## Wave packet

Consider a solution of the time-dependent Schrödinger-Equation in position space  $\psi_t = \psi(x,t)$  for a free particle of mass m in one dimension. Following relation holds:

$$\psi_t(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\mathrm{d}k}{2\pi} \varphi_t(k) e^{ikx}$$

with  $\varphi_t(k) = \phi(k)e^{-iE(k)t/\hbar}$  and  $\langle \phi | \phi \rangle = 1$ .

- (a) What is the relation between E(k) and k? (No complicated math required)
- (b) Show that the expectation value  $X(t) = \langle \psi_t | \hat{X} | \psi_t \rangle$  is:

$$X(t) = X(0) + tW$$

with

$$W = \frac{\hbar}{m} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathrm{d}k \phi^{\star}(k) k \phi(k).$$

Hint:  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dy e^{iby} = 2\pi \delta(b)$ .

(c) Show that for real  $\phi(k)$ : X(0) = 0.

## Solution attempts

(a) Since  $p = \hbar k$  and  $E = p^2/2m$  we can write E(k) as:

$$E(k) = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}.$$

(b) Using the definition of the expectation value, we obtain for X(t):

$$X(t) = \langle \psi_t | \hat{X} | \psi_t \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathrm{d}x \left( \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\mathrm{d}k}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \phi^{\star}(k) e^{iE(k)t/\hbar} e^{-ikx} \right) x \left( \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\mathrm{d}k}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \phi(k) e^{-iE(k)t/\hbar} e^{ikx} \right).$$