabham BT 49/C Ferrari 126 C WATSON Mc Laren MP4 Williams FW 07/B 1'36"28 PATRESE

LAFFITE Talbot Ligier JS 17 Arrows A3 1'36"39 1'36"47 GIACOMELLI ANDRETTI Alfa Romeo 179 C Alfa Romeo 179 C 1'36"91

REBAQUE DE CESARIS Brabham BT 49/C Mc Laren M 29C ROSBERG TAMBAY Fittipaldi F8

Theodore TY 01 1'37"54 ALBORETO JABOUILLE Talbot Ligier JS17 CHEEVER GABBIANI

Osella FA 1/B **GUERRA** Osella FA 1/B Ensign N 180B 1'38"34 1'38'77

SALAZAR BORGUDD March 811 1'38"82 1'39"07

Non qualified:

1'37"45

Tyrrell 010 1'37''77

Tyrrell 010

SURER

STOHR (Arrows A3) 1'39"11 DALY (March 811) 1'39"15 LAMMERS (ATS D4) 1'39"41 SERRA (Fittipaldi) 1'41"11 WARWICK (Toleman TG 181) 1'43"18 HENTON (Toleman TG 181)



TIMES IN UNOFFICIAL PRACTICE

FRIDAY MORNING		SATURDAY MORNING		SUNDAY MORNING	
Reutemann	1'37"333	Villeneuve	1'35"510	Villeneuve	1'49"372
Prost	1'37"338	Prost	1'35''774	Patrese	1'50''233
Villeneuve	1'37"962	Jones	1'36"298	Pironi	1'50'370
Arnoux	1'38"045	Patrese	1'36"717	Prost	1'50''438
Cheever	1'38"461	Piquet .	1'36"998	Giacomelli	
Andretti	1'39"007	Giacomelli	1'37"159	Piquet	1'50''452
Jones	1'39"238	Reutemann	1'37"556	Jones	1'50''675
Laffite	1'39"377	Pironi	1'37''606	Reutemann	1'50"676
Piquet	1'39''448	Laffite	1'37"783	Laffite	1'50''681
Rosberg	1'39"972	Watson	1'37''813	Rebaque	1'50'779
Guerra	1'40"055	Cheever	1'37''864	Arnoux	1'50''793
Gabbiani	1'40"070	Andretti	1'37''912	Cheever	1'51"073
Alboreto	1"40"620	Arnoux	1'38"022	Gabbiani	1'51"248
Rebaque	1'40"895	De Cesaris	1'38'097	Tambay	1'51"314
Surer	1'40"958	Jabouille	1'38"424	Watson	1'51"436
Giacomelli	1'41"131	Tambay	1'38''491	Andretti	1'51"769
Serra	1'41"306	Rebague	1'38"618		1'51''798
Tambay	1'41"369	Guerra	1'38''928	Surer	1'52''402
Watson .	1'41'672	Surer		Rosberg	1'52"742
Daly	1'41''956	Alboreto	1'38''982	Guerra	1'53"013
De Cesaris	1'42"417	Salazar	1'39"103	De Cesaris	1'53"165
Salazar	1'42''608	Gabbiani	1'39"124	Salazar	1'53"565
Patrese	1'42"828	Daly	1'39"311	Borgudd	1'53"746
Borgudd	1 43 937	Lammers	1'39"806	Jabouille	1'53"918
Stohr	1'44''355		1'39"958	Alboreto	1'55"506
Lammers	1'48"482	Borgudd Serra	1'40''266		
Henton	1'49"598		1'41"515		
	1 49 598	Rosberg	1'41"047		

1'43'648

1'44"215

1'46"234

Stohr

Warwick

Henton

THEIR FASTEST RACE LAPS

	Time	Lap n
Piquet	1'48'83	8
Patrese	1'49"41	10
Reutemann	1'49"75	51
Rebaque	1'49"18	45
Pironi	1'49''17	10
De Cesaris	1'50''26	34
Villeneuve	1'48''06	46
Arnoux	1'50''10	14
Surer	1'50"11	49
Watson	1'48''37	47
Tambay	1'49''56	48
Jones	1'49"75	34
Borgudd	1'50''88	45
Jabouille	1'51''49	33
Salazar	1'51"83	13
Alboreto	1'50"95	9
Gabbiani	1'50''98	15
Giacomelli	1'51"23	10
Cheever	1'50"59	9
Andretti	1'51"11	13
Rosberg	1'53"86	14
Laffite	1'50''34	6
Prost	1'57"39	2

4 Patrese

PROVISIONAL WORLD
CHAMPIONSHIP
POSITIONS
STATES WITH ARRIVO
POSITION DIVERTING REPORT OF THE PROVISIONAL WORLD 1. Reutemann 2. Piquet 3 Jones

5. Prost 6. Andretti De Angelis Surer Rebaque 10. Cheever Arnoux

Pironi 13. Tambay Laffite De Cesaris

CONSTRUCTORS CUP

1. Williams 43 pts

2. Brabham 25 pts 3. Arrows 10 pts

4. Renault 6 pts

5. Alfa Romeo, Ensign, Lotus 3 pts

8. Tyrrell, Ferrari 2 pt 10. Theodore, Talbot, Mc Laren 1 pt

OFFICIAL PRACTICE TIMES

	1st session	2cnd session
Villeneuve	1'35''576	1'34"523
Reutemann	1'35''844	1'35"229
Arnoux	1'35"281	1'35"292
Prost	1'35"579	3'58"089
Piquet	1'37'417	1'35"733
Pironi	1'36"168	1'35"868
Watson	1'37''639	1'36"241
Jones	1'37"061	1'36"390
Patrese	1'36"280	1'36"317
Laffite	1'38"908	1'36"776
Giacomelli	1'39''372	1'36"776
Andretti	1'37"587	1'36"919
Rebaque	1'38"822	1'37"264
De Cesaris	1'38"019	1'37"382
Rosberg	1'37"459	1'37"906
Tambay	1'39"215	1'37"545
Alboreto	1'39"341	1'37"771
Jabouille	1'38"140	1'38"702
Cheever	1'38"369	1'38"266
Gabbiani	1'39"245	1'38"302
Surer	1'38"341	1'38"488
Guerra	1'39"799	1'38"773
Salazar	1'39"161	1'38"827
Borgudd	1'41'196	1'39"079

RESULTS

1. PIQUET 2. PATRESE 3. REUTEMANN 4. REBAQUE 5. PIRONI 6. DE CESARIS 7. VILLENEUVE

8. ARNOUX 9. SURER 10. WATSON

11. TAMBAY 12. JONES 13. BORGUDD Brabham BT 49/C 60 laps in 1h51'23"97.

101.203 mph Arrows A3 4"5 behind Williams FW 07/B 6"3 behind Brabham BT 49/C 22"8 behind Ferrari 126C 25"8 behind Mc Laren M29/C 1'06"6 behind Ferrari 126 C 1'41"97 behind Renault RE 20/B one lap behind one lap behind Ensign N 180/B Mc Laren MP4 two laps behind Theodore TY 01 two laps behind Williams FW 07/C two laps behind

Fastest lap: Villeneuve. 1'48'064. 104 328 mph

ATS D4 three laps behind

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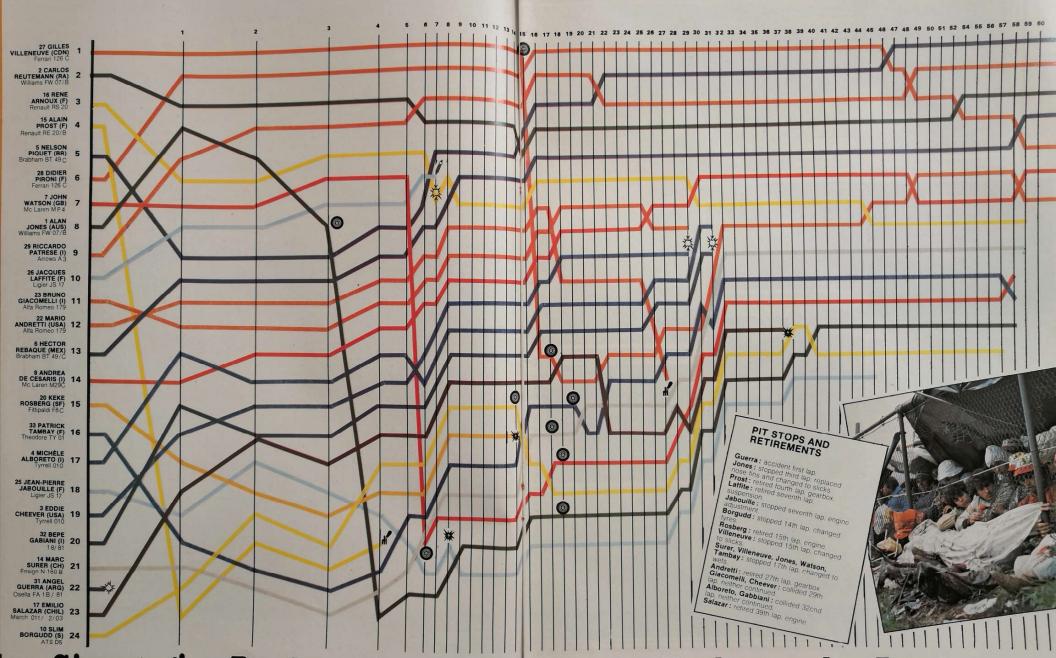
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Lap by lap-Giro per giro-Runde um Runde-Tour par tour-Vuelta a vuelta-Ronde



ap-Giro per giro-Runde um Runde-Tour nar tour-Vuelta a vuelta-Ronde na ron

Postcard from Imola



When it's mealtime in Italy, everything grinds to a halt - including the Alfa Romeo team

Toleman truckie Bill Box found his transporter much admired

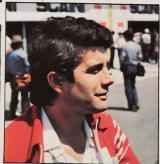
Gilles Villeneuve is well-organised when it comes to Grands Prix: here he mounts a Vespa with his daughter, but he also has his own motorhome and helicopter available



There were some bodies beautiful in the pits acting in official capacity; they weren't female nor fitted to cars...



Giacomo Agostini, the former world motorcycle champion races neither bikes nor cars these days



A fine line-up on the grid







Jan Lammers and Evelyn: one of the nicest couples on the Grand Prix scene



Oversteer, but not surprisingly - there's no load on the back

Now try making a hat like that out of this magazine

It looked like a great Grand Prix on n interesting circuit with a superb crowd - on an interesting - what a pity it rained



Girls and Grands Prix are synonymous



searching for

Two famous men in motor racing; former World Champion of Mill and Denis Jenkinson of Motor Sport, much in demand in Italy to recount the story of his famous Mille Miglia win with Stirling Moss

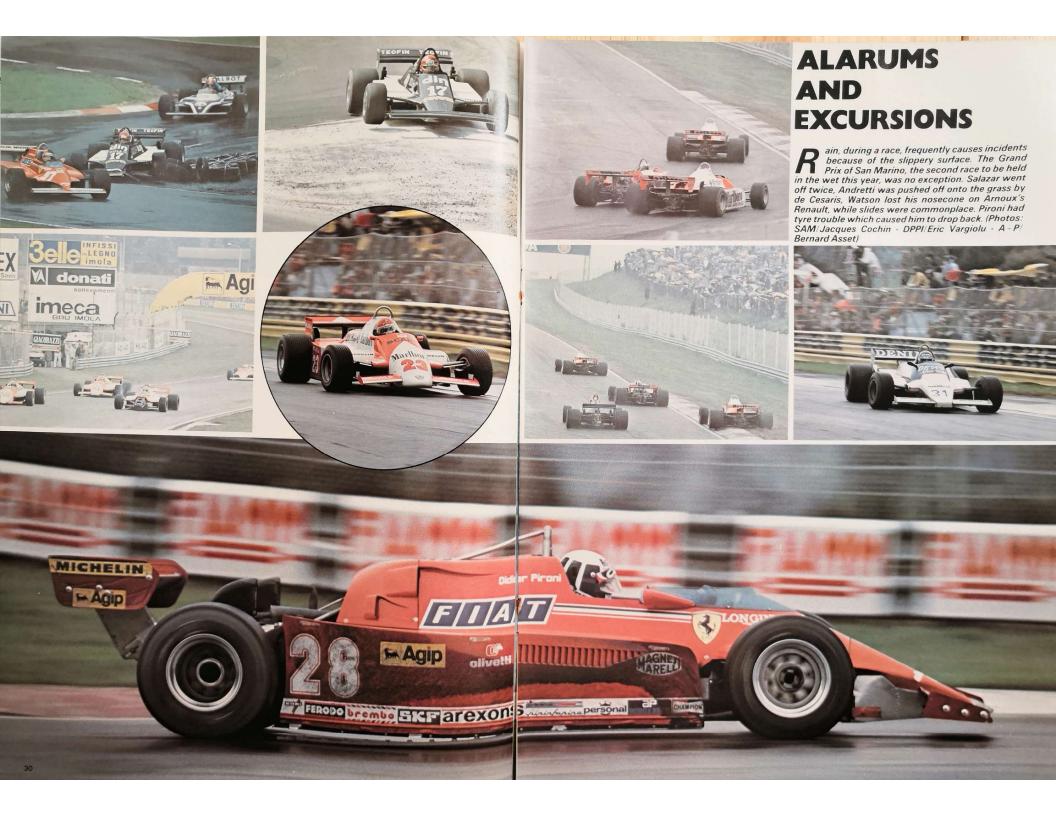


Didier is most certainly well-known in Italy. It seems that most of his cousins have started restaurants on the Adriatic

The Formula Fiat Abarth cars fitted with Lancia Beta engines

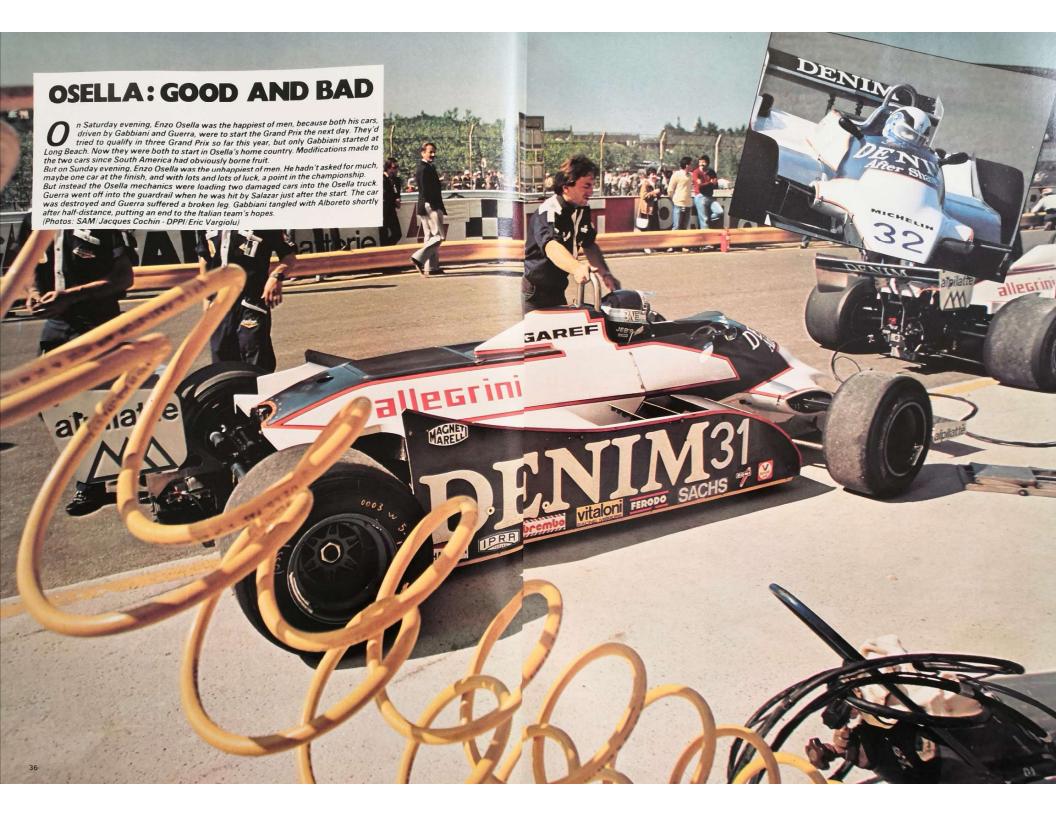












RICCARDO PATRESE

Riccardo Patrese has been a different man since the start of this year's Grand Prix season. He's more open, more relaxed and seemingly more happy with his life. That's perhaps because he feels that a weight has been taken off his shoulders. Forgotten are his frequently fruitless drives in the middle of the field, the fact that he was driving for a second-rate team, and his controversial reputation. Riccardo has left all that behind. After four years of waiting, he now has a competitive car with which he can pick up top three positions. But it's not really that Riccardo himself has changed, it's his life that is different.

by Eric BHAT -



You appear to be a happier man this year, more relaxed. Why is that?

The main reason is that Riccardo Patrese is finally driving for a team that provides him with a competitive car. So not surprisingly, that fact affects me, my moods and morale. I feel a lot happier, I feel that I'm actually smiling more.

But I'm just as pleased to have been surprised like this. I was rather depressed at the start of the season. During the off-season, I tried to find a drive with another team but failed and rather unwillingly, had to resign for Arrows. Frankly, I didn't expect things to have changed. It was more than I could hope for. For three years Arrows have been trying - in vain - to build a competitive car. And for various reasons they've failed. But I knew that the potential was there. And suddenly this year we're competitive. When you're expecting things to go badly, or just a rather average performance, and then

everything goes really well, it's such a surprise that of course one tends to feel great. I've been very happy with my races so far this season. I've felt that

I've proved something, particularly to

those people who'd written me off.

You didn't really want to stay with Arrows, did you, you wanted a change? But did you really have any other opportunity but to stay with them?

I talked with a lot of teams, but for one reason or another, I never managed to come to an agreement with any of them. In fact it was the same with Arrows, because the team had lost sponsorship and was having trouble finding finance. I was told that they might not be able to keep me in the team. For a while it looked as though I might not get a drive anywhere, let alone with a number one team. Fortunately the Ragno tile company offered me support which at least guaranteed me finding a drive. Finally we decided on Arrows



again, and it's turned out really well especially considering the alternative at the time.

Has the atmosphere within the team changed now that the car is compentive?

Yes, it's completely different. Last year we just didn't seem to be getting anywhere. Everyone was working hard yet we couldn't do any better. We felt powerless to improve the situation. By the end of the season we were all rather low. When things aren't going well, everyone, including the engineers, mechanics and even drivers tends to let things go. Of course you simply can't do well when people feel like that.

We started this year with a new sponsor, Ragno, and the atmosphere was immediately different. Everyone worked harder, not simply because the car turned out to be competitive, which in itself was encouraging, but because Ragno almost brought pressure to bear on the team. They pushed us and encouraged us to do better.

I must admit that Dave Wass has done a very good job. Everything that he's done to the Arrows A3 has been in the right direction. He hasn't taken a wrong turning, the car's made nothing but progress. We hadn't done a lot of testing prior to Long Beach, yet the car was immediately quick which is a credit to Dave.

It's strange, isn't it, that when Dave Wass and Tony Southgate worked together at Arrows, their cars weren't very competitive? Yet at the start of this season, when they were working for separate teams, their individual cars worked well. Why do you think this was?

It's hard to explain. I rated Tony highly, I thought he was good. We worked well together and I felt close to him, I knew just how good he was. But you're right, both the Arrows and the Theodore were competitive at the start of he season.

Our main problem last year was that our skirts never worked properly. Well that's not a problem this year, and without skirts, it means that we have other areas in which to spend money. That's one of the reasons that we've made progress. As people, there's one particular difference between Tony and Dave Tony is resolute in his ideas, he believes in them one hundred per cent and it's hard to change his mind. That's not such a bad thing in some ways because you have to believe in what you're doing in this life. Dave, on the other hand, knows what he wants to do, but he tends to be slightly more broad-minded about things. He looks around at what other people are doing and he's able to admit that perhaps his ideas aren't exactly right. He takes a



little of bit from other people's cars and can adapt that to his own ideas.

You and Tony Southgate were good friends. Are you sorry he's gone?

Yes, but I'm still great friends with him. I worked for three years with him, and I tend to be slightly sentimental about things like that. We worked well together and I was sad that he left.

Have you found that now you're a front runner that you're popular again?

Yes, but then it's always like that. Everyone wants to talk to you, congratulate you and ask questions. That's life. When you're a success, people want to be associated with you, people want to be associated with success. But when you're down, no one wants to know you.

Does the change in your life make any difference to the way you drive? Do you think you drive better when you're more determined?

Maybe, but it's not a conscious feeling. I think that over the past few years, I've always driven at my best. I've never felt less determined because the car hasn't been competitive. But when you are driving a competitive car, it seems to draw you out that little bit extra, and one drives that much better without really realising it. It makes no difference whether it's intentional or it just happens, if you're feeling good, you drive better even though you may not realise it. You can't put your finger on it, and it isn't simply a matter of speed. It's easier to drive a competitive car. Last year, at Brands Hatch for instance, I had to try incredibly hard just to qualify. It was a lot easier getting pole position at Long Beach. Those are two totally different situations, and the driver has very little influence on the outcome, everything depends on the organisa-

Now that you're driving a competitive car, you must be looking for your first Grand Prix win?

Yes, absolutely. I've finished in every position between second and tenth, all I need now is a first to complete the set. I'm doing everything I can to win, but I'm not driving for Williams, Brabham, Renault or Ferrari. They have the finance to improve their cars and it's not easy to remain as competitive. We have a limited budget and we can't spend more than that, I could have won at Long Beach and I was really disappointed not to have done so, because I am not sure that the opportunity is going to present itself again in the near future. I'm driving for Arrows, not Williams, Their future is safe, mine isn't.

But if Arrows keep going the way they have since the beginning of the season, then surely they must be considered among the best cars, and the team too?

I think that we should be in a position to win a Grand Prix this year. I'm always up towards the front, I always start

from the front rows of the grid. Sometimes it's better than others. I hope I'll have another crack at it before the end of the season. I feel that my Grand Prix career hasn't been a lucky one, so that it's about time that luck turned my way. I should already have won three Grands Prix. But because I've been unlucky, I haven't won a single race. First of all there was the South African Grand Prix in 1978, then the Swedish race the same year: I finished second, behind Lauda's Brabham fan car which was subsequently banned. So that should have been my first or second win. And then there was this year's Long Beach race. So it's time I struck

How did you feel when you retired at Long Beach this year? Did you feel better or worse than in South Africa in 1978 for example?

I was less disappointed, a lot less disappointed. I was actually very happy after I retired at Long Beach, because after all the problems I'd been through trying to get a drive, I realised that the car was very good. I'd set pole position time for the first time in my Formula One career, I'd led for 30 laps and I'd proved to everyone that I was still competitive. I was even more happy because I didn't expect to be so competitive.

I was still young when I led in South Africa in 1978. I'd only been in Formula 1 for a short while and I still believed that it was easy to win a Formula 1 race. I hadn't any problems in Formula 1 at that time. I still believed that life was easy in Formula 1 and I didn't realise how difficult it was to win a Grand Prix. That came later, and I went through a difficult period, driving uncompetitive cars. That's why I was happy at Long Beach, why I derived some happiness from that race, in spite of retiring. I was less disappointed than at Kyalami three years earlier. At that time, I took things at face value and didn't appreciate the underlying plus and minus points which I do now.

Does this upturn in your career mean that you've forgotten all the problems you've had in Formula 1 your bad reputation for instance?

All my Formula 1 problems stem from the accident at Monza in 1978. My bad reputation was born there. There was an enormous campaign against me and it just seemed that I must be the guilty one who caused that accident. I was simply the person to blame for all subsequent incidents. I was the man that other drivers blamed, and they all ganged up on me and banned me from taking part in the next race at Watkins Glen. Since then most of them and various other drivers have apologised to me because now they realise that I wasn't to blame. Their attitude in America was inexcusable, the whole affair should never have happened. So it's hard to forget, it's too big to forget. And there's still a court case to take place over that Monza accident. The story isn't over yet, so I can't forget it.



But as time passes, surely it means less to you?

I've always had a clear conscience about the accident. It's never affected my morale. I may be a hard driver in a race, but that's not such a bad thing. Most other drivers are the same. It's not that I'm the villain and the others are all angels. Everyone is hard during races. I may have been a little too hard at first, but I think I've found the right level.

Now that you've found the right compromise and you have enough experience, do you think that you're capable of winning the World Championship?

The most important factor in winning the World Championship is the organisation behind a driver. If you have the best car run by the best team at the right moment, then you can become World Champion. I've now done more than 50 Grands Prix and I reckon that I would recognise the right moment if was in the right position. I feel that I'm competitive enough to take advantage of those conditions.

You got on very well with your former teammate Jochen Mass last year. Do you miss having him in the team?

Of course, yes. I'm very disappointed he's not in our team this year, or at least in Grand Prix racing. As a person, Jochen is the greatest guy I've met in Formula 1. I hope he'il be back soon. I would have liked him to stay in the team bit it simply wasn't possible.

Eddie Cheever has said that it's impossible to be really friendly with another Grand Prix driver, but your friendship with Jochen seems to contradict that statement.

One can strike up a decent friendship with people like Jochen. But what Eddie was saying is true. It's hard to make friends with people in Formula 1 because they're rivals. We known one another, but none of us are very close. When a driver leaves a circuit, he goes home. We don't mix a lot.

These days you're probably the leader of the new wave of younger Italian drivers. What do you think of the fact that there are so many of your fellow-countrymen in Formula 1?

We're in a good position at the moment. A number of quick new Italian drivers have emerged in the last few years. Two years ago, everyone was talking about the "French team", but now there's an Italian team as well and the contest between them is going to be very interesting, I don't think that the Italians are going to be any worse off than the French, we're both going to be just as good.

It must be important for you to prove that you're the best of the Italians.

Everyone wants to be first, in whatever situation. But there are two points that

I'd like to make. The first is that I want to be the best in the world, that's what competition is all about. And if I can't be the best in the world, then I certainly want to be the best of the Italians. That's no big deal in itself, but the press are always making comparisons and saying who's best and who's worst. That's fine for the public, but not for the drivers. Theoretically, it shouldn't be a special worry for me to be in front of de Angelis because he's Italian, but because of articles published the next day, it becomes important.

What do you think of your new teammate, Siegfried Stohr?

As a person, I like him a lot. We get on very well together. But you must realise that as a driver, he arrived in Grand Prix racing having scarcely tested at all during the winter. He hadn't had time to get used to the car before the first race. Formula 1 is very hard work, it takes time to get used to it. I'm very sorry that Siegfried has twice failed to qualify, because I think he's perfectly capable of qualifying. Furthermore, he seems to have a fine understanding as to how the car works. Even so, he needs more experience. You can't simply apply the same rules learnt in Formula 2 and 3 to Formula 1. Sometimes you have to forget all that and try something which could appear stupid at first in order to improve the cars. If you're too logical, you can miss the greatest

opportunity to improve the car. It's hard to understand, even puzzling to start off with, but it comes with experience.

You always seem to spend a long time talking to your team after practice. Is that because you're interested in the technical aspects of Formula 1?

It's the best part of Formula 1. After all, it's the most technical and sophisticated class of motor racing. I think most of the drivers appreciate that. It's much easier if you concentrate hard on the development of Formula 1 and the behaviour of the car. If all that is in your head when you're driving, then you can be more analytical. You can pinpoint what's going on immediately and quickly diagnose and work out a remedy. That's also experience, it comes progressively.

Do you fell that you're currently in the most exciting stage of your career?

I really enjoyed the first part of the 1978 season, up to the German Grand Prix. By the end, because of our problems with Shadow, we had had to change the car and wait until the start of the next season to have a reasonably competitive chassis. I feel now as I did in 1978, when I first drove in Formula 1. I'm enjoying Grand Prix racing. I'm getting on better with the other drivers and journalists. I feel much happier generally speaking.



TOLEMAN: FACING UP TO THE BIG TIME

Derek Warwick is Toleman's number two driver. While Brian Henton already has Formula 1 experience, Imola was Warwick's first taste of F1 racing.



Since the departure of BRM from the F1 scene, every British-based Grand Prix team has relied on Ford-Cosworth power. That situation changed at Imola. where two exciting Candy-Toleman F1 turbocars were presented by the reigning F2 championship team. With a staff of just over 30, but an unlimited supply of talent and enthusiasm, the newcomers brought a fresh note to racing. And despite their failure to qualify for the San Marino GP, there is no mistaking the ambitions of the men from the Toleman Group.

by Mike DOODSON

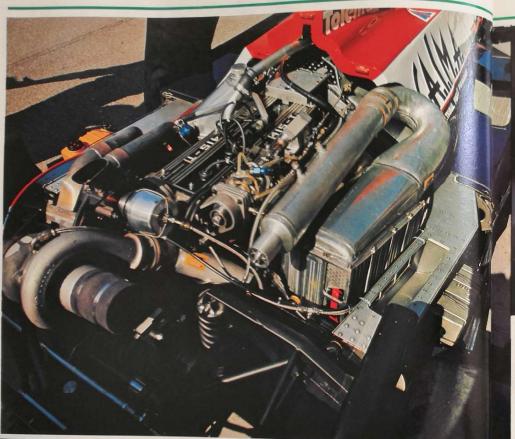
here is a better than even chance that anyone in the United Kingdom who buys a new car has just done business with the Toleman Group of companies, It's most unlikely of course that the customer, preoccupied with the thrill of settling himself behind the wheel of his expensive new toy, will even know the name of Toleman. But each year around 800,000 British motorists have a Toleman company to thank for bringing their shiny new car from its factory or port of entry to the showroom of the dealer

In charge of the day-to-day business of making sure that all those cars get to their destinations and the waiting customers is a quietly-spoken Englishman named Alex Hawkridge, joint Managing Director of the Toleman Group at its administrative headquarters in Brentwood, Essex. Thick glasses and a neatly trimmed beard tend to conceal the real face of Hawkridge. But he is the man with the awesome task of ensuring that the Toleman Group stays prosperous. When you consider that its latest project is nothing less than Formula 1, with an all-British turbocar designed to take on giants like Renault Ferrari and Alfa Romeo at their own game, it is immediately clear that Hawkridge and the Toleman Group are not just having fun.

Motorsport and Toleman have been associated for almost ten years, initially on a modest scale. Ted Toleman's racing career took him to Le Mans (where he competed in a 2-litre Lola), while Hawkridge spent a short period as a club driver in Formula Ford. However, although Toleman sponsorship of various club racing machinery has been a part of the British scene for several years, it wasn't until the group moved into Formula 2 with South African driver Rad Dougall in 1978 that it became a serious international force.

The name hit the headlines in a big way at Thruxton's Easter meeting two years ago. The team's new Ralt chassis were not ready to race, so Dougall was obliged to use his year-old Toleman March

brought its cars to Imola for their first Grand Prix. The principals in the team are Alex Hawkridge, Brian Henton and Rory Byrnes above left). Toleman managing director, number one driver and designer respectively. Also making his F1 debut was engine designer Brian Hart (above right)



The Tolemans are powered by a turbocharged version of Brian Hart's successful 420R Formula 2 engine. The four cylinder, single turbo unit gives 525 bhp. Hart (opposite) is a former driver himself. He raced in actor Peter Sellers's F3 team, and then moved on to the wooden F2 Protos. His own engine designs later powered Mike Hailwood's Matchbox Surtees to victory in the European F2 championship of 1972. Last year Hart again won the F2 championship, his engines powering Henton's Toleman to victory and Warwick's similar car to runner-up position. Although Rory Byrne had provided space at the rear of the F1 Toleman for different intercooling solutions, he has since redesigned the back end of the car to accomodate more intercooling.

for the Easter classic. The combination of his neat driving and a reliable chassis gave him a resounding victory.

Having been almost overlooked after years as an underfinanced privateer, Brian Henton had just been co-opted on to the Toleman team, and once the Ralt chassis had been developed it was Henton who became the more successful driver. By the end of the year the experienced man from Derby was within an ace of stealing the European title from Marc Surer. Had it not been for a well-publicised incident at Enna, Henton would have taken the championship before the end of the year. He again went off the road while leading Surer at Donington in the deciding final round, though the team admits that this was not so much a driving mistake by Henton as an engineering decision to gamble on an untested new type of brake pad material.

By the end of that exciting season, the Toleman F2 team built up by Hawkridge already included some outstandingly talented people. One of the most important was Rory Byrne, an ambi-

tious engineer from South Africa who less than two years earlier had been designing the Royale Formula Ford cars driven by Rad Dougall. When Hawkridge offered Byrne the opportunity to design and build his own F2 chassis for a flat-out assault on the European championship, Byrne seized it with both hands. Seeing the importance of tyres, Hawkridge had reached an agreement for Pirelli technicians to undertake some winter testing with the team's Ralts. For 1980, the Italian company gave the Toleman cars priority with its metal radial racing tyres.

The results were immediate. Using engines supplied by ex-Cosworth engineer Brian Hart, the two Pirelli-shod To-lemans of Henton and his team mate Derek Warwick, a former European Formula Ford champion, swept aside all opposition from March and other makes to finish the season with a convincing 1-2 in the series.

Before the Formula 2 season was over, there were reports that Toleman was considering a move into Formula 1. Hawkridge had been quick to spot the potential in his team, and Byrne was understandably keen to start work on a suitable chassis. When the word was finally given in November for work to go ahead, Byrne was ready with plans that incorporated new materials not only for the chassis but also for the wheels and brakes.

It was the engine, however, which presented Hawkridge with the most difficult challenge. "Perhaps because of all the trucks which we maintain, I was well aware of the value of turbocharging." he explains. "It therefore approached Brian Hart about the possibility of making a turbocharged version of his four-cylinder Formula 2 engine.

"Right at the outset, Brian said that we should spend at least a year testing before we even thought about racing a turbocharged engine. But that isn't realistic: we need sponsors, and we need to go racing." Hart remained cautious, though he agreed to start work on the project. This in itself was a compliment to the abilities of the Toleman engineers, for Hart has deliberately avoided the temptation of involving his com-

pany in F1 engine development for a period of more than ten years.

It's difficult to envisage the sort of research and funds which are necessary to make a competitive racing turbo. It took giant Renault 28 Grands Prix to win a race with their 1.5-litre V6, and it is evident that Ferrari has spent an unprecedented sum of money to reach a competitive level with his current 126C V6 unit.

"We don't have a massive development budget for our engine," says Hawkridge. "Up to now, Brian's put a lot of his own money into it, and I've invested a lot of my personal savings... so obviously we've all got faith in it. Fortunately, so far the decisions we've made have proved to be the right ones. I think it must be unique in the history of turbocharged engines that we've got as far as this without blowing up a single engine.

"Initially, we were developing a twin turbo version of the Hart engine. We expected to have power that was comparable with a DFV, ie around 500 hor-

sepower, with similar torque. In fact, the torque was better and we had the horsepower we were looking for. But because of the size of our car - which has a wide fuel tank that needs a lot of power to get it down the straights reasonably quickly - we decided to go for a single turbo layout in the search for more power. It's already shown between 550 and 580 horsepower on the brake, and as installed in the car it's giving about 525.

"The main problem now is to get our intercooling right. That's not easy, because we have found that the installation suffers from being mounted in one compartment at the back of the car. For that reason, we're already building a new car which we hope to have ready for Jarama. It will have different aerodynamics, with relocated intercoolers using the airflow further forward in the chassis.

"Even before we came to Imola, we didn't expect to qualify, because we knew we had the intercooling problem. Nevertheless, we had commitments not only to Candy, our main sponsor,

and to SAIMA, our secondary sponsor, but also to FOCA and FISA. In fact, just getting here has been a little victory for us, because our boys have been working 18 hours a day since Christmas, virtually without any time off, to get the two cars built."

Despite the inevitable disappointments, the Toleman mechanics under their manager, Roger Silman, together with Byrne, Hart and Hawkridge, were glad to have made the effort. They returned to their racing headquarters in Oxfordshire with some valuable experience, and with the comforting knowledge that not one of their engines had blown up.

"There's no doubt in my mind that if we'd had "English" conditions of weather here, we would have qualified," says Hawkridge. "But that isn't the point. We have got to come to terms with the problems, so the sooner we can meet them the sooner we can face up to them. It's a challenge, but we are ready to face it."

RISING RATE OF SUSPENSION INTEREST

After Nelson Piquet's runaway Argentina Grand Prix win, it was only to be expected that a number of teams would arrive at Imola with a system of lowering the car's bodywork, similar to that on the victorious Brabham. Indeed, the Brabham men themselves took their arrangement one step further, while new systems appeared from Williams, ATS, Fittipaldi, Ligier, Arrows, Tyrrell and Osella. Even though the suspension theory was subsequently judged to be legal, not all th teams used variable height suspension, because in some cases there was a great deal more work to be done before it was working satisfactorily. But the fact that the flexible skirts were judged illegal did nothing to help designers and engineers to perfect various solutions.

-by Giorgio PIOLA -

Most of the other teams had taken the simple step of copying the Brabham system as used in Argentina. This comprised four interconnected pneumatic cylinders, but these tend to create complications because they affect one another as well as working with one another. This type of suspension was fitted to the Tyrrell, Williams, Fittipaldi and Arrows cars, at least when they arrived at Imola.

Talbot/Ligier and Osella, however, had cars with rather more original systems. Osella's was a very different system to the others. Engineer Valentini had mounted four completely independent pneumatic cylinders to lower the Osella's bodywork. The cylinders worked neither with one another, nor with the normal suspension. Even though the system was judged to be legal, the team dismantled it before practice began. Talbot/Ligier weren't giving away much about the system on the two JS17s. It was thought that it operated by servo connected to and reacting with the engine's oil pressure.

Political observers within Grand Prix racing expected the Italian scrutineers to be very thorough. This was as much for the sake of those within Formula 1 as those on the sidelines. It was generally felt that everyone wanted to see some stability in the rules, and we reckon

that the scrutineers did a good job. If the same group of scrutineers did all the races, there would be a lot less political trouble.

The chief scrutineer was engineer Cadringher who works with Aeritalia, and whose main job is to do with the tri-nation Tornado fighter project. On his recommendation, scrutineers simply declared the flexible skirts used in conjunction with hydro-pneumatic suspension to be unacceptable. The skirts on the Brabham in Argentina appeared to be sucked under the side pods by ground effect, the outer surface rubbing slightly on the ground. Because these skirts were flexible, they could absorb any lowering of the car.

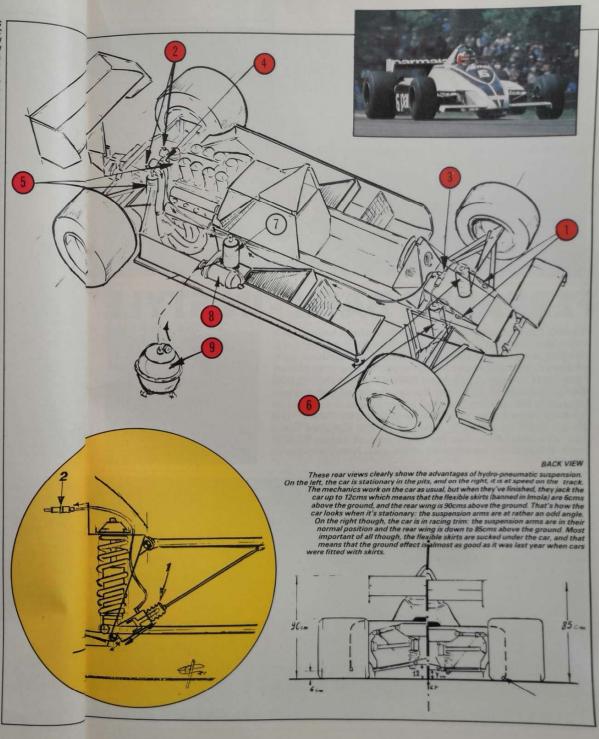
But the scrutineers banned the flexible skirts, saying that they had to be rigid. This made things much more difficult, because while a hydro-pneumatic suspension system was called on to lower the car as close to the ground as possible, the bodywork couldn't actually touch the ground ever, because if it did, it would simply break up. This happened to a number of teams and that caused them to abandon the use of the system. Only Brabham, Fittipaldi, and Talbot/Ligier cars were fitted with hydro-pneumatic suspension for

HYDRO-PNEUMATIC SUSPENSION SYSTEM IN **ARGENTINA** 1-2 bleed nipples for adding liquid to the hydraulic shock absorbers 3-4: T-junctions in hoses linking the two front and rear shock absorbers 5-6: combined spring/shock absorber working with hydro-pneumatic cylinder 7: twin chamber hottle with compressed air and 8: compressed air bottle whose pressure is maintained by the use of a small compressor each time the car comes into the

This system had been copied by most teams by the time they got to nola. It allows the car to sink lower when aerodynamic pressure is greater than the air pressure in the hydro-pneumatic cylinder. This allows hydraulic fluid to flow out of the shock bsorbers into the bottle (7) which in turn Operates a small piston which locks the system. When the car slows, aerodynamic pressure is less, the bottled compresed air pushes the piston liquid back into the shock absorbers and the hydraulics raise the car again.

> BRABHAM'S NEW SYSTEM

The Brabham team had built a newer and more sophisticated system for Imola. The basic method of operation was no different, but instead of working in conjunction with the spring shock absorber, it worked independently, the cylinder being mounted on a seperate suspension. Ink.





FERRARI IS BACK-IN STYLE

It took Ferrari only three weeks to make a come-back from the disasters of Argentina. Almost miraculously, the red cars demonstrated not only a competitive turn of speed, but also - to the great credit of engineer Mauro Forghieri - surprisingly good reliability. For the 70,000 damp Italians at this first European GP of the season (the only bit of "San Marino" about it was the name), it was an extra national GP which was led by "their" red cars... until an unhappy chain of events dropped them out of contention. But for every one of those 70,000 fans, it had been worth their while merely to spectate at Imola



It catapulted away from the corner like a slingshot. The red fibreglass of its chisel nose contrasted tastefully with the silver of its aluminium wings as a couple of tyres brushed the grassy verge. It left a cloud of yellow dust hanging in the air, soon to be whipped away by the spring breeze. Crouching close to the ground, it vanished behind a veil of bluish-grey exhaust smoke which cleared a milli-second later to reveal that Gilles Villeneuve was opposite-locking his way out of a vicious oversteering slide. The Canadian was already well on his way up the hill that follows the difficult Tosa hairpin.

Gilles had been happy even before the start of practice. "Now we're getting somewhere," he had said, alluding to

the improvement in the road holding which had come as a result of some judicious chassis stiffening since the race in Buenos Aires. Tests had shown that the Scuderia was on the right road again. Last year, the Ferraris had looked terrible through this same hairpin, but this year they looked quick. What's more, the stop watch confirmed it. Gilles, for once, was quick as well as spectacular.

Three weeks before, Gilles and his team mate Didier Pironi had been in a much less happy position. They had sat alongside each other after the first unofficial practice session, in the garage area allocated by the Argentines to the Scuderia, with equally long faces. Yet it would seem that it needed

nothing more than a deep breath of Italian air to set them up again in the good old-fashioned style which one remembered from the days of Lauda and Regazzoni and the more recent championship achievements of Jody Scheckter.

But was it just the enthusiasm of the local spectators, for whom this race was more of a bonus Italian GP than a gentine San Marino GP, that had "lifted" the performance of the red cars?

There was one man for whom this moment was worth savouring: Mauro Forghieri. On the day before official practice began, Enzo Ferrari had visited the Autodromo in person. It wasn't far for him to come: the trip down the Bologna bypass takes barely half an hour



from Maranello. Forghieri was entitled to be proud. In spite of the ever-present head set and microphone, he was obviously well aware that Villeneuve had just done an amazing lap, for he could not ignore the excited movements and cheers of the crowd in the pits grandstand as the commentator greeted each Ferrari lap with mounting excitement. As always, the Ferrari pit started to fill with journalists, but this weekend they weren't just the Italians. It became necessary for guards to be called forward to enable the mechanics in their yellow shirts and black trousers to get on with their work.

The loudspeakers chanted the same phrase over and over: "I nostri" our boys, were on the verge of putting an end to the dominance of Nelson Piquet and the dreaded Williams cars. As far as the crowd was concerned, it was acceptable for the Alfas, Patrese or de Cesaris to be pushing the Ferraris, but that was all. Yes indeed, Forghieri and engineer Tomaini were delighted. They gave all the right answers to the journalists' questions, aware as always that ultimately it's their work which gives the Scuderia its success or otherwise. They were at pains to point out that turbocharged engines have yet to reach a high standard of reliability, so don't expect too much, they warned. Indeed, their happiness was literally clouded by their engines' sometimes worrying blue smoke.

Their concern was underlined by the failure of the engine in Villeneuve's car. He had to stand by, helpless, while Arnoux snatched the Friday afternoon "pole" time from him. Failures, either of turbos or pistons, were to oblige Villeneuve and Pironi to jump in and out of their cars, from race chassis to T-car, throughout the two days. None of this manouevering was missed by those dedicated fans in the stand opposite. whistling and cheering depending on who had just done what time. On Saturday afternoon, their whistles demonstrated their feelings when Villeneuve was to trail in with a long plume of smoke from his exhausts

A small boy in the Ferrari pit was showing just as much interest in the proceedings as those fans. But Jacques Villeneuve, Gilles's son, was probably not aware of the fact that the Ferrari team had something special waiting to quarantee an all-red front row on that Saturday afternoon. To help Jacques's father and "Didi" (Enzo Ferrari's pet name for Pironi) to beat the world's best, the men from Maranello had a trick up their sleeves. It involved increasing the boost pressure of the turbochargers way beyond their "safe" limit. Nobody could say exactly how long a super-boosted engine would last before it blew, but the subterfuge - they thought - was worth the risk if it was to put the Ferraris in front of the grid for tomorrow's race.

It worked out like that for Villeneuve, but not for Pironi, who was forced in

the last part of the session to take over his team mate's spare car. It didn't matter. For Villeneuve, with 15 minutes of the session remaining, had pulled it off: a Ferrari was on pole position on home ground.

A few minutes after 3 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, the Scuderia was to do even better than that. Before either of the Ferraris had even negotiated the pits chicane to complete the first lap of the race, the grandstands erupted with a passion rarely seen outside a football stadium. It was like the Maracana in Rio, at the moment when Flamengo scores to equalise with Fluminense, the delirium of 70,000 enraptured fans. The loudspeakers fanned the joyful cries into a frenzy. They were all aware that this Grand Prix was turning into a truly memorable occasion.

The speaker just had time to shout "Gil Villeneuve al commando" when his metallic tones were drowned by the roar from the stands. Evidently Pironi was in second place, but there wasn't a hope of hearing the other places in the hubbly.

In the Ferrari pit, a full grown man brushed back a tear. "It's the first time for three years," he smiled as if to justify his emotion. Two thunder-claps assaulted the ears as the Ferraris rushed past: the turbocharged brigade was on its way. A wave of people shifted towards the Ferrari pit. They found their way inside, hanging about in the corners, the better to follow the Italian TV broadcast on the wide screen colour set installed above the door.

Seven or eight minutes later, the commentator - who had got over the excitement of the first lap - dropped his second bombshell of the day: "Patrese a superato Reutemann, fantastic." Patrese had found a way round Reutemann's Williams... It was indeed fortunate that the seats in the grandstand had been firmly secured to the floor: Villeneuve-Pironi-Patrese lying 1-2-3 in the Italian GP was enough to send Latin heart beats well over the recommended rev limit. Whatever happened, a win for a Ferrari or an Italian was now surely a certainty, especially as Patrese had pulled well clear of the Williams in 4th place.

The weather, of course, was far from good. It had rained all morning, and although the sky had tried to clear soon after the start, it was now clouding over again. The weather didn't matter, though. These spectators would willingly stand in the rain without a coat to revel in a moment like this, for this was ecezionale, and the louspeakers repeated the word the better to underline the excitement.

Ferrari was going to win! ...The shock when it came was all the greater because it took place as early as the 15th lap, as the word rang around the stands: "Villeneuve is changing tyres, the track is drying out. He's planning to make up time and re-take the lead, be-

cause the others will be stopping soon for slicks as well. Don't worry, he's doing the right thing."

Two laps later, Gilles's switch was revealed as a ghastly error. The clouds had darkened, the rain was falling and Villeneuve was in the pits again for a change back to wets. He had lost the race. Forghieri stood quietly trembling with rage. Tomaini, his face blank behind his headset, bit his lips; Michelin manager Pierre Dupasquier paced up and down with a fixed expression in his eyes.

"Mama mia, how could he do something so stupid?" was the unasked question in the stands... "couldn't he see that the clouds were coming back and it was going to rain again?" Of course not: his view was restricted by his helmet: the only things a driver can see properly are his front wheels and a bit of leather-bound steering wheel. Villeneuve could not have known what was happening in the sky... certainly not to the same extent as the crowds in the stands.

Pironi, meanwhile - unknown to allwas now leading the race with a piece of fixed skirt coming away on the left side of his Ferrari. And his tyres were wearing at a rate that soon had him alarmed. But all that the crowd could see was that he was being hauled in by Piquet, who had left Patrese standing in third place.

The only thing left to do was to stand there mesmerised, watching Pironi's desperate efforts to hold on to the lead and -eventually - to accept the fact that Piquet was going to pass the Ferrari and carry off this semi-Italian GP.

Forghieri was in the same trance as the spectators. He couldn't believe that a chain of events like this could possibly deprive the Ferraris, his cars, of the victory they deserved. What made it even worse was the fact that the engines, the one part of the Ferraris which give his engineers their most worrying moments, were staying together on both cars - yet only one was to get in the points.

In the final account, though, there was the reassuring fact that, between them, Villeneuve and Pironi had led no fewer than 46 laps of the GP's 60. When you add the pole position taken by Villeneuve, that's an encouragingly good result for engineers who've had their efforts completely thwarted so far this year.

Now the men from Maranello can see a brighter future. The Ferraris are right there with Piquet, Patrese and Reutemann. They're obviously powerful, and they are beginning to be reliable. The reasons are best known to Forghieri, because nobody else can explain what changes have brought about this fresh state of affairs. No doubt this is the reason why the normally stern Forghieri, during the first moments of Imola practice, was wearing an unaccustomed smile on his lips...

PROST riplum

fariboro ---

RENAULT CHE CA

here are days like that, when nothing seems to go right, when everything seems to go against you for no particular reason, and you're completely powerless to do anything about it.

What can you do, for instance about clouds and rain? I think the best think is to go home and sit in front of the television, but you can't really do that when you've got to drive a Renault in a Grand Prix. When I saw the rain at Imola on Sunday morning, my hopes took a dive. Our cars are very difficult to drive in the wet. I felt that all our work over the past two days on a dry track was going to be completely wiped out. Any advantage that we might have had from a good grid position was nothing now. It had all been diluted by the rain.

I may have felt frustrated then, but there was worse to come. Despite the rain, I still felt that I had a chance. I set fourth quickest time in the Sunday morning warm-up on the wet track. The rain began to ease off, it could be dry after a few laps of the race, and then we mightstill be in with a chance.

No way: I retired almost before I'd started. When it was time, I got into the car, strapped myself in, started the engine, pushed in the clutch. selected first and began to de-clutch. And that's when I knew that something was wrong. I could feel it in the gearbox. By then it was too late to put it right, too late to take over the spare instead, in fact too late to do anything. My warming up laps were more a swansong: take a look at the car now because I'm not going to be around for long.

Meanwhile I was considering the options. I might start in second gear and just take it easy from there on. There wasn't much more I could do. The least I could do was try, but I wasn't very optimistic. Gerard Larrousse was waiting for me on the grid. I started the race in second gear, and took off from the grid like a snail. I delayed just about everyone behind me and was soon in last position, cursing my luck. After four laps at the back of the field I called it a day. My San Marino Grand Prix was over. I think it was even more frustrating for me than it was, say, for Didier Pironi. He may have seen victory slipping away from him, but at least he'd had the satisfaction of leading the race and trying

his hardest. Even if he'd retired, he might have felt better than I did. It was a most frustrating and disappointing experience.

A.Prost

I never even had a chance to race. I was already down in the dumps when the rest of them were jockeying for po-

trating for me than it was, say, for Didier Pironi. He may have seen victory slipping away from him, but at least he'd had the satisfaction of leading the race and trying say, our spend all your time say, in the first corner. It was infuriating. You spend all you spend all your time

sorting out the car and getting onto the grid, and then when practice is over, your mind is immediately fixed on the race ahead, nothing else matters. You're working out where you can save time, how you can improve the car. Meanwhile, the race is getting closer and closer. One's programme revolves around working up to that climax, the race. And then quite suddenly, just as your mental state is at its peak for the start, the balloon bursts: nothing, you're not going to start the race at all.

I wasn't really angry, more frustrated. I tried to look at it philosophically as one of those things that happens in life, or at least, in racing. Of course, it should never happen at all, but it does, not just, to me but to most racing drivers at some stage or another in their careers.

I also noticed that I was a lot calmer as person in this situation than I might have been a few years ago. The same sort of thing happened to me when I was in Super Renault and Formula Three, and I would go crazy. I remember that in the final round of the Super Renault championship, it was all down to Jean-Louis Bousquet and I as to who was going to win the championship. All I needed was two or three points and I was the champion. But as we did our warming up laps, I realised that the engine was offsong. This could be costing me the championship before the race had even begun. But fortunately I took my two points and won the series. If I hadn't, I wouldn't be where I am today.

The Imola experience may have been just as frustrating, but at least it didn't have such serious potential consequences. That's because I knew then that in a couple of weeks, I would be in Belgium going through those two days of preparation and working up to the race. Hopefully, all the preparation will be rewarded by many more competitive laps.



OK, AYJAY?

If the political nonsense which broke out again at Imola is getting beyond a joke. I was very pleased that the race itself was so closely fought, because that diverted attention from some of the squalid little arguments which had delayed practice on Friday.

But if Formula 1 doesn't pull itself together soon, we're going to lose sponsors and we're going to the spectators. The people in the grandstands at Imola on Friday, for example, came to see motor racing, not to watch the cars stuck in the pits while race officials argued with team managers.

I'm a driver, not an engineer or a politician, and I prefer to concentrate on the job that I'm paid to do. At the same time, it seems logical to me that the racing rules should be something that, say, my wife could understand if she was given a ruler. Beverly is a keen spectator who would appreciate a rulebook that was simplified into straightforward terms of (say) minimum height, length, width and weight. Then the designers could get on with their job in peace.

rows over ground clearance and skirts. It isn't even consistent from one country to another. The root of the problem is a crazy rule which forces the designers to incorporate devices on their car which make it "legal" in the pits but "illegal" on the track when it's running at racing

speed

This rule, allegedly made in the interest of improving motorsport, has actually made it worse. It's significant that some of the designers whose teams wanted to ban skirts are now talking about trying to find a way of reintroducing them. As Patrick Head, our own chief engineer, explains things to me, it doesn't take a particularly brilliant race official to check the ground clearance when the permitted gap is 0.000 inch.

From the driver's point of view, the situation is just as unsatisfactory. If anything, the cars are more dangerous than they were before, certainly when they spin, because their momentum and the reduced ground effect sends them much further up the road before they stop. The handling is less predictable, too: one moment Instead, we've got constant you've got downforce, then

suddently you hit a bump and the car wants to fly off

There are some observers who say that it's the job of the driver to overcome the natural hazards of his profession. I can't disagree with that, but I find it impossible to regard the behaviour of the current cars as "natural". When you can't even see a hazard — and I assure you that losing half your downforce over a bump is a major hazard — the driver's opportunity to assess the situation has been taken away from him. It's like asking him to race at night without lights on a road that he's never seen before.

If you think that's frustrating, however, put yourself in the position of a racing car designer! At the moment, Patrick Head doesn't even know what sort of new car to design. He can work 12 hours a day at his drawing board only to discover at the next GP that the part he's just designed has been made illegal or has been banned by a local scrutineer.

Meanwhile, in complete accordance with the rules, some mechanic in (say) the Ferrari pit has been told to increase the boost control so that his driver can have an

extra hundred horsepower for one "hot" lap. That's what happened at Imola with Villeneuve's pole position lap, which was set with a tweaked-up engine that was already smoking when Gilles crossed the line to record a time seven-tenths of a second faster than anyone

I hate to think how much that lap cost. Even Ferrari engines don't come cheap, and judging by the flames that I saw coming from the back of it as Gilles limped the car back into the pit lane, that particular turbo-motor wasn't going very much further without an expensive re-

There are not many teams in Formula 1 which can afford to sacrifice engines like that, in fact I think that some of the smaller organisations would have been glad to be able to afford an extra set of tyres, let alone a "throwaway" en-

Our sport has some serious problems. I'm confident that there are men with the ability and the common sense to sort them out. I hope it is those men, and not those who have failed us recently. who will be allowed to put things right again.

Cockpits

PARMALAT BRABHAM

Brabham-Ford BT 49/9: Nelson Piquet (BR) Brabham-Ford BT 49/12. Hector Rebaque (MEX) Brabham-Ford BT 49/11:

The Brabham team had further modified their hydro-pneumatic suspension system. This had heen promised after Argentina and it was Gordon Murray's sixth variation. Instead of working with the shock absorbers, the new system worked on seperately sprung suspension workings of the combined spring/shock absorber. According ding to Murray, this also eased the mechanics' job.

When the flexible skirt ban blew up on Friday, it caused the team some setting-up problems, to such an extent that on Saturday, Piquet even tried a normall uspended car. However, both Brabhams used the hydro pneumatic suspension for the

Nelson Piquet may not have all the cards up his sleeve as he had in Argentina, but he drove a superb race, while Hector Rebaque also did well to claim fourth



SAUDIA LEYLAND WILLIAMS

Williams-Ford FW 07/11: Alan Jones (AUS) Williams-Ford FW 07/12: Carlos Reutemann (RA) Williams-Ford FW 07/14:

Frank Williams remained loyal to the FOCA cause during Friday's problems, even though he is in opposition to hydropneumatic suspension. However, the team was working on a similar system, and when the contentious suspension was judged to be legal, the team's version was fitted to Jones's car. However, the Australian driver

the results that it gave, and fo the rest of the weekend, both FW07s were fitted with normal suspension

Carlos Reutemann was competitive throughout the weekend, and many regarded him as favourite for the race, but he was nelp up by vibration during the race. Alan Jones had a difficult weekend. The gearbox gave trouble during the final qualifying session, and when he jum ped into the spare, that car's en gine blew up. Alan started well during the race but knocked his front wing askew when trying to overtake Reutemann. He chan ged tyres three times during the race, and finished in the lower half of the field.





RAGNO BETA ARROWS

Arrows-Ford A3/5: Riccardo Patrese (I) Arrows-Ford A3/6: Siegfried Stohr (I) Arrows-Ford A3/2.

Both Arrows arrived in Italy with systems similar to Brabham's, but it wasn't a great success. Neither Patrese nor Stohr could not, and it didn't appear very re-

When the flexible rubbing strips were banned on Friday, the Arrows team showed was it thought of the ban by running both cars with flexible skirts, saying that it was impossible to modify them. But rigid metal skirts were waiting to be fitted to the cars in the pits, and ten minutes later they were on the

The flexible rubbing strip ban hit Arrows particularly hard be

cause it was very complicated to set up the car properly. Metal skirts were badly damaged when they ran along the ground and that caused the team to re-

vert to normal suspension. Riccardo Patrese's car was slightly modified and used a de-velopment Cosworth engine, designed to slightly modify the car's aerodyanamics because the oil, water and petrol pumps were repositioned. For this reason, the water radiator was mounted on the left, and oil radiator was mounted on the

Stohr's car had been lighte by 22 pounds, bringing it into line with Patrese's. However, Siegfried went off the road or Saturday and slightly damaged the front of his car. He was late out in the afternoon qualifying session because of this, and that certainly contributed to his non-

Patrese set ninth fastest time and turned out to be a lot more competitive in the race, finishing in a fine second place. Victory must soon be his.

FERRARI SEFAC

Ferrari 126 C/052: Gilles Villeneuve (CDN) Ferrari 126 C/051: Didier Pironi (F) Ferrari 126 C/050: spare.

Once back in their homeland, the Ferraris appeared to have regained lost form, and were a ot more competitive than in the previous Grands Prix this year.

Gilles Villeneuve had a modified chassis at Imola. The front end was built according to new saety rules which will come into effect in 1982. Furthermore, a considerable weight saving had been made by using titanium instead of a casting for the sus-pension mounting points. All three cars had new rear suspen-

Both the drivers' race cars were a longer wheelbase form thanks to a spacer between engine and gearbox which made he wheelbase 15 cms longer. This altered the weight distribution and also the function of the



rear wing. The spare car was still in shorter wheelbase confi-guration. Gilles Villeneuve tried both versions and prefered the shorter car. Pironi wasn't able to compare the cars but took Gilles's advice and started the race in a shorter car

The Ferraris were very quick in practice and Gilles put his Fer rari on pole quite easily, although Pironi had considerable engine problems. By cutting the turbo boost, the engines proved to be more reliable during the race. Pironi did well to finish in the points, while Villeneuve looked to be heading for a top six position until the gearbox and clutch dropped him to seventh place at the end.

RENAULT ELF Renault RE 27B:

René Arnoux (F) Renault RE 22B: Alain Prost (F) Renault RE 21/26B: spare.

t was a weekend of ups and downs for the Renault team. Practice gave rise to hopes for the race, but the promise was infulfilled. The Imola outing was expected to be the last race for the RE 20s which should be replaced by RE 30s as from the Belgian Grand Prix. Apart from a brake boost system, the Renaults were unaltered.

René Arnoux set fastest time during the first qualifying session, while Alain Prost was delayed by a faulty engine. The next day, Arnoux was soon in the pits with a damaged engine and was bumped back to the seond row. Alain Prost was in turbo trouble after the boost had been turned up slightly, this affecting not only his race car but also the spare



But Sunday's rain immediately reduced the Renault drivers chances. Prost's race was brief he realised during the warm-up laps that the transmission was about to break, and he only did a few laps. Arnoux was hit by Laffite early on which damaged a wheel, and then his gearbox be gan to tighten up, so he finished a distant eighth.

MARLBORO MCLAREN

McLaren-Ford MP4/1: John Watson (GB) McLaren-Ford MP4/2: Watson's spare McLaren-Ford M29/5: Andrea de Cesaris (I) McLaren-Ford M29/2: De Cesaris's spare.

The Marlboro McLaren team had two of the promising MP4s at Imola. But the second model roved to be 24 pounds lighter nan the first. Half of this was ue to a different construction sing fewer carbon fibre and kelar layers. But even so, the MP4 s still four times stiffer than the old M29. The other half of this weight saving came from detail tidying. John Watson used the new car as a spare, because there aren't enough spare parts or it to be used as a race car. A third MP4 chassis has already arrived in England from Salt ake City where the chassis are

de Cesaris to use at Monaco.

John Watson continued development of the MP4 during practice, using a set-up similar to that used last year, which probably means that it was too soft in 1980. John said that every practice session brings an improvement to the car, and that he'll be even more competitive at Zolder. But in the race, he lost his nosecone on Arnoux's Renault, and then had two tyre changes, but still drove a good race. An drea de Cesaris was as determi ned as ever, and finished in a fine sixth place, despite his uncompetitive M29 and the diffi



ENSIGN Ensign-Ford MN 180B/15:

Marc Surer (CH)

Nigel Bennett was in charge of the Ensign team at Imola be cause Mo Nunn was back in England continuing the search for sponsor. Ralph Bellamy is no onger with the team; he's run ing one of March's works For nula Two cars.



With one engine, and a little sponsorship from the ISM Group of Switzerland for Imola, the team were scarcely in an advantageous position.

But with the rain, Surer was more hopeful and took the gamble to start on slicks. It didn't pay off. The rain restarted and instead of possibly picking up a point or two as he'd hoped, Surer finished ninth.

THEODORE RACING Theodore-Ford TY/01. Patrick Tambay (F)

There were a number of minor nodifications on the Theodore at Imola. The side pods and radiators were mounted differently and there was a new engine over. A second Theodore, propably fitted with hydro-pneuma-

ic suspension, should be ready

or the Belgian Grand Prix. Tambay had a number of prolems during practice. On Friday, the gearbox packed up after only three laps. At the start of the final qualifying session, the car's fuel system deprived it of fuel just a few hundred yards after the pits. Fortunately, the marshals managed to recover the car after 25 minutes, which saved the day, but the delay

pushed Tambay to a fine grid



Airline Car Stripes



position. He started the race or slicks, finally came into change to wets, and then found himself right in among the leaders and proved to be quite competitive with Pironi, Patrese and Piquet, even though he was two laps

ATS-Ford D4/06: Jan Lammers (NL) ATS-Ford D4/05: Slim Borgudd (S) lo Ramirez was no longer with

ATS WHEELS

he ATS team at Imola, replaced y German mechanic Gunter Richter, while a number of other nechanics have left or threaten nid is now in complete charg of the team, although he was helped by Roger Heavens who has run both Lammers and new driver Borgudd in Formula 3 To everyone's surprise, Borgudd managed to qualify despite his lack of experience and a

car that jumped around the track when in a straight line. He finished his first Grand Prix in



13th position, Sadly, Lammers didn't qualify. The hydroneumatic suspension didn't work and taking it off proved to be a longer job than at first thought. Jan had only 22 minutes in which to qualify and the car wasn't set up



MARCH March-Ford 811/01: Derek Daly (IRL) March-Ford 811/03:

Eliseo Salazar (RCH) Both March chassis had been stiffened considerably, particuarly at the front, and the sus pension mounting points had also been reinforced. Eliseo Salazar did well to qualify but poor

Daly-failed to make it on to the grid. Only after the final session was it discovered that one rea spring had partially collapsed After hitting Guerra early on Salazar drove well with a dama ged front wing, only to retire with a broken engine.

There should be a new March in Belgium, designed by Robin Herd, Alan Mertens and Gordon Coppuck.



ALFA ROMEO AUTODELTA Alfa Romeo 179C/02:

Mario Andretti (USA) Alfa Romeo 179C/03: Bruno Giacomelli (I) Alfa Romeo 179C/01: spare.

The Alfa Romeo team tried a hydro-pneumatic suspension system when testing before the

The team had worked on the aerodynamics in search of lost competitivity. New flaps on the side pods channelled air under the car, while on Friday and Saturday, Mario Andretti tested a new nose with angled front fins and it was with this nosecone that he set his fastest practice

Bruno Giacomelli broke two engines on the Friday, but had no problem on the Saturday. He collided with Cheever during San Marino Grand Prix, but the the race, while Andretti retired cars were fitted with normal with a broken gearbox. Not a suspension for the Grand Prix fruitful weekend for Alfa Ro-

TALBOT GITANES Ligier-Matra JS 17/02: Jacques Laffite (F) Ligier-Matra JS 17/03: Jean-Pierre Jabouille (F)

Ligier-Matra JS 17/01: Spare In spite of a number of modifications, the Ligier/Talbot/ Gitanes team was still in considerable trouble. The source of South America's engine problems, the coil, had been changed. New side pods, without fins in front

of the rear wheels were fitted, while a variable height suspension system was also fitted: not hydro-pneumatic, something different," explained Ducarouge But none of these modifications changed the team's luck.

Jacques Laffite's problems centered around overheating while Jean-Pierre Jabouille couldn't work out why his engine was down on power: he couldn't get over 11,000 revs. According t Jean-François Robin of Matra the V12 engines aren't givin the same power in the cars as they are on the brake.

Jabouille himself appeared be in good health physically, be his race turned into a prolo test session to try and get engine to run properly and to improve the stability of car. Laffite made a good but a brush with Arno front suspension link and he



Cockpits



TEAM TYRRELL Tyrrell-Ford 010/3-6: Eddie Cheever (USA) Tyrrell-Ford 010/2: Michele Alboreto (I)

The Tyrrells, like a numbr of other cars, arrived in Italy fitted with a hydro-pneumatic suspension system which was dismantled because it wouldn't work properly. Cheever complained that it frightened him when it didn't work. Michele Alboreto did well to qualify in front of his more expe-

said that Eddie had brake pro blems on Saturday in his race car when the front wheels kept locking up. He took over the have qualified in the first ten

Two damaged cars were delive red back to the Tyrrell pit after accident with Giacomelli, wh Alboreto tangled with Gabbian Not a good weekend for the Tyrells, sponsored by a local til-

DENIM OSELLA Osella-Ford Al/03: Beppe Gabbiani (I) Osella-Ford Al/04: Miguel-Angel Guerra (RA)

The Osellas had undergone considerable development since their return from South America. For a start, they were over 30 lbs lighter, and were fitmodifications, plus slightly altered front and rear wings.

On the Wednesday before the Grand Prix, Beppe Gabbiani tesed a hydro-pneumatic susper

ted system at Monza. This was designed by engineer Valentin and is further described in ou technical feature. However Enzo Osella decided agains using the system, partially be cause he feared for its reliability but also for its legality.

Both Gabbiani and Guerra ma naged to get onto the grid, a rent set-ups: Gabbiani's car wa ted with new side pods, anti-roll softly sprung, while Guerra's bars and differentials. There was on hard springs. Unfortu were a number of other detailed nately, after qualifying well, the Osella team had a bad race. O the Armco and fractured his left leg, while Gabbiani's car was



FITTIPALDI Fittipaldi-Ford F8C/3: Keke Rosberg (SF) Fittipaldi-Ford F8C/4: Chico Serra (BR)

Keke Rosberg's car was fitted with a hydro-pneumatic sus to be satisfactory, while both hi and Chico Serra's were fitted with new rear suspension, which broke on Serra's car on the Saturday. The Fittipaldi team gave the new Avon tyres their race debut and used the new English tyres throughout

with his car's handling, both drivers were delayed because of gine.



the exit and entrance to the p lane. Rosberg suggested the this was due to the smaller dia meter Avon tyres.

Sadly, Serra failed to qualify but the tanned Finn was well While Rosberg had problems on the grid, only to retire on the 15th lap with a damaged en



CANDY TOLEMAN Toleman-Hart TG 181/2: Brian Henton (GB) Toleman-Hart TG 181/1: Derek Warwick (GB)

This was the race where the Toleman cars were to make their debut, although few people in the team expected them to qualify. Weather had held up testing in England, and the unknown factors of tyres, engine and chassis had to be understood

The Toleman itself appears to be rather complicated around the rear end. The engine isn't a stressed member and is moun-

ted on two pods which extend backwards from the cockpit, un like other Grand Prix cars. These pods, plus various accessories and the heat exchangers appear to make the rear end aerodynamically untidy.

The Tolemans' main problem at Imola was the heat, and the lack of heat exchanging. The heat caused a small fire in Warwick's car on the Friday, but it was the insufficient heat exchanging which never allowed the engin to give full power. A cracked plug stopped Henton from prac tising on Saturday afternoor but both cars were well off the

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